

**CENSUS OF INDIA
1981**

SERIES-15 : NAGALAND

**DISTRICT CENSUS
HANDBOOK**

**PART XIII - A
VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY**

And

**PART XIII - B
VILLAGE & TOWN
PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT**

And

**SCHEDULED TRIBES PRIMARY
CENSUS ABSTRACT**

ZUNHEBOTO DISTRICT

DANIEL KENT

of the Indian Frontier Administrative Service
**DIRECTOR OF CENSUS OPERATIONS
NAGALAND**

1981 CENSUS

List of Publications Nagaland

(All the publications of this state will bear series No. 15)

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT PUBLICATION

- | | | |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. Part I | Administration report for office use | |
| 2. Part II-A | General Population Tables
(A-series Tables) | |
| Part II-B | General Population Tables
(Primary Census Abstract) | |
| 3. Part III-A | General Economic Tables
(Tables B-1 to B-10) | |
| Part III-B | General Economic Tables
(B-II to B-22) | |
| 4. Part IV-A | Social & Cultural Tables
(Tables C-1 to C-6) | |
| Part IV-B | Social & Cultural Tables
(Tables C-7 to C-10) | |
| 5. Part V-A | Migration Tables
(Tables D-1 to D-4) | Not yet
Published |
| Part V-B | Migration Tables
(Tables D-5 to D-13) | |
| 6. Part VI-A | Fertility Tables
(Tables F-1 to F-19) | |
| Part VI-B | Fertility Tables
(Tables F-20 to F-28) | |
| 7. Part VII | Tables on houses and
disabled population
(Tables H-1 to H-2) | |
| 8. Part VIII-A | Household Tables
(Tables HH-1 to HH-16) | |
| Part VIII-B | Household Tables
(Tables HH-17 to HH-17 S. C. HH. S. T. | |
| 9. Part IX | SPL. Tables on S.C./S. T.
(Tables S. T-1 to S. T.-9) | |

- | | | | |
|-----|----------|------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 10. | Part-X-A | Town directory | |
| | Part X-B | Survey reports on Villages and Towns | |
| | Part-X-C | Survey reports on selected Villages. | Not yet Published |
| 11. | Part XI | Enthrographic notes and special studies on S. C. and S. T. | |
| 12. | Part XII | Census Atlas | |

STATE GOVERNMENT PUBLICATION

District Census Handbook

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------------|
| 13. | Part XIII-A | Village and town directory | } combined | Present publication for Zunheboto District |
| | Part XIII-B | Village wise/urban wardwise Primary Census Abstract. | | |

Note : Depending on the size there may be sub-parts to some of the parts or some parts may be combined together.

CONTENTS

	Pages
1. Foreword	ix
2. Preface	xi
3. Acknowledgement	xii
4. Administrative map of the district	xiii
5. Chart showing circle wise distribution of population	xv
6. Chart showing percentage of different categories of workers and non-workers	xvi
7. Important statistics	xvii
8. Analytical note	1
Definition and concepts (1) Brief history of the district and District Census Handbook (4) Physical aspects, highlights on the changes in jurisdiction of the district (5) Major characteristics of the district in relation to economic resources (7) Brief analysis of Inset Tables (10)	...
9. Inset tables on Village and Town directory.	
Table 1 :- Distribution of villages according to the availability of different amenities	6
Table 2 :- Proportion of rural population served by different amenities	7
Table 3 :- Distribution of villages not having certain amenities arranged by distance ranges from the places where these are available	7
Table 4 :- Distribution of villages according to the distance from the nearest town and availability of different amenities	8
Table 5 :- Distribution of villages according to population range and amenities available	8
Table 6 :- Main staple food in the majority of villages in each circle	9
Table 7 :- Growth, density and sex-ratio of urban population in the district in relation to the state	9
Table 8 :- New towns/town declassified in 1981 Census	20
Table 9 :- Per capita receipt and expenditure in towns	20
Table 10 :- Schools per ten thousand population in towns	21

Table 11 :- No. of bed in medical institutions in towns	...	...	21
Table 12 :- Most important commodity manufactured, imported and exported in towns			22

10. Inset tables based on PCA data

Table 13 :- Population, number of villages and towns, 1981	...	...	22
Table 14 :- Decadal change in distribution of population	...	...	23
Table 15 :- Distribution of villages by population ranges	...	...	23
Table 16 :- Proportion of scheduled tribe population to total population in the villages			24
Table 17 :- Proportion of scheduled castes/tribe population in towns	...	...	24
Table 18 :- Literacy rates by population ranges of villages	...	...	25
Table 19 :- Literacy rates for towns	...	...	25
Table 20 :- Literates, workers, non-workers, scheduled caste/tribe population in the district			26

11. Part-A Village and Town Directory

Section-I-Village Directory

Satakha Circle :—

i) Notes explaining the codes used in Village Directory	...	...	31
ii) Map	...	...	33
iii) Alphabetical list of villages	...	...	35
iv) Village Directory	...	...	36

Satoi Circle :—

i) Map	...	...	39
ii) Alphabetical list of villages	...	...	41
iii) Village Directory	...	...	42

Aghumato Circle :—

i) Map	...	...	45
ii) Alphabetical list of villages	...	...	47
iii) Village Directory	...	...	48

Asuto Circle :—

i) Map	...	...	53
ii) Alphabetical list of villages	...	...	55
iii) Village Directory	...	...	56

Suruhoto Circle :—		
i) Map	...	59
ii) Alphabetical list of villages	...	61
iii) Village Directory	...	62
Zunheboto Sadar Circle :—		
i) Map	...	65
ii) Alphabetical list of villages	...	67
iii) Village Directory	...	68
Atoizu Circle :—		
i) Map	...	71
ii) Alphabetical list of villages	...	73
iii) Village Directory	...	74
Akuluto Circle :—		
i) Map	...	79
ii) Alphabetical list of villages	...	81
iii) Village Directory	...	82
V. K. Circle :—		
i) Map	...	85
ii) Alphabetical list of villages	...	87
iii) Village Directory	...	88
12. Appendices (I-IV) to the Village Directory :		
Appendix I :— Circlewise abstract of educational, medical and other amenities		90
Appendix II :— Land utilisation data in respect of Census towns	...	92
Appendix III :— List of villages where no amenities available	...	92
Appendix IV :— List of villages according to the proportion of scheduled castes/tribes to the total population by ranges	...	93
13. Section-II-Town Directory		
Notes explaining codes used in Town Directory	...	97
Town Directory Statements :—		
Statement-I-Status and growth history	...	98
Statement-II-Physical aspects and location of towns, 1979	...	98
Statement-III-Municipal Finance, 1978-1979	...	100

Statement-IV-Civic and other amenities, 1979	...	...	100
Statement-V-Medical, Educational, Recreational and Cultural facilities, 1979	...	...	102
Statement-VI-Trade, Commerce, Industry and Banking, 1979	...	...	102
14. Part-B-Primary Census Abstract :			
Fly leaf to Primary Census Abstract	...	...	107
District Primary Census Abstract	...	...	110
Village PCA of Satakha Circle	...	...	112
Village PCA of Satoi Circle	...	...	114
Village PCA of Aghunato Circle	...	...	116
Village PCA of Asuto Circle	...	...	118
Village PCA of Suruhoto Circle	...	...	120
Village PCA of Zunheboto Sadar Circle	...	...	122
Village PCA of Atoizu Circle	...	...	124
Village PCA of Akuluto Circle	...	...	126
Village PCA of V. K. Circle	...	...	128
Urban PCA of Zunheboto Town	...	...	130
Appendix to urban PCA of Zunheboto Town	...	...	132
District primary PCA for scheduled tribes	...	...	134

NOTE FOR MAPS

“The district and circle maps included in this publication are according to the Deputy Commissioner of Zunheboto District”.

FOREWORD

The District Census Handbook (DCH), compiled by the Census Organisation on behalf of the state government, is one of the most valuable products of the Census. The DCH is constantly referred to by planners, administrators, academicians and researchers. It is inter-alia used for delimitation of constituencies, formulation of local level and regional plans and as an aid to district administration. The District Census Handbook is the only publication which provides Primary Census Abstract (PCA) data up to village level for the rural areas and wardwise for each city or town. It also provides data on infrastructure and amenities in villages and towns, etc.

The District Census handbook series was initiated during the 1951 Census. It contained important census tables and PCA for each village and town of the district. During 1961 Census the scope of the DCH was enlarged and it contained a descriptive account of the district, administrative statistics, census tables and a village and town directory, including PCA. The 1971 DCH series was planned in three parts. Part-A relates to village and town directory, Part-B to village and town PCA and Part-C comprised analytical report, administrative statistics, district census tables and certain analytical tables based on PCA and amenity data in respect of villages. However, in some states it was confined to district census tables and in a few cases altogether given up due to delay in compilation and printing.

While designing the format of 1981 DCH series some new features alongwith the restructuring of the formats of village and town directory have been attempted. At the same time, comparability with the 1971 data has also kept in view. All the amenities except power supply in the village have been brought together in the village directory with the instruction that in case an amenity is not available in the referent village the distance in broad ranges from the nearest place where the amenity is available may be given. The restructuring of the format of the village directory and incorporating more exhaustive data on infrastructure aspect particularly in relation to amenities and landuse pattern is expected to further meet the need of micro level planning for rural areas. It is expected to help not only in local area planning but regulating the provision of goods and services as well so as to minimise the regional imbalances in the process of development. A few new items of information have also been introduced to meet some of the requirements of the revised Minimum Needs Programme. Such new items of information as adult literacy centres, primary health sub-centres, and community health workers in the village have been introduced in the village directory with this objective in mind. The new item on approach to the village is to have an idea about the villages in the district which are inaccessible. A new column, "total population and number of households" has been introduced to examine the correlation of the amenities with the population and number of households they served. Addition of two more appendices listing the villages where no amenities are available and according to the proportion of scheduled castes scheduled tribes population to the total population has also been made with this view in mind.

The formats of the town directory have also been modified to meet the requirements of Minimum Needs Programme by providing information on a few new items. A few statement on civic and other amenities in slums in Class-I and Class-II towns (Statement-IV-A) has been introduced with this objective in mind. It is expected that this will help the planners to chalk out programmes on provision of civic amenities for the improvement of slums. The columns on scheduled castes and scheduled tribes population in statement-IV relating to civic and other amenities and adult literacy classes/centre under educational

facilities in statement-V are also added inter-alia with this view. A significant addition is class of town in all the seven statements of the town directory. The infrastructure of amenities in urban areas of the country can be best analysed by taking the class of towns into consideration. The addition of the columns on civic administration status and population in a few statements also serves this purpose.

The format of primary census abstract for the villages and towns has been formulated in the light of changes in the economic and other questions canvassed through the individual slip of 1981 Census.

In order to avoid delay in publication of 1981 DCH series it has been so designed that Part-A of the volume contains village and town directory and Part-B the PCA of villages and towns including the scheduled castes and scheduled tribes PCA up to tahsil/town levels. At the beginning of the DCH a detailed analytical note supported by a number of inset tables based on PCA and non census data in relation to the infrastructure has been introduced to enhance its value. The district and tahsil/ police station/C.D. Block etc. level maps depicting the boundaries and other important features have been inserted at appropriate places, to further enhance the value of the publication.

This publication is a joint venture of the state government and the census organisation. The data have been collected and compiled in the state under the direction of Shri Daniel Kent, the Director of Census Operations, Nagaland on behalf of the state government which has borne the cost of printing. The task of planning, designing and co-ordination of this publication was carried out by Shri N. G. Nag, Deputy Registrar General (Social Studies) of my Office. Dr. B. K. Roy, Deputy Registrar General (Map) provided the technical guidance in the preparation of the maps. Data received from Census Directorates have been scrutinised in the Social Studies Division at the headquarters under the guidance of Shri M. M. Dua, Senior Research Officer. I am thankful to all who have contributed in this project.

New Delhi
the 26th April, 1982

P. PADMANABHA
Registrar General, India.

P R E F A C E.

The District Census Handbooks were introduced for the first time in the 1961 Census in India, but so far as Nagaland is concerned the same were brought out in 1971 Census for the first time. The District Census Handbooks in 1971 Census were published in three parts namely, A, B and C. These were found very useful and valuable source of various information to the planners, researchers, legislators, public bodies and the general public. I have the pleasure to bring out the District Census Handbooks of 1981 Census for all the districts of Nagaland one by one, which will serve as a valuable source of information. Part-A and B are combined in the same volume.

This volume will give the over all picture of the district at a glance under the heading "Important Statistics". The analytical note contains number of inset tables based on the village directory, town directory and the PCA. Part-A provides the village directory and town directory alongwith the tables on administrative, welfare and developmental statistics of the district. Part-B of this report consists of the Primary Census Abstract of the general population and scheduled tribe population for the state/district/circle and village, for towns, the PCA is given up to the block level and table are based on PCA data.

I am deeply grateful to the state Government for their overwhelming help and co-operation in bringing out this publication in time. The data incorporated in this volume are mainly collected by the enumerators/supervisors who formed an army of enumeration agency under efficient leadership of the Deputy Commissioners who were notified as Principal Census Officers, and, DPO, Zunheboto as District Census Officer, Addl. Deputy Commissioners in charge of sub-divisions and sub-divisional Officers (Civil) as Sub-Divisional Census Officers and Extra Assistant Commissioners and Circle Officers as Charge Officers. I am grateful to Shri Z. Obed, I.A.S, the then Chief Secretary to the Government of Nagaland who showed enthusiastic interest in all the matters relating to Census of 1981.

I express my debt of gratitude to the Census Commissioner and the Registrar General, India Shri P. Padmanabha, I.A.S, who was a constant source of guidance and inspiration, The painstaking Deputy Registrar General (C & T) Shri K. K. Chakravorty (since retired) also helped us to get all the tables checked with accuracy. The DRG (Map) of Registrar General's Office Dr. B. K. Roy rendered his valuable guidance in preparation of the maps for this publication.

The 1981 Census was organised in this state under the Directorship of Shri Daniel Kent, I. F. A. S, who despite his multifarious responsibilities in the state Government, devoted his whole hearted attention in his capacity as an Ex-Officio Director. I am indeed indebted to him for his seasoned guidance to me for sharing the census work with him. My thanks are also due to the then Deputy Directors, Shri A. C. Bal, Shri S. K. Chattopadhyay, Shri N. Thong and the then Assistant Directors, Shri N. C. Sarkar and his successor Shri J. C. Datta who jointly shared the brunt of the field work to make the 1981 Census a great success in the state of Nagaland.

I shall be failing in my duties if I do not place on record my sincere thanks to the Station Director, all India Radio, Kohima and his colleagues who helped in making wide publicity through this media during the actual operations. My thanks are due to the Controller of Printing and Stationery, Nagaland, Kohima and his colleagues who helped in printing this report by taking personal interest.

Last but not the least my thanks are due to Mrs. E. Peseyie, Tabulation officer who took all the pains to draft and shape this report alongwith her other colleagues in this Directorate under my guidance.

Dated Kohima, the
16th May, 1984.

G. S. PABLA
Asstt. Director Of Census Operations (T)
Nagaland, Kohima

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Data Processing

E. Peseyie (Mrs)	Tabulation Officer
D. C. Pathak	Tabulation Officer
A. Jahan	.....	Tabulation Officer
H. K. Endow	.....	Statistical Asstt.
D. Sarma	.....	Statistical Asstt.
Z. Nisa	.....	Statistical Asstt.
C. Gupta	.....	Computer
G. Das (Mrs)	.....	Computer
K. G. K. Pillai	.....	Computer

Analysis of Data

E. Peseyie (Mrs)	Tabulation Officer
------------------	-------	--------------------

Maps and Diagrams

J. Rai Baruah	.....	Sr. Artist
I. Tali Ao	.....	Geographer

Typing

S. Chaudhury (Mrs)
T. Rutsa (Mrs)

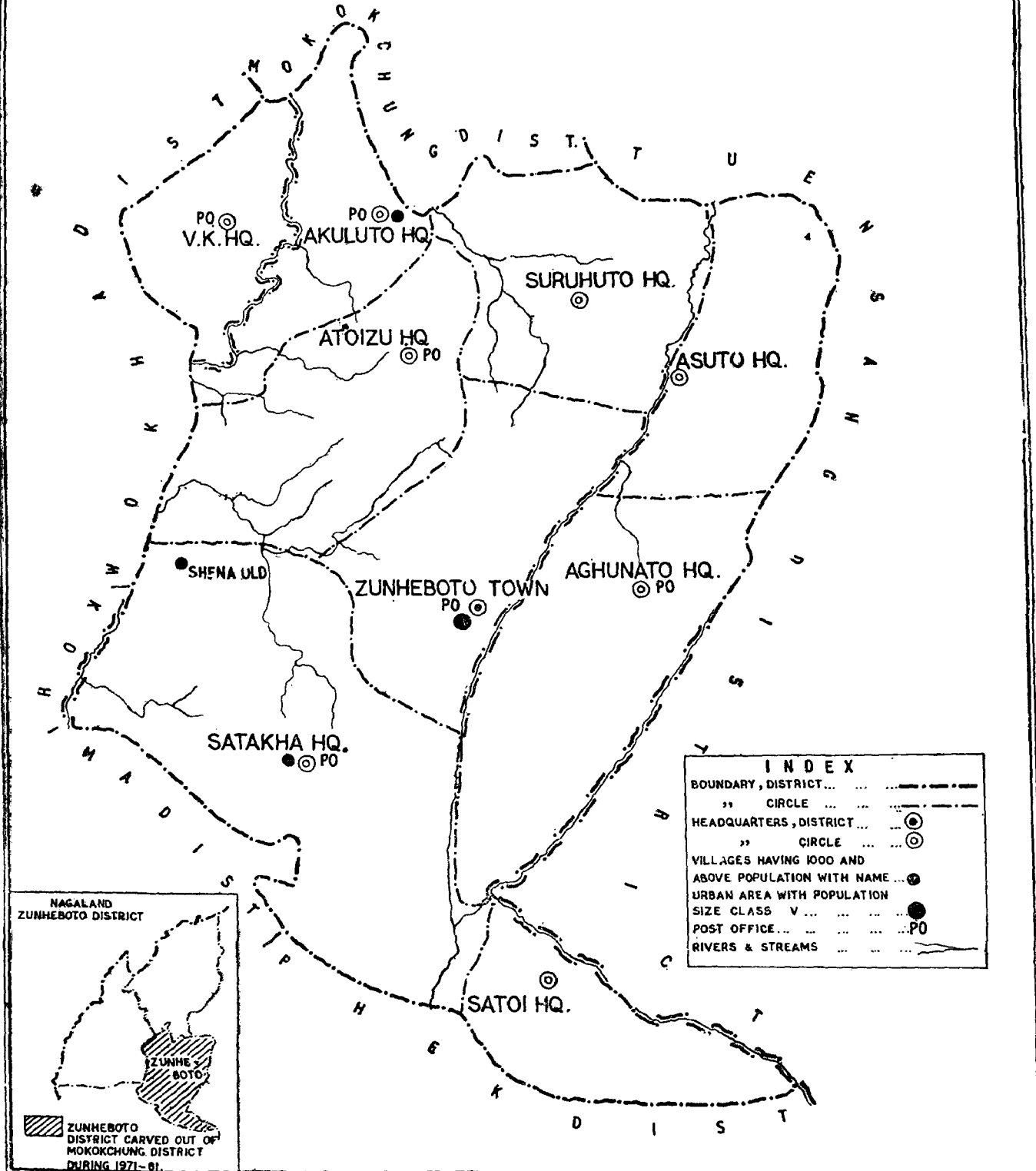
Printing Supervision

D. C. Pathak	Tabulation Officer
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Proof Reading

D. C. Pathak	Tabulation Officer
Lney Kent (Miss)	Proof Reader

NAGALAND ZUNHEBOTO DISTRICT

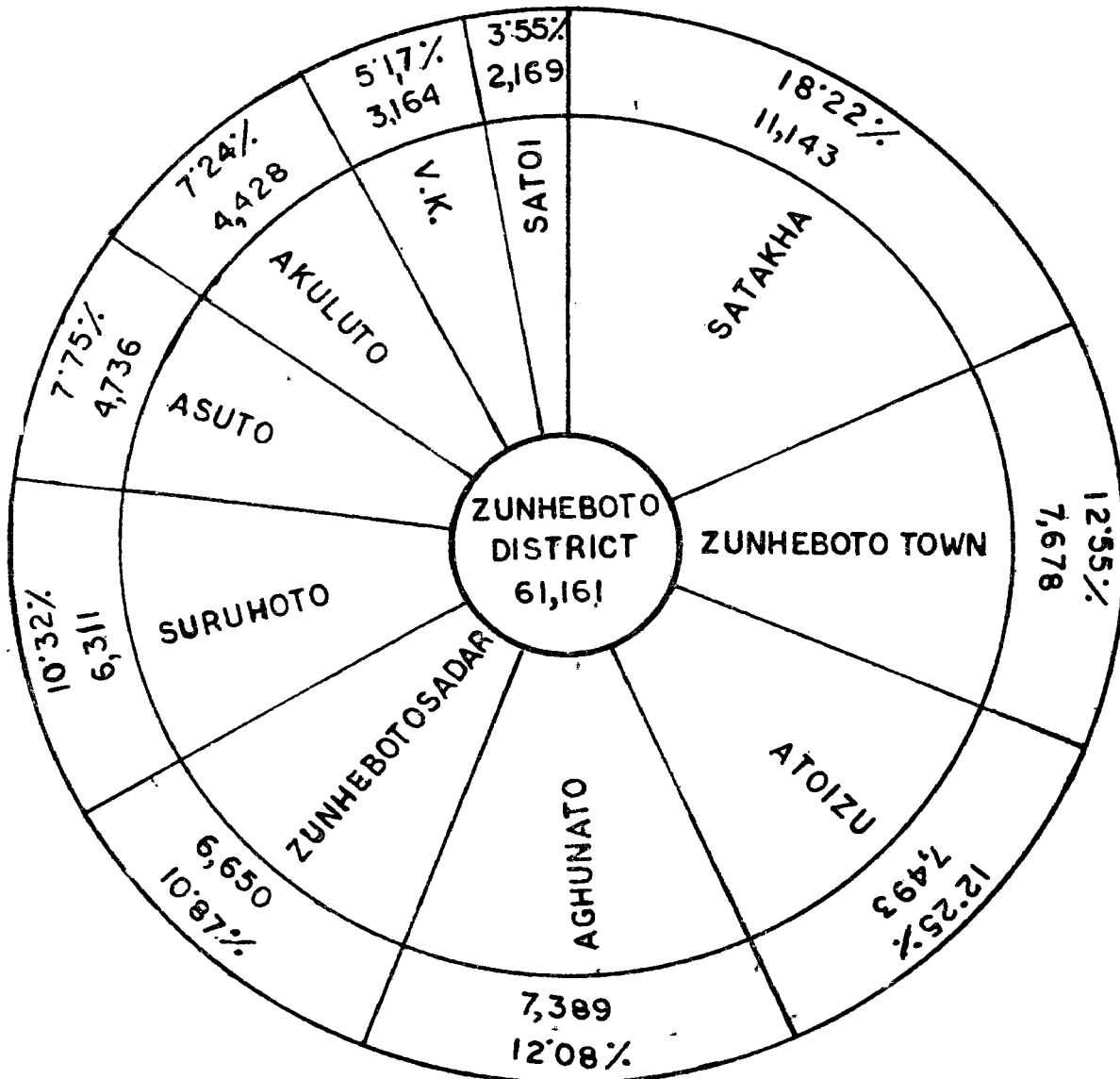


INDEX	
BOUNDARY, DISTRICT	--- · · · · ·
" CIRCLE	○
HEADQUARTERS, DISTRICT	⊙
" CIRCLE	⊙
VILLAGES HAVING 1000 AND ABOVE POPULATION WITH NAME	●
URBAN AREA WITH POPULATION SIZE CLASS V	●
POST OFFICE	PO
RIVERS & STREAMS	~~~~~

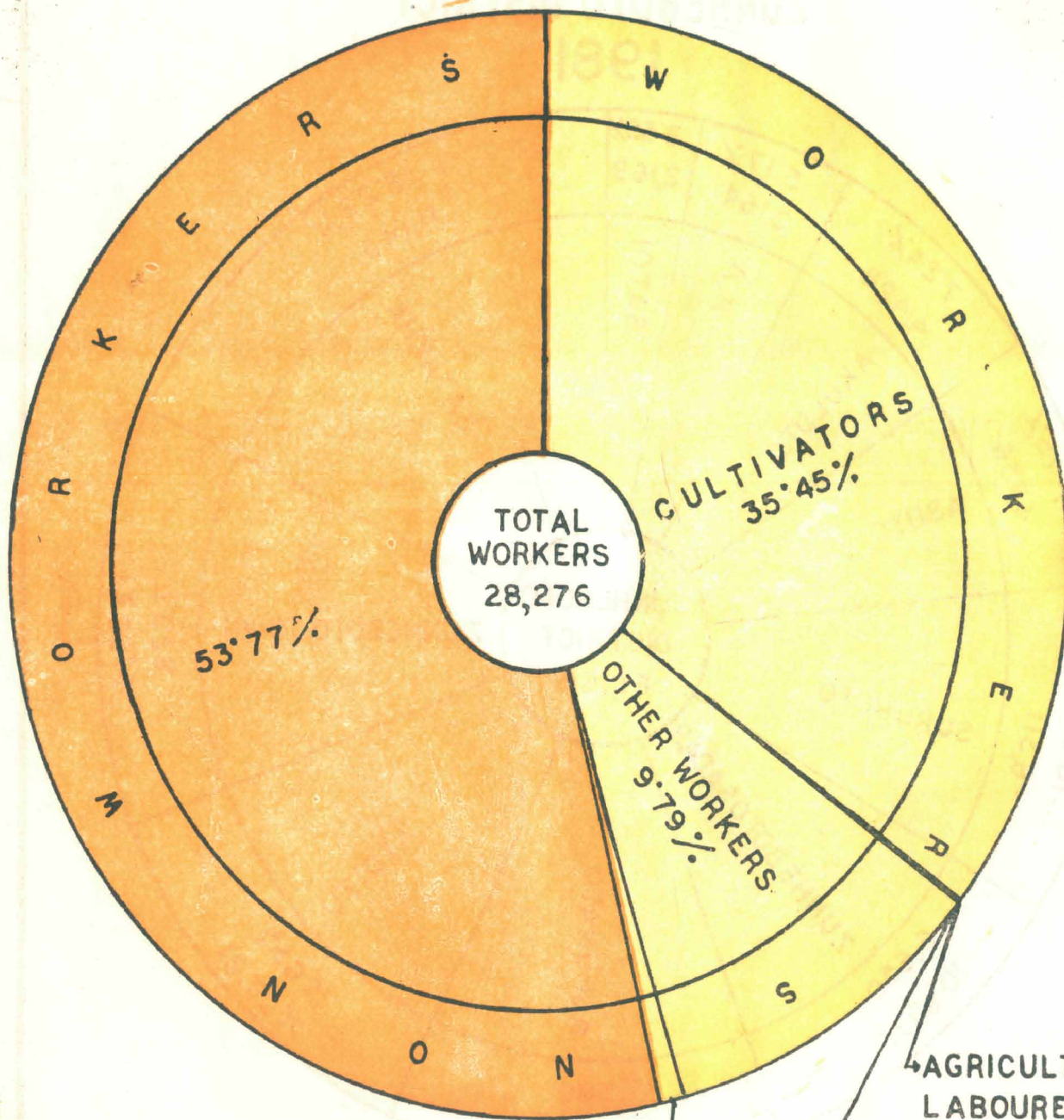
NAGALAND
ZUNHEBOTO DISTRICT

ZUNHEBOTO DISTRICT CARVED OUT OF MOKOKCHUNG DISTRICT DURING 1971-81.

CIRCLEWISE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION ZUNHEBOTO DISTRICT 1981



PERCENTAGE OF DIFFERENT CATEGORIES
 OF WORKERS & NON-WORKERS
 ZUNHEBOTO DISTRICT
 1981



MARGINAL WORKERS - 0.60%

AGRICULTURAL LABOURERS - 0.16%

HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY - 0.17%

IMPORTANT STATISTICS

		State : Nagaland	District : Zunheboto
POPULATION Total	Persons	774,930	61,161
	Males	415,910	31,136
	Females	359,020	30,025
Rural	Persons	654,696	53,483
	Males	344,699	26,662
	Females	309,997	26,821
Urban	Persons	120,234	7,678
	Males	71,211	4,474
	Females	49,023	3,204
DECENNIAL POPULATION GROWTH RATE 1971-1981		+50.05	29.87
AREA (sq. km)		16,579.00	1,255.00
DENSITY OF POPULATION (per sq. km)		47	49
SEX RATIO (Number of females per 1000 males)		863	964
LITERACY RATE	Persons	42.67	45.59
	Males	50.05	52.82
	Females	38.89	38.09
PERCENTAGE OF URBAN POPULATION TO TOTAL POPULATION		15.52	12.55
PERCENTAGE TO TOTAL POPULATION			
(i) Main workers	Persons	47.53	45.57
	Males	51.91	47.30
	Females	42.45	43.79
(ii) Marginal workers	Persons	0.70	0.66
	Males	0.66	0.62
	Females	0.75	0.70
(iii) Non-workers	Persons	51.77	53.77
	Males	47.43	52.08
	Females	56.80	55.51

BREAK-UP OF MAIN WORKERS :
 PERCENTAGE AMONG MAIN
 WORKERS

(i) Cultivators	Persons	72.29	77.79
	Males	57.01	63.22
	Females	93.92	94.13
(ii) Agricultural labourers	Persons	0.81	0.35
	Males	1.15	0.36
	Females	0.32	0.34
(iii) Household Industry	Persons	0.40	0.37
	Males	0.45	0.39
	Females	0.33	0.34
(iv) Other worker	Persons	26.51	21.49
	Males	41.99	36.03
	Females	5.43	5.19
PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED CASTES POPULATION TO THE TOTAL POPULATION	Persons	...	...
	Males	...	...
	Females	...	...
PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION TO THE TOTAL POPULATION	Persons	83.99	95.24
	Males	80.05	93.01
	Females	88.56	97.55
NUMBER OF OCCUPIED RESIDENTIAL HOUSES		149,391	11,517
NUMBER OF VILLAGES	Total	1,119	155
	Inhabited	1,112	155
	Uninhabited	7	...
NUMBER OF TOWNS		7	1

ANALYTICAL NOTE

Definition and concepts :— In order to understand the meaning of words used in the analysis of data in this publication, it would be necessary to briefly explain the census concepts and definitions of various words and phrases used herein :—

Urban area :— The census definition of an urban area is given as below :—

- a) All places with a municipality, corporation, cantonment board or notified area committee, etc.
- b) All other places which satisfy the following criteria :—
 - (i) a minimum population of 5,000,
 - (ii) atleast 75% of the male working population engaged in non-agricultural pursuit and.
 - (iii) a density of population atleast 400 persons per km² (i. e. 1000 per sq. mile.)

The class of the town in terms of population is categorised according to the following procedure :—

1. class I — with a population of 100,000 and above,
2. class II — with a population from 50,000 to 99,999
3. class III — with a population from 20,000 to 49,999
4. class IV — with a population from 10,000 to 19,999
5. class V — with a population from 5,000 to 9,999
6. class VI — with a population less than 5,000

Rural :— The cadastrally surveyed village with fixed boundaries is taken as a village for the purpose of census in plain areas. In the hill areas, a village is considered to be a collection of houses with certain boundaries having a separate name traditionally recognised by the villagers.

Census House :— A "Census House" is a building or part of a building having a separate main entrance from the road or common courtyard or staircase, etc., used or recognised as a separate unit. It may be occupied or vacant, it may be used for a residential or non-residential purpose or both.

Household :— A household is a group of persons who commonly live together and would take their meals from a common kitchen unless the exigencies of work prevents any of them from doing so. There may be a household of persons related by blood or a household of unrelated person or having a mix of both. Example of unrelated households are boarding houses, messes, hostels, rescue homes, jails, etc, which are called "Institutional households". There may be one member households, two member households or multi-member households. For census purposes, each one of these types is regarded as a household.

Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribes :— There is no scheduled caste in the state of Nagaland as per the Constitution (Nagaland) Scheduled Tribe Order 1970. The Scheduled tribes listed in the Constitution which is also adopted in 1981 census are as follows :—

- 1) Naga
- 2) Kuki
- 3) Kachari
- 4) Mikir and
- 5) Garo

It may be noted here that the term 'Naga' is a common name of the community as a whole, As many as sixteen sub-tribes have been recorded in the 1981 census under the heading "Naga" which are listed below :—

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| i) Angami | ix) Makware |
| ii) Ao | x) Phom |
| iii) Chakhesang | xi) Rengma |
| iv) Chang | xii) Sangtam |
| v) Chirr | xiii) Sema |
| vi) Khiemnungan | xiv) Tikhir |
| vii) Konyak | xv) Yimchunger |
| viii) Lotha | xvi) Zeliang |

Literate :— A person who can both read and write with understanding in any language is taken to be literate. A person who can merely read but can not write, is not literate. It is not necessary that a person who is literate should have received any formal education or should pass any minimum educational standard. All children of the age of 4 years or less are to be treated as illiterate even if the child is going to school and may have picked up reading and writing a few odd words.

Workers :— A worker is a person whose main activity is participation in any economically productive work physically or mentally. Work involves not only actual work but effective supervision and direction of work. The following points are also taken into consideration to treat a person as a worker during 1981 census :—

- i) A person who normally works but has been absent from work during the reference period (i.e. during the last one year prior to the date of enumeration) on account of illness, holidays, temporary closure, strikes, etc. is treated as engaged in the work he/she would otherwise have been doing but for his/her temporary absence.
- ii) Persons under training such as apprentices with or without stipends or wages are treated as workers.
- iii) A person who has merely been offered work but has not actually joined yet is a worker.
- iv) A fulltime public service or a fulltime political worker, who is also actively engaged in furthering the political activity of his/her party is treated as a worker.

Workers are further divided into two categories, viz, main workers and marginal workers.

Main Workers :— If a person has done any work at all during the year, he is regarded as a worker. The main worker and the marginal worker is identified by the number of days he/she had been engaged in the economic and productive work during the year. If a person has done such work for 6 months or 183 days or more during the reference period (i.e. during the last one year prior to the date of enumeration) he is regarded as a main worker.

The person who is main worker may have worked for six months or 183 days or more in more than one activity. For example he/she may have worked for 3 months in cultivation, one month in gur making and 3 months as an agricultural labourer.

When main activity of a person qualifies him to be treated as a worker he/she is further categorised according to the type of work he/she performs viz, cultivator, agricultural labourer, household industry and other work. The terms are explained below :—

Cultivator :— For the purposes of census a person is working as a cultivator if he/she is engaged either as employer, single worker or family worker in cultivation of land owned or held from the Government or held from private person or institutions for payment of money in kind or share. Cultivation includes supervision or direction of cultivation. If a person gives out his land to another person for cultivation for money or share of crops and who does not even supervise or direct cultivation of land is not treated as cultivator.

Agricultural labourer :— A person working in another person's land for wages is not treated as cultivator but he is treated as an agricultural labourer.

Household industry :— A person is said to be engaged in household industry if he/she is engaged in some productive, processing servicing or repair of articles or goods such as handloom, weaving, dyeing, carpentry, bidi rolling, pottery making, bicycle repairing, blacksmithy, tailoring, etc, and if it is conducted by the head of the household at home or within the village in the rural areas and only within the precincts of the house where the household lives in the urban areas. The industry should not be run on a scale of a registered factory.

Other worker :— All workers, i.e., those who have been engaged in some economic activity who are not cultivators or agricultural labourers or engaged in household industry are "other worker".

Marginal worker :— If a person has worked any time, but has not worked for the major part of the year he is treated as a marginal worker. He may be a student or engaged in household duties or, dependent or rentier or beggar or inmate of institution, such as prisoner.

Non-worker :— Non-worker is a person who is not engaged in any economically productive work. Non-workers are categorised under seven broad heads namely, household duties, students, rentiers and retired persons, dependents, beggars and inmate of institutions.

BRIEF HISTORY OF THE DISTRICT AND DISTRICT CENSUS HAND BOOKS

Zunheboto is one of the present seven districts of Nagaland. Formerly Nagaland had only three districts, such as Kohima, Mokokchung and Tuensang. Later, in December 1973, it was divided into seven-Kohima was divided into two, such as Kohima and Phek, Mokokchung into three such as Mokokchung, Wokha and Zunheboto and Tuensang was divided into two such as Tuensang and Mou. Zunheboto district is 1255.00 square kilometre in area, out of which 1252.00 sq. km. is rural and 3.00 sq. km. is urban.

The population of Zunheboto district is 61,161 out of which 53,483 persons live in rural area and 7,678 persons live in the urban area of the district. Out of the total population of the district 58,249 persons are Scheduled Tribes, 52,466 persons live in the rural area and 5,783 persons live in urban area of the district.

Origin of the name of the district

After the second world war there was a great awakening for education among the Nagas and so also among the Sentas, the major tribe of the district. As a result several primary schools, middle schools, were opened all over Naga Hills and also schools were opened in a place which is now known as Zunheboto town. When the schools were set up it was necessary to give a name to the place. The people did not want to give any old name which might show favouritism to any particular village or clan. To avoid this difficulty they decided to name it after the plants which grow abundantly there. The name of the plant is "Zunhebo" and so the place was named Zunheboto meaning the range of Zunhebo plants. "Zunhebo" is a kind of flowering shrub, bearing flowers during winter. Its leaf is green on the obverse and whitish hairy on the reverse. Later, Zunheboto was made a sub-division, and in 1973 it became a district and Zunheboto became the name of the district.

Zunheboto district has 9 (nine) rural circles and only one town. The name of circles and circle-wise population are given below :-

1. Satakha	...	11,143
2. Satoi	...	2,169
3. Aghunato	...	7,389
4. Asuto	...	4,736
5. Sujukboto	...	6,311
6. Zunheboto sadar	...	6,650
7. Atoizu	...	7,493
8. Akuloto	...	4,428
9. V. K.	...	3,164
10. Zunheboto town	...	7,678

Census in Nagaland

The census of 1961 was the tenth decennial census of India and 2nd after the Independence.

The census taking in Nagaland during 1961 census was not smooth but a successful one. But due to delay the District census Hand Book could not be published.

The District census Handbooks of three districts were published in 1971 in three parts separately such as Parts A, B and C, which were found very useful reference books pertaining to the district for administrators and planners of the state machinery which helped in the developmental purpose in the district.

In 1981 census also efforts have been put in to publish the DCHBs for all the present seven districts in wide range and uniform manner, which will fulfill the demands of statistical bodies of the state government and the local bodies.

To avoid delay the Parts A and B are being combined in the same volume and publication of DCH Part-C of 1971 census has been omitted in 1981 census. Thus the present volume of DCHB will bring out the village/town Directory in Part-A and town/village Primary Census Abstracts in Part-B.

The scope of Parts A and B are explained briefly below :—

Scope of Part-A

The District Census Handbook Part-A contains the village and town directory and numbers of inset tables based on the village and town directory data.

The village directory reveals the general living conditions of peasantry and the over all development that has taken place in the district during the decade. The amenities available within each village in the field of education, medical, drinking water, communication, post and telegraph facilities have been given in columns 5 to 10 of this directory. Besides, the informations relating to distance from the nearest town, staple food, power supply, approach to the village by pucca road, etc., are also given in columns 11 to 14. This directory also gives the information regarding the landuse in hectares. Although the villages in Nagaland are not cadastrally surveyed, the approximate area of different types of landuse in the village are being presented in columns 15-20. All the possible efforts have been made to record the places of religious, historical or archaeological interests, if any, for each village in column 21 of this directory.

Four numbers of appendices which have been prepared on the basis of village directory and PCA data are also incorporated in this volume with brief explanation.

Appendix-I— This appendix shows circlewise abstract of educational, medical and other amenities.

Appendix-II— This appendix deals with the land utilisation data in respect of non-municipal towns (census towns). There is only one town in Zunheboto district whose civic status is C.T. (Census town).

Appendix-III— This appendix relates to the list of villages where no amenities are available. There are four villages in Asuto circle where none of the amenities like educational, medical, drinking water, communication, post and telegraph, approach by pucca road and power supply is available.

Appendix-IV :— It relates to the list of villages according to the proportion of Scheduled Tribes to the total population by ranges.

Scope of Part-B

Physical Aspects : Highlight on the changes in jurisdiction of the district during the decade including its boundaries :—

Zunheboto district was one of the three sub-divisions of Mokokchung district till 1971 Census. But in December 1973 the whole sub-division of Zunheboto, consisting 147 villages, was bifurcated from Mokokchung district and created the new district of Zunheboto alongwith 8 new villages and 1 town.

The total area of the district is 1,255 sq. kms. out of which 1,252.00 sq. kms. is rural and 3.00 sq. kms. is urban.

The district has 155 inhabited villages. There are 9 (nine) rural circles and one town and they are 1. Satakha circle, 2. Satoi circle, 3. Aghunato circle, 4. Asuto circle, 5) Suruhoto circle, 6. Zunheboto sadar circle, 7. Atoizu circle, 8. Akuluto circle, 9. V. K. circle, and 10. Zunheboto town. Zunheboto district is bounded by Mokokchung district on the north, Tuensang district on the east, Phek district on the south and Wokha district on the west.

The district is hilly. The hills vary from 1000 to 2500 metres and the average height of the district is 1800 metres. Most of the people live between 1500 and 2000 metres of altitude.

River system :— The most important river of Zunheboto district is Doyang which has originated in Japfu mountain in the south, in Angami area, and has flows northward Sema area, then southward in Lotha area and has fallen to Dhansiri in Sibsagar district of Assam. Dhansiri has joined Brahmaputra which in turn has joined Padma in Bangladesh has fallen to the Bay of Bengal. There are two other rivers also one of them is Tizu which has risen in the north in Tuensang district and has flown southward through this district and joined Ti-Ho which has joined Chinduin of Burma. The other river is Tita. It has risen in the north-east, and has drained the eastern part of the district and joined Tizu.

Flora :— The average altitude of Zunheboto district is 1800 metres. The temperature is low keeping it cool throughout the year and making it cooler during winter.

At this climate, and with the 200 cm. of rainfall is quite sufficient for the evergreen vegetation. Zunheboto district consists of both deciduous and evergreen forests. The important tree species are Champa, Bonsum, Amari, Sam, Simul, Gamari, Anu, Hollock, Gogra, Walnut, Jamuk, Urium, Bogipoma, Koroi, Khokan, Jia, Poma and Hilikha.

Fauna :— Major part of the district being covered by forests and jungle it is natural that there will be lots of animal life. The following birds and animals are found in the forests and jungles of the district :—

Birds :—

Common name	Zoological name
1) White Vulture	Neophon Percnopterus
2) Black Partridge	Françolinus
3) Grey partridge	Françolinus pondicerianus
4) Common peafowl	Pavo Cristatus
5) Common green pigeon	Treron phoenicoptera
6) Blue rock pigeon	Columba livia
7) Spotted dove	Streptopelia chinensis
8) Common babbler	Turdoides Candatus.

Animals :— (1) Wild Boar, (2) Barking deer, (3) Black bear, (4) Wild goat, (5) Wild Cat, (6) Porcupine, (7) RoyalBengal Tiger, (8) Jackal, (9) Monkey, (10) Leopard, (11) Wolf, (12) Wild dog, (13) Pangolin, etc. etc.

Climate :— Zunheboto enjoys monsoon climate, winter is cold and summer is rather cool. In winter the night temperature comes down to 1°c in January and February which are the coldest months and the highest summer temperature is 22°c.

Rainfall is on the average 2000 mm and falls for the period of nine months of the year, heaviest in July and August. Frost falls in Aghunato, Zunheboto town and several other places but not everywhere in the district.

Major characteristics of the district particularly in relation to the economic resources :—

Most of the people in the district are cultivators and those who are not cultivators are engaged in government services or business, but yet they also cultivate the land though not for full time. Other industries having not grown up so much most of the works are land based, that is, they are either cultivators or agricultural labourers. The cultivators who entirely depend on cultivation for their livelihood constitute 35.45 percent of the total population.

Zunheboto district does not have many economic resources of its own but the people of the district get the requirements of their livelihood from the following local resources :—

Forest and forest product :— Forest cover about 30 percent of total area of Zunheboto district excluding jhum land.

From the forests, such as unclassified and jhum land, the people get all sorts of building materials such as timber, round wood posts, thatch, bamboo, cane, etc. as well as fire wood, honey, fodder, etc.

The valuable trees grown in the forest of the district are Champa, Bonsum, Amari, Sam, Hollock, Urium, Bogipoma Khokan and Hilikha which are good for building construction. Some trees which are commercially used for plywood, match boxes, match splint, packing cases, ceilings, toys, planking, etc. are Simul, Am, Gogra, Khokan, etc. etc.

Mineral Occurances :—No particular minerals have yet been discovered in the district. However, it is believed that like other parts of Nagaland, petroleum and coal may be available in this district also.

Land and Landuse pattern :—All the lands belong to the villagers, except a small portion of forest as reserve or protected forests. Since the land belongs to the villagers, there is no patta or rawayati system. Individual holding is there and such lands occasionally change hands, but generally remain within the village, because there is a strong opposition from the villagers to sell any land outside the village. When an individual holding passes from one hand to others it is used to be verbally done in presence of responsible witnesses. Nowadays sales are done in writing and only in case of urban and costly property the sales are registered in court.

Agriculture :—As in other hilly places, jhum cultivation is done in this district. Jhum cultivation is the main form of cultivation. Under the system of jhum an area selected for cultivation is cleared of its shrubs and undergrowth. Then the smaller trees are also felled, but the big trees are not. Branches of the trees are slashed so that the trees do not die and can bear fruits for its propagation. This work is done in the month of October and November. The felled trees, slashed branches and cleared shrubs etc. lie there for several months to dry up. When it is dried, fire is set to it. It is done in the months of February to March. As the soil is boggy and loose, because it has been formed by falling of leaves and branches, it is good and fertile being ready for sowing the crops. The field is cultivated once or even two to three years, if it is sufficiently fertile, then it is kept fallow for next seven to ten years depending on the fertility of the land and availability of other lands. After that period the same land is cultivated.

The main crops under jhum cultivation are paddy, millet, maize, beans, pumpkin, cucumber, etc. Terrace is the other form of cultivation. The field is spaded and kept ready for making mud as soon as the water is available. Water is brought from nearby stream or falls, of which kind there are

many during rainy season. When the soil is ready by turning into a thick mud or dough with the help of spade and human feet, the paddy plants are taken out of the seed bed which are planted earlier in the field.

The water is allowed to stay the whole period of the growth of the plants and sometimes allowed to dry up just before harvesting.

The important agricultural implements used by the cultivators in the district are Dao, Axe, Spade, Hoe, Pick, Scrapers, Sickle, Rake, Mat, Winnowing fan, Basket, Pounding table, etc, etc.

Notable efforts have been made to encourage wet rice terraced cultivation in the district. Measure has been taken up for distribution of fertilizers. Insects and pests cause great damage to the crops from time to time. People utilise the services of the Agricultural Department which uses scientific remedies through chemicals which are of great help.

Besides, demonstration is done on the use of improved seeds of potato, vegetables, paddy, hybrid maize etc. seedling of orange, pineapple, plum, bear, etc are also provided for distribution on subsidy basis. Seeds of maize, hybrid paddy are also distributed.

Animal Husbandry :— The people being meat eaters there should have been a great need and demand for scientific animal husbandry. However, though not scientifically done every house has got a minifarm of poultry and animal husbandry.

Livestock :— Almost every house has got a few cattle, both cows and bulls. The cows are kept mainly for breeding purpose, because milking is not yet so much popular. When it is no longer good for breeding it is slaughtered for its beef. Bulls are generally kept for beef and not for any other work since there is no plough or any cart of any type.

Every house has got few pigs, fowls and ducks which are kept for their meat.

Industries :— No organised industry of any size has yet developed in this district. It may be noted that the Nagas are self sufficient in their daily needs.

The only industry we can speak of is cottage industry. Of the Cottage industry the important ones are weaving, carpentry, blacksmithy, basket making, wood carving and decorative works and they are discussed below.

Weaving :— It is most common and is found in every house. Weaving is done by woman and every woman has got her weaving apparatus. It is a handloom and is known by the technical term Indonesian Tension Loom. It is a simple back strap one with a horizontal warp consisting six sticks serving the function of warp beam, lease rod, heald stick, bealing sword and extra-warp beam. In their simple loom they make woman's cloth, loin cloth for men, chadar for both man and woman, neck tie, bags and ceremonial dress, etc.

Since the inception of Directorate of Industries, Government of Nagaland, in 1965, efforts have been made to boost up industrial training particularly for weaving. To improve and encourage weaving industry the Government of Nagaland distributes yarn at a subsidised rates to the weaving societies and individual weavers also.

Carpentry :— Since the time Nagaland was within Assam, carpentry has been taught in the middle schools. Now also it is taught in the middle schools as well as in the middle schools section of high schools. Therefore all the educated boys get training in carpentry as a part of their education. Some people also get training in carpentry in the Industrial Training Institute at Kohima and Nagaland Polytechnic at

Atoizu. Some self trained carpenters also are there in the district and together they do lot of carpentry works in the district and most of the people in the villages supplement their income by doing off time carpentry work. These carpenters do the work of house building and make furniture etc.

Blacksmithy :— In every village a few blacksmiths are found who make dao, spade, hoe, scraper, spear etc. The villagers do not only depend on those blacksmiths but also they purchase many of their articles from open market. The smithy is not their profession, but a part time vocation to augment their other sources of income.

Basket Making :— Basket commonly known as “Khang” are of various types and shapes, which depend on the purpose it is meant for. It is used for carrying paddy or other cereals, water cans, firewood etc, and for each purpose the type is different. This basket is made of slit bamboo and occasionally decorated with different designs on it. It is produced mainly for domestic consumption but now-a-days some are sold to the urban people or to those who cannot make them.

Wood Carving :— The people use a kind of wooden platter for taking food from it. It is made of a single piece of wood and has got four legs. This is most common and important work of wood carving. Other works of wood carving are mainly related to decorative works for doors of the houses. Some wood carvings are also done to carve out different animals, notably crocodile, tiger, bird, mithun (gayal) etc. These are all decorative works and are often coloured.

Decorative Works :— There are other miscellaneous works which come under cottage industry. It includes making of head gear, decorated spear, dao handle, dao holder, ware shield, ivory armlet, etc.

Pottery :— It is the oldest cottage industry. The people of the villages make pots for cooking which are rough and thick as they do not use any kind of machine to make these pots but all are made by hand.

Trade and Commerce :— The Semas, inhabitants of this district like all other Nagas for long have been outside the influence of modern civilisation. Their needs were few and they could manage to be self sufficient. Since they produced all their requirements of foodstuff and minimum clothes, they do not require anything to purchase except salt and hence there was practically no currency. But gradually with the modern civilisation they felt need of money to purchase salt, pieces of iron to make their agricultural equipments, etc.

There was barter system prevailed in this district for trade till recent decade, specially in the villages.

The district being situated in the heart of the hills, the trades used to be carried out through the neighbouring tribes, with the state of Assam. Their needs were few and their exports were fewer and so the volume of trade was also negligible. After opening up of the country by the Britishers the peoples' need increased and they used to trade with Mokokchung then a sub-divisional headquarter, which in turn had trade connections with Aungmye in the plains of Assam. Since then people are using coins and currency of the rest of the country. Zunheboto, the district headquarter is the most important business centre. Then all the administrative outposts such as Satakha, Aghunato, Atoizu, Suruhoto etc are also business centres.

Road Transport :— The construction of road connecting Mokokchung with Mariani helped Zunheboto to communicate with the plains easily. Now there is also a road from Mokokchung to Zunheboto, which has been widened and metalled by the Border Road Organisation. Thus there are two good roads from

Zunheboto one to Mokokchung and other to Kohima and both these roads are constructed by Border Road Organisation. There are many jeepable roads inside the district.

Following the improved road condition the Government of Nagaland opened state transport bus services in the different routes in the state.

Administrative developments during the decade :— Zunheboto remained to be one of the sub-divisions of Mokokchung district till 1971 census. In December 1973, the three sub-divisions of Mokokchung were turned into three districts, thus Zunheboto became a district in 1973.

For the purpose of administration the district of Zunheboto is at present divided into nine units but only one sub-division (sadar). Each of the administrative units or circles is placed under one SDO in the sadar, or Extra Assistant Commissioner (EAC), or Circle Officer (CO), or Area Superintendent (AS). They all administer their respective areas on behalf of the Deputy Commissioner, and are under his control. Of course, the Area superintendent works under the EAC of the area for day to day guidance. All the administrators have got the same duties and functions in respect of the area as the DC has for all the district. The following are the administrative circles and the officers in-charge thereof :—

1) Zunheboto (sadar)	: Sub-Divisional officer.
2) Satakha	: Extra Asstt. Commissioner.
3) Akuluto	: E. A. C.
4) Aghunato	: E. A. C.
5) Satoi	: Circle Officer
6) Asuto	: Circle Officer
7) Suruhoto	: Circle Officer
8) Atoizu	: Circle Officer
9) V. K.	: Circle Officer

There are several district level officers of different departments to look after their respective works.

There are several district officers who are looking after Zunheboto district at present either from Zunheboto itself or from Mokokchung.

There are 4 central offices in Zunheboto and these are as follows :—

- 1) Subsidiary Intelligence Bureau Branch,
- 2) Post and Telegraph,
- 3) State Bank of India,
- 4) Tele Communication.

Brief Analysis of the Village and Town Directory and PCA Data Based on Inset Tables

TABLE 1

Table 1 deals with the circlewise distribution of villages according to the availability of different amenities in 155 inhabited villages in the district, such as educational, medical, drinking water, post and telegraph, communication, approach by pucca road and power supply. This table shows the number of villages where the above mentioned amenities are available with percentages to the total number of villages in each circle. The 100 percent of educational amenity is available in Satakha, Suruhoto, Atoizu, Akuluto and V. K. circle and drinking water facility is 100 percent in all the circles except in Asuto circle. In Asuto circle only 11 villages out of 21 villages have drinking water facility and percentage of the same is 53.38 to the total number of villages in the circle.

Post and telegraph, communication and approach by pucca road facility are very low in percentages in all the circles. Some circles are not having these facilities at all.

In the whole district educational and drinking water facilities are quite notable which record 92.26 percent and 93.55 percent respectively. Medical facility comprising 9.68%, post & telegraph 5.81%, communication 11.61% and approach by pucca road being 5.16%. 90 villages out of 155 villages in the district have power supply facility comprising 58.06 percent.

Even though the table shows very low percentage of approach by pucca roads, every village has got the approach by kutcha roads.

TABLE 2

Table 2 deals with the proportion of circlewise rural population served by the different amenities. From this table it appears that large proportion of the rural population are served by educational and drinking water facilities and followed by power supply facilities. Medical, approach by pucca road facilities are seen to be lowest in all the circles and also in some circles pucca road facility is nil. But every village has got kutcha road facility.

In Zunheboto district there are 155 villages with 53,483 population. Of this 143 villages in the district or 92.26 percent of the villages covering total population of 93.72 percent have got educational facilities of one type or other.

Similarly, another 15 villages in the district or 9.68 percent of the villages covering 12.70 percent of total population have got medical facility, 145 villages in the district or 93.55 percent of the villages covering 95.64 percent of total rural population are served by drinking water facilities, 9 villages or 5.81 percent of the villages covering 11.11 percent of rural population in the district are served by post and telegraph facility, 18 villages or 11.61 percent of the total villages covering 16.97 percent of population are served by communication facilities, 8 villages or 5.16 percent of villages covering 9.16 percent of rural population are served by approach by pucca road and another 90 villages or 58.06 percent covering 62.86 percent of the total rural population have got power supply facility in the district.

TABLE 3

Table 3 deals with the distribution of villages not having certain amenities arranged by distance range from the places where these are available. As already stated in preceding pages, the district has 155 inhabited villages. Out of these 143 villages have got educational facility and other 12 villages do not have such facility within the villages but 9 villages have the facility within less than 5 kms and 3 villages within 5-10 kms.

So also 140 villages which have no medical facilities of any sort in the village itself, out of these 47 villages have the medical facility within the range less than 5 kms, 38 villages have within 5-10 kms, 52 villages above 10 kms and 3 villages have within the distance not specified.

10 villages do not have drinking water facility within the village but have within the range of less than 5 kms. 146 villages do not have post and telegraph facilities within the village itself but 25 villages have within the distance range less than 5 kms, 36 villages have the post and telegraph facility within the distance range of 5-10 kms, 64 villages have the facility within the distance 10 kms and above and another 21 villages have got the post and telegraph facilities within the distance unspecified.

So also 137 villages which have no communication facilities have within the different distance ranges as shown in the table.

TABLE 4

This table gives the information relating to the distribution of villages according to the distance from the nearest town and availability of different amenities.

There is no village which falls in the distance range less than 5 kms from the nearest town. There is only 1 village in the range 6-15 kms which has educational and drinking water facility but does not have the other facilities. 108 villages fall within the distance range 16-50 kms which have 99.07 percent of educational facility, 9.26 percent of medical, 100 percent of drinking water, 7.34 percent of post and telegraph, 14.68 percent of communication, 6.42 percent of approach by pucca road and 66.97 percent of power supply facilities.

Another 46 villages, which fall within the distance range of 51 kms and above have 76.09 percent of educational facility, 10.87 percent of medical facility, 78.26 percent of drinking water facility, 2.17 percent of post and telegraph facility, 4.35 percent of communication facility and 36.96 percent of power supply facility.

TABLE 5

Table 5 deals with the distribution of villages according to population range and amenities available. There are overwhelming number of 130 villages out of 155 villages in the district having population upto 499. Of these 118 villages with 90.77 percent have educational facility, 11 villages with 8.46 percent have medical facility, 120 villages with 92.31 percent have drinking water facility, 4 village with 3.08 percent have post and telegraph facility, 14 villages with 10.77 percent have communication facility, 5 villages have approach by pucca road and another 71 villages with 54.62 percent have power supply facility.

There are 24 villages in population range of 500-1, 999. of this 100 percent of villages have educational and drinking water facility, 3 villages with 12.50 percent have medical facility, 4 villages with 16.67 percent have post and telegraph facilities, 3 villages with 12.50 percent have communication facility, 2 villages or 8.33 percent have approach by pucca road and 18 villages or 75.00 percent have power supply facility.

There is only 1 village in the population range of 2000-4, 999 and it has got all the facilities and the name of the village is Satakha Hq. in Satakha circle of the district.

TABLE 6

The table 6 deals with the main staple food in the majority of villages in each circle.

From this table we find that rice is the main staple food in each circle but the same also is substituted by maize and millet in some circle.

TABLE 7

Table 7 indicates the growth, density and sex ratio of urban population in the district in relation to the state during the last four decades. Zunheboto district has been created only after 1971 census. It has 7,678 persons of urban population and percentage of urban population is 14.36 and its density is 2,559 in 1981 census.

Nagaland state had a population of 212,975 persons during 1951 census out of which 4,125 persons lived in urban areas and the percentage of urban population was 1.94, decadal percentage variation during 1951 census was 17.62, density per sq. km was 399 and sex ratio in urban area was 739.

1961 census has 369,200 persons in the state out of which 19,157 persons lived in the urban areas and its percentage was 5.19, decadal percentage variation was 164.41, density was 728 and sex ratio in urban areas in the state was 628.

1971 census had 516,449 persons in whole state out of which 51,394 persons lived in the urban areas of the state and the percentage of urban population to the total population during 1971 census was 9.95, decadal percentage variation was 158.28, density per sq. kms. was 1,230 and the sex ratio of the urban population was 472.

The total population during 1981 census is 7,74,930 out of which 120,234 persons live in the urban areas of the state, and the percentage of which is 15.52, decadal percentage variation is 133.95, density per sq. km is 1105 and sex ratio of the urban population of 1981 census is 688.

TABLE 8

This table 8 relates to the new town/towns declassified in 1981 census, Zunheboto town is the new town and its total population is 7,678.

TABLE 9

Table 9 relates to the per capita receipt and expenditure in towns.

The information regarding the per capita receipt and expenditure in Zunheboto town is not available, thus the columns are shown - (dash).

TABLE 10

Table 10 gives the number of schools per 10,000 population in town of the district. In Zunheboto town the higher secondary/inter/PUC/Junior college per 10,000 population is 1.30. So also, the secondary/matriculation schools being 2.60, middle schools 5.21 and primary schools 7.81.

TABLE 11

Table 11 deals with the number of beds in medical institutions in the towns. Zunheboto town has number of beds in medical institutions per 1,000 population to the extent of 6.51.

TABLE 12

Table 12 deals with the most important commodity manufactured, imported and exported in the towns. Zunheboto town does not manufacture, and export any commodity but import the important essential commodity like rice, salt, cloth etc.

TABLE 13

Table 13 deals with the population and number of villages and towns in the district in 1981 census. As can be seen from the table the population of the district as on the sun rise of the 1st March, 1981 has been 61,161, male population being 31,136 and female population 39,025.

As elsewhere in the state, the district is predominantly rural and of the aforesaid total population 7,678 persons live in Zunheboto town, the only town in the district, the entire rural population is spread over in 155 villages and the urban population settle in town. There is no un-inhabited village in the district.

Circlewise, Satakha circle which has a population of 11,143 persons spread over in 23 villages, male population is marginally higher than female, where 5,737 are males and 5,406 are females.

Satoi circle has a population of 2,169 of this 1098 are male and 1071 are female spread over 11 villages, Aghunato circle has a population of 7,389 of this 3562 are male and 3827 are female spread over 28 villages, Asuto circle has a population of 4,736 of this 2,384 are male and 2,352 are female and spread over 21 villages. Suruhoto circle has 6,311 persons, out of which 3,063 are male and 3,248 are female and they spread over 13 villages. Zunheboto sadar circle has 6,650 persons, of this 3,217 are male and 3,433 are female and are spread over in 20 villages. Atoizu circle has 7,493 persons, of this 3,735 are male and 3,758 are female, spread over in 21 villages, Akuluto circle has 4,428 persons, of this 2,283 are male and 2,145 female and they spread over in 9 villages, V.K. circle has 3,164 persons, of this 1,583 are male and 1,581 are female and they spread over in 9 villages. 7,678 persons live in Zunheboto town, of this 4,474 are male and 3,204 are female.

TABLE 14

Table 14 reveals the decadal change in the distribution of population with rural/urban break-up and percentage variation therein.

The aforesaid table indicates that Zunheboto district has the total population 47,093 persons in 1971 census compared to 61,161 persons in 1981 census. This indicates that there has been net addition of 14,968 persons during the decade under review thereby registered over all growth rate of 29.87 percent during the decade and rural growth rate has registered 13.57 percent. The urban growth rate has not been worked out as Zunheboto town is new town of 1981 census.

TABLE 15

Table 15 deals with the distribution of villages by population ranges in the district. There are 47 villages comprising 30.32 percent of the total villages in the district which have less than 200 population. Another 83 or 53.95 percent of the total villages have a population ranging between - 499. Yet another 24 or 15.60 percent of the total villages have a population ranging between 500-1,999. There is only 1 village comprising 0.65 percent of total villages have a population ranging 2,000-4,999.

TABLE 16

Table 16 indicates the proportion of scheduled tribe population to the total population. In fact the Scheduled tribe population has been found in all the percentage range of Scheduled tribe population to the total population and these villages fall in ST percentage range of 51 and above. All the 155 villages in the district fall within this range and the percentage of villages comprise, 100 percent.

TABLE 17

Table 17 gives the proportion of Scheduled castes/Scheduled tribe population in the towns of the district, Zunheboto town (census town) with a total population of 7,678 persons has 5,783 Scheduled tribe population in Zunheboto town to the total urban population is 75.32.

TABLE 18

Table 18 gives literacy rate by population ranges of the villages. There are 47 villages with the population of less than 200 persons in each village which has combined literacy rate of 4.50 percent. Another 83 villages in the population range of 200-499 have 21.09 percent. Next 24 villages in the population range of 500-1,999 have 13.39 percent and the last 1 village in the population range of 2000-4, 999 has 2.13 percent.

TABLE 19

Table 19 deals with the literacy rate for the towns, Zunheboto, census town, has 66.19 percent literacy.

TABLE 20

Table 20 deals with the Literates, Workers, Non-Workers and Scheduled Tribe population in the district.

Zunheboto district has 95.24 percent of S. T. population, of this 98.09 percent is rural and 75.32 percent urban. It has 42.63 percent of literate persons in the district, 42.63 percent rural and 66.19 percent urban.

Main workers comprises 47.10 percent to the total population in the district, 47.10 percent rural and 34.90 percent urban. Marginal workers comprises 0.75 and 0.07 for district, rural and urban respectively, Total workers to the total population comprises 46.24, 47.85 and 34.97 percent, total, rural and urban respectively. Non-workers comprises 52.77, 52.15 and 65.03 percent of total, rural and urban respectively.

Circlewise, Asuto circle has the highest S. T. population with 99.89 percent, followed by Zunheboto sadar, Suruhoto, Satoi, Atoizu and Aghunato circles being 99.50%, 99.19%, 98.89%, 98.69% and 98.47% respectively. Satakha circle has 95.72 percent of S. T. population, Akuluto circle has 96.95 percent which are lower than V. K. circle being 97.44 percent of S. T. population.

The total literacy in the district as already been stated, is 54.59 percent, rural literacy being 42.63 and urban literacy 66.19 percent. The total male literacy in the district and the percentage of rural/urban break-up is 52.82 percent, 49.64 percent and 71.70 percent respectively, and total female literacy in the district and the percentage rural/urban break-up is 39.09 percent, 35.66 percent and 58.49 percent respectively.

Circlewise, Akuluto has the highest literacy of 51.24 percent followed by V. K. circle and Satakha circle being 50.60 percent and 50.26 percent respectively.

Male literacy is highest in Satakha circle with 58.58 percent followed by Akuluto circle with 57.55 percent.

Female literacy is highest in Akuluto circle with 46.34 percent closely by V. K. circle with 43.64 percent.

In Atoizu circle, the total main workers, percentage is highest being 51.39 percent and of this 50.87 percent male and 51.92 percent female.

There are 0.66 percent of marginal workers in the district, the rural/urban marginal workers break-up being 0.75 and 0.07 percent.

Circlewise, V. K. circle has the highest total workers with 51.86 percent closely followed by Atoizu circle being 51.42 percent,

The total non-working population in the district is 53.77 percent, of this, 52.08 percent male and 55.51 percent female. Aghunato circle has 55.46 percent of non-working population which shows highest followed by Akuluto circle with 55.10 percent.

The working population is higher than that of the non-working population in Suruhoto, Atoizu and V.K. circle and in remaining circles have got higher percentage of non-working population than that of working population.

The Zunheboto district has low percentage of working population than that of non-working population, being 46.24 percent of workers and 53.77 percent of non-workers.

TABLE : 1 DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE AVAILABILITY OF DIFFERENT AMENITIES

Sl. No.	Name of Taluk/Tahsil	No. (with percentage) of the villages having one or more of the following amenities										
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
1.	Satakha	23 (100.00)	23 (100.00)	2 (8.70)	23 (100.00)	1 (4.35)	...	1 (4.35)	1 (4.35)	1 (4.35)	11 (47.83)	
2.	Satoi	11 (72.73)	8	2 (18.18)	11 (100.00)	...	...	...	...	...	...
3.	Aghunato	28 (96.43)	27 (96.43)	2 (14.29)	28 (100.00)	1 (3.57)	...	...	...	...	14 (50.00)
4.	Asuto	21 (66.67)	14 (66.67)	1 (4.76)	11 (52.38)	...	...	...	...	...	...
5.	Suruhoto	13 (100.00)	13 (100.00)	1 (7.69)	13 (100.00)	1 (7.69)	...	...	...	...	8 (61.51)
6.	Zunhebotto Sadar	20 (95.00)	19 (95.00)	...	20 (100.00)	...	...	...	...	...	20 (100.00)
7.	Atoizu	21 (100.00)	21 (100.00)	4 (19.05)	21 (100.00)	4 (19.05)	...	11 (52.38)	5 (23.81)	21 (100.00)		
8.	Akuluto	9 (100.00)	9 (100.00)	1 (11.11)	9 (100.00)	1 (11.11)	...	5 (55.56)	1 (11.11)	7 (77.78)		
9.	V. K.	9 (100.00)	9 (100.00)	...	9 (100.00)	1 (11.11)	...	1 (11.11)	1 (11.11)	9 (100.00)		
	District Total	155	143 (92.26)	15 (9.68)	145 (93.55)	9 (5.81)	...	18 (11.61)	8 (5.16)	90 (58.06)		

TABLE : 2 PROPORTION OF RURAL POPULATION SERVED BY DIFFERENT AMENITIES
District : Zunheboto

Sl. No.	Name of Taluk/ Tahsil circle	Total population inhabited villages in the circle	Proportion of rural served by different amenity of									
			Education	Medical	Drinking water	Post & Telegraph	Market/Hat	Communi- cation	Approach pucca road	Power supply		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
1.	Satakha	11.143	100.00	21.40	100.00	20.32	...	20.32	20.32	67.47		
2.	Satoi	21.69	82.20	24.53	100.00	...	...	...	...	...
3.	Aghuniato	7.389	96.86	16.59	100.00	11.42	...	...	...	53.05
4.	Asuto	47.36	70.61	0.53	60.79	...	...	...	...	...
5.	Suruhoto	6.311	100.00	12.95	100.00	12.95	...	...	...	59.07
6.	Zunheboto	6.650	94.78	...	100.00	...	...	...	...	100.00
7.	Atoizu	7.493	99.08	15.01	100.00	15.01	...	41.21	21.78	100.00		
8.	Akuluto	4.428	100.00	23.31	100.00	23.31	...	74.19	23.31	86.18		
9.	V. K.	3.164	100.00	...	100.00	17.00	...	17.00	17.00	100.00		
	District Total	53.483	93.72	12.70	95.64	11.11	...	16.97	9.16	62.86		

TABLE : 3 DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES NOT HAVING CERTAIN AMENITIES, ARRANGED BY DISTANCE RANGES FROM PLACES WHERE THESE ARE AVAILABLE

District : Zunheboto

Village not having the amenity of	Number of villages where the amenity is not available									
	-5 kms		5-10 kms		10 kms		Distance unspecified		Total (cols 2-5)	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	5	6		
1. Education	9	3	3	12	
2. Medical	47	38	38	52	3	140	3	140		
3. Drinking Water	10	...	...	...	...	10	...	10
4. P. & T.	25	36	36	64	21	146	21	146		
5. Market/Hat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Communication	28	15	15	73	21	137	21	137		

For all 10 non-availabilities undercaption 'NA'

TABLE : 4 DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE DISTANCE FROM THE NEAREST TOWN AND AVAILABILITY OF DIFFERENT AMENITIES

District : Zunheboto

Distance range from nearest town	No (with percentage) of villages having the amenity of									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0-5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6-15	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
		(100.00)			(100.00)					
16-50	108	107	10	108	8	...	16	7	73	
		(99.07)	(9.26)	(100.00)	(7.34)		(14.68)	(6.42)	(66.97)	
51+	46	35	5	36	1	...	2	1	17	
		(76.09)	(10.87)	(78.26)	(2.17)		(4.35)	(2.17)	(36.96)	
Unspecified	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	155	143	15	145	9	...	18	8	90	
		(92.26)	(9.68)	(93.55)	(5.81)		(11.6)	(5.16)	(58.06)	

TABLE : 5 DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO POPULATION RANGE AND AMENITIES AVAILABLE:

District : Zunheboto

Population range	Number (with percentage) of village having the amenity of									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
—499	130	118	11	120	4	...	14	5	71	
		(90.77)	(8.46)	(92.31)	(3.08)		(10.77)	(3.85)	(54.62)	
500—1,999	24	24	3	24	4	...	3	2	18	
		(100.00)	(12.50)	(100.00)	(16.67)		(12.50)	(8.33)	(75.00)	
2,000—4,999	1	1	1	1	1	...	1	1	1	
		(100.00)	(100.00)	(100.00)	(100.00)		(100.00)	(100.00)	(100.00)	
5,000+	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	155	143	15	145	9	...	18	8	90	
		(92.26)	(9.68)	(92.55)	(5.81)		(11.61)	(5.16)	(58.06)	

TABLE : 6 MAIN STAPLE FOOD IN THE MAJORITY OF VILLAGES IN EACH TALUK

District : Zunheboto

Sl. No.	Name of Circle	Main staple food	
		2	3
1.	Satakha	Rice	Rice
2.	Satoi	Rice	Rice
3.	Aghunato	Rice, Maize	Rice, Maize
4.	Asuto	Rice, Millets	Rice, Millets
5.	Suruhoto	Rice, Millets	Rice, Millets
6.	Zunheboto	Rice	Rice
7.	Atoizu	Rice, Maize	Rice, Maize
8.	Akuluto	Rice	Rice
9.	V. K.	Rice	Rice

TABLE : 7 GROWTH, DENSITY AND SEX-RATIO OF URBAN POPULATION IN THE DISTRICT
IN RELATION TO STATE

District : Zunheboto

Census year	D I S T R I C T										S T A T E		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Total population	Urban population	% Urban population	Decadal percentage variation in urban population	Density (population per sq.km)	Sex ratio (No. of females per 1,000 males)	Total population	Urban population	% Urban population	Decadal percentage variation in urban population	Density (population per sq.km)	Sex ratio (No. of female per 1,000 males)	
1951	212975	4125	1.94	17.62	399	739	
1961	369200	19157	5.19	164.41	728	628	
1971	516449	51394	9.95	158.28	1230	472	
1981	...	7,678	14.36	...	2559	...	7,74,930	120,2,34	15.52	133.95	1105	688	

TABLE : 8 NEW TOWNS/TOWNS DECLASSIFIED IN 1981 CENSUS
District : Zunheboto

Name of Towns	Population 1981 Census
1	2

- (a) Added
Zunheboto Town 7,678
- (b) Declassified

TABLE : 9 PER CAPITA RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE IN TOWNS PER CAPITA
District : Zunheboto

Class, name and civic status of the town	Receipt										Expenditure					
	Total	Receipt through taxes			Receipt from all other sources			Total expenditure	General administration			Expenditure on public health and Conveiences	Public works	Expenditure on public institutions	Other aspects	
		2	3	4	5	6	7		8	9	10					
I																

V. Zunheboto Town (CT)

TABLE : 10 SCHOOLS PER TEN THOUSAND POPULATION IN TOWNS
District : Zunheboto

Class, name and civic status of town	No. per ten thousand population				
	Higher secondary/ Inter/PUC/Junior College	Secondary/ Matriculation	Junior secondary Middle	Primary	
1	2	3	4	5	

V, Zunheboto Town (C. T.) 1.30 2.60 5.21 7.81

TABLE : 11 NO. OF BEDS IN MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS IN TOWNS
District : Zunheboto

Class, name and civic status of the town	No. of beds in medical institutions per 1,000 Population
1	2

V, Zunheboto Town (C. T.)

6.51

TABLE : 12 MOST IMPORTANT COMMODITY MANUFACTURED IMPORTED AND EXPORTED IN TOWNS
District : Zunheboto

Class, name and civic Status of the towns	Most important Commodity			
	Manufactured		Imported	
1	2	3	4	

V, Zunheboto Town (C. T.)

Rice, Salt, Cloth

TABLE : 13 POPULATION, NUMBER OF VILLAGES AND TOWNS, 1981
District : Zunheboto

Sl. No	Name of Circle	Population											No. of Village		
		Total											Total	No. of inhabited Village	No of. Towns
		Rural			Urban										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		
1.	Satakha	11,143	5,737	5,406	11,143	5,737	5,406	...	...	...	23	23	...
2.	Satoi	2,169	1,098	1,071	2,169	1,098	1,071	...	...	...	11	11	...
3.	Aghunato	7,389	3,562	3,827	7,389	3,562	3,827	...	...	...	28	28	...
4.	Asuto	4,736	2,384	2,352	4,736	2,384	2,352	...	...	...	21	21	...
5.	Suruhoto	6,311	3,063	3,248	6,311	3,063	3,248	...	...	...	13	13	...
6.	Zunheboto Sadar	6,650	3,217	3,433	6,650	3,217	3,433	...	...	...	20	20	...
7.	Atoizu	7,493	3,735	3,758	7,493	3,735	3,758	...	...	...	21	21	...
8.	Akuluto	4,428	2,283	2,145	4,428	2,283	2,145	...	...	...	9	9	...
9.	V. K.	3,164	1,583	1,581	3,164	1,583	1,581	...	...	...	9	9	...
10.	Zunheboto Town	7,678	4,474	3,204	...	...	...	7678	4474	3204	...	...	1
	District Total	61,161	31,136	30,025	...	...	...	7678	4474	3204	155	155	1

TABLE : 14 DECADAL CHANGE IN DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION
District : Zunheboto

Name of Circle	P O P U L A T I O N									
	1 9 7 1			1 9 8 1			Percentage Decadal variation (1971-1981)			
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Satakha	8,364	8,364	...	11,143	11,143	...	33.23	33.23	...	
Satoi	2,037	2,037	...	2,169	2,169	...	6.48	6.48	...	
Aghunato	6,098	6,098	...	7,389	7,389	...	21.17	21.17	...	
Asuto	3,934	3,934	...	4,736	4,736	...	20.39	20.39	...	
Suruboto	5,976	5,976	...	6,311	6,311	...	5.61	5.61	...	
Zunheboto Sadar	4,363	4,363	...	6,650	6,650	...	52.42	52.42	...	
Atoizu	5,721	5,721	...	7,493	7,493	...	30.97	30.97	...	
Akuluto	3,379	3,379	...	4,428	4,428	...	31.04	31.04	...	
V. K.	2,721	2,721	...	3,164	3,164	...	16.28	16.28	...	
Zunheboto Town	4,500	4,500	...	7,678	...	7,678	...	...	...
Total	47,093	47,093	...	61,161	53,483	7,678	29.87	13.57	...	

TABLE : 15 DISTRIBUTION OF VILLAGES BY POPULATION RANGES
District : Zunheboto

Range of Population	No. of villages in each range			Percentage of villages in each range
	1	2	3	
-200	47			30.32
200-499	83			53.95
500-1,999	24			15.60
2,000-4,999	1			0.65
5,000-9,999	...			...
10,000+	...			...
Total	155			100.00

TABLE : 16 PROPORTION OF SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION TO TOTAL POPULATION IN VILLAGES

District : Zunheboto

Percentage range of Scheduled Tribe Population to total population	No. of villages in each range		Percentage of villages in each range
	1	2		3
Nil	...	...	...
5 or less	...	...	...
6 — 15	...	...	...
16 — 25	...	...	...
26 — 35	...	...	...
36 — 50	...	...	...
51 and above	155	...	100.00
Total	155	...	100.00

TABLE : 17 PROPORTION OF SCHEDULED CASTES/SCHEDULED TRIBES POPULATION IN TOWNS

District : Zunheboto

Name of the Town	Total Population	Total Scheduled Caste population			Total Scheduled Tribe population		Percentage of Scheduled caste population	Percentage of Scheduled tribe population
		3	4	5	6			
1	2	3	4	5	6			

Zunheboto

7,678

5,783

75.32

TABLE : 18 LITERACY RATE BY POPULATION RANGES OF VILLAGES
District : Zunheboto

Range of Population	No. of villages in each range			Literacy rate
	1	2	3	
-200		47		4.50
200-499		83		21.09
500-1,999		24		13.39
2,000-4,999		1		2.18
5,000-9,999	
10,000+	
Total		155		41.16

TABLE : 19 LITERACY RATES FOR TOWNS
District : Zunheboto

Name of the Town*	Literacy rates	
	1	2
Zunhebotoo Town		66.19
All Towns		

TABLE : 20 LITERATES, WORKERS, NON-WORKERS,

District :

Name of Circle	Total Rural Urban	Total population			P E R C E N T				
		P	M	F	Scheduled castes population to total population	Scheduled tribe population to total population	Literates of total population		
							P	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Satakha	Total	11,143	5,737	5,406	...	95.72	50.26	58.58	41.42
	Rural	11,143	5,737	5,406	...	95.72	50.26	58.58	41.42
	Urban	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Satoi	Total	2,169	1,098	1,071	...	98.89	37.81	46.45	28.94
	Rural	2,169	1,098	1,071	...	98.89	37.81	46.45	28.94
	Urban	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aghunato	Total	7,389	3,562	3,827	...	98.47	42.51	49.78	35.75
	Rural	7,389	3,562	3,827	...	98.47	42.51	49.78	35.75
	Urban	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Asuto	Total	4,736	2,384	2,352	...	99.89	34.42	41.11	27.64
	Rural	4,736	2,384	2,352	...	99.89	34.42	41.11	27.64
	Urban	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Suruhoto	Total	6,311	3,063	3,248	...	99.19	31.45	37.32	25.92
	Rural	6,311	3,063	3,248	...	99.19	31.45	37.32	25.92
	Urban	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Zunheboto Sadar	Total	6,650	3,217	3,433	...	99.50	40.65	46.94	34.75
	Rural	6,650	3,217	3,433	...	99.50	40.65	46.94	34.75
	Urban	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Atoizu	Total	7,493	3,735	3,758	...	98.69	40.73	47.47	34.03
	Rural	7,493	3,735	3,758	...	98.69	40.73	47.47	34.03
	Urban	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Akuluto	Total	4,428	2,283	2,145	...	96.95	51.24	55.85	46.34
	Rural	4,428	2,283	2,145	...	96.95	51.24	55.85	46.34
	Urban	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
V. K.	Total	3,164	1,583	1,581	...	97.44	50.60	57.55	43.64
	Rural	3,164	1,583	1,581	...	97.44	50.60	57.55	43.64
	Urban	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
District Total	Total	61,161	31,136	30,025	...	95.24	45.59	52.82	38.09
	Rural	53,483	26,662	26,821	...	98.09	42.63	49.64	35.66
	Urban	7,678	4,474	3,204	...	75.32	66.19	71.70	58.49

SCHEDULE CASTE/TRIBE POPULATION IN THE DISTRICT

Zunheboto

T A G E O F											
Main workers to total population			Marginal workers to total population			Total workers to total population			Non-workers to total population		
P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
45.06	46.26	43.78	0.11	0.16	0.06	45.17	46.42	43.84	54.83	53.58	56.16
45.06	46.26	43.78	0.11	0.16	0.06	45.17	46.42	43.84	54.83	53.58	56.16
...
45.87	45.26	46.50	3.97	2.92	5.04	49.84	48.18	51.54	50.16	51.82	48.46
45.87	45.26	46.50	3.97	2.92	5.04	49.84	48.18	51.54	50.16	51.82	48.46
...
44.54	42.62	46.33	...	...	...	44.54	42.62	46.33	55.46	57.38	53.67
44.54	42.62	46.33	...	...	...	44.54	42.62	46.33	55.46	57.33	53.67
...
46.75	44.67	48.85	...	...	...	46.75	44.67	48.85	53.25	55.33	51.15
46.75	44.67	48.85	...	...	...	46.75	44.67	48.85	53.25	55.33	51.15
...
49.41	49.98	48.86	0.98	0.26	1.66	50.39	50.24	50.52	49.61	49.76	49.48
49.41	49.98	48.86	0.98	0.26	1.66	50.39	50.24	50.52	49.61	49.76	49.48
...
48.90	46.22	51.41	0.87	1.06	0.70	49.77	47.28	52.11	50.23	52.72	47.89
48.90	46.22	51.41	0.87	1.06	0.70	49.77	47.28	52.11	50.23	52.72	47.89
...
51.39	50.87	51.92	0.03	...	0.05	51.42	50.87	51.97	48.58	49.13	48.03
51.39	50.87	51.92	0.03	...	0.05	51.42	50.87	51.97	48.58	49.13	48.03
...
44.90	47.04	42.61	...	...	...	44.90	47.04	42.61	55.10	52.96	57.39
44.90	47.04	42.61	...	...	...	44.90	47.04	42.61	55.10	52.96	57.39
...
46.21	48.52	43.90	5.66	6.82	4.49	51.86	55.34	48.39	48.14	44.66	51.61
46.21	48.52	43.90	5.66	6.82	4.49	51.86	55.34	48.39	48.14	44.66	51.61
...
45.57	47.29	43.78	0.66	0.62	0.70	46.24	47.92	44.48	53.77	52.08	55.51
47.10	46.86	47.34	0.75	0.72	0.78	47.85	47.58	48.12	52.15	52.42	51.88
34.90	49.89	13.98	0.07	0.04	0.10	34.97	49.93	14.08	65.03	50.07	85.92

PART—A
VILLAGE AND TOWN DIRECTORY

SECTION - I

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

NOTES ON VILLAGE DIRECTORY

The abbreviations used in the Village Directory are as follows :—

1. Educational (amenities)

- P = Primary School
- M = Middle School
- H = High/Matriculation School
- Ac = Adult literacy Centre
- Tr = Training Centre.

2. Medical facility :

- D = Dispensary
- H = Hospital
- PHC = Primary Health Centre
- PHS = Primary Health Sub. Centre.

3. Drinking water facility :

- T = Tap
- W = Well
- TK = Tank
- R = River
- S = Spring/fountain
- N = Nullah/others.

4. Post and Telegraph facility :

- P.O. = Post Office

5. Communication :

- B.S. = Bus stop

6. Approach Road :

- P.R. = Pucca road
- K.R. = Kuccha road
- F.P. = Foot path

7. Power supply :

- E.D. = Electricity for domestic purpose.

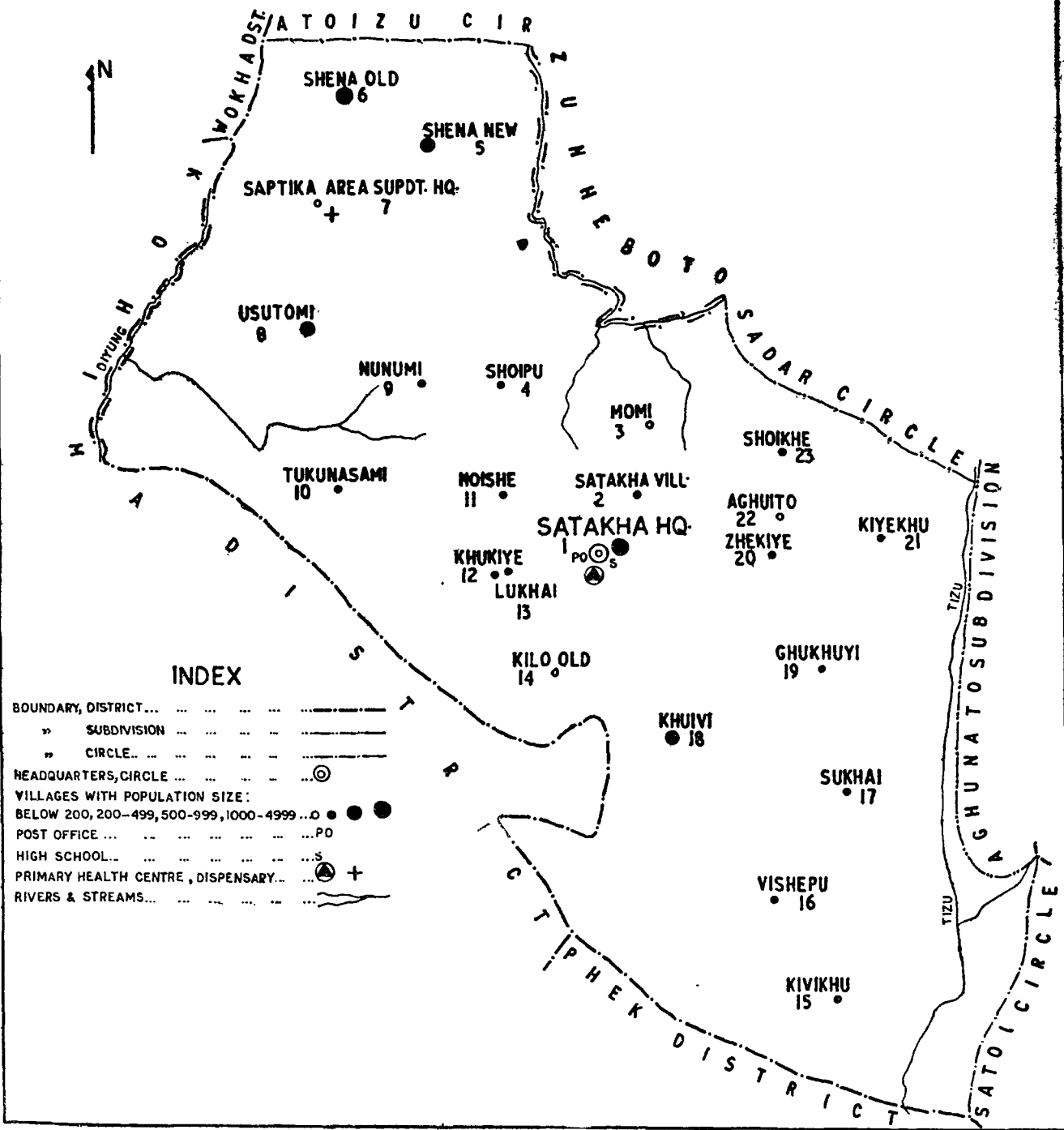
8. Number of items available in the village :

- N = News paper coming to the village.
- C = Cars/Jeeps available in the village.

SATAKHA CIRCLE

NAGALAND SATAKHA CIRCLE

CODE NO: 4/1
ZUNHEBOTO DISTRICT
(NOTIONAL)



INDEX

- BOUNDARY, DISTRICT... ..
- » SUBDIVISION
- » CIRCLE... ..
- HEADQUARTERS, CIRCLE
- VILLAGES WITH POPULATION SIZE:
- BELOW 200, 200-499, 500-999, 1000-4999
- POST OFFICE
- HIGH SCHOOL... ..
- PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE, DISPENSARY... ..
- RIVERS & STREAMS... ..

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF THE VILLAGES

District : Zunheboto

Circle : Satakha

Sl. No.	Name of the Village	Location code No.
1	2	3
1.	Aghuito	4/1/22
2.	Ghukhuyi * (Ghukiya)	4/1/19
3.	Hoishe	4/1/11
4.	Khuivi * (Khiyi)	4/1/18
5.	Khukiye	4/1/12
6.	Kilo (Old)	4/1/14
7.	Kivikhu	4/1/15
8.	Kiyekhu	4/1/21
9.	Lukhaj	4/1/13
10.	Momi	4/1/15
11.	Nunumi	4/1/19
12.	Saptika A.S.H.Q.	4/1/7
13.	Satakha H. Q.	4/1/1
14.	Satakha Village	4/1/2
15.	Shena (New)	4/1/5
16.	Shena (Old)	4/1/6
17.	Shoipu	4/1/4
18.	Soikhe	4/1/23
19.	Sukhaj	4/1/17
20.	Tukunashami	4/1/10
21.	Usutomi * (Usukhomi)	4/1/8
22.	Vishepu	4/1/16
23.	Zhekiye	4/1/20

* As in 1971 census

1981 CENSUS - VILLAGE
AMENITIES AND

Location code No.	Name of village	Total area* of the vill. (in hectares)	Total population and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within in the village, a dash (—) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 kms., 5—10 kms., and 10+kms., of the nearest place where the facility is available is given.)					
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water potable	Post & Telegraph	Day or days of the market/hat, if any	Communications (bus stop, Rly. station, water way)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Circle : Satakha 4/1									
15/4/1/1	Satakha H. Q.	NA	2,264(416)	H(1)	PHC	T	PO		BS
15/4/1/2	Satakha Vill.	NA	374(63)	P(1)	-(5—10 kms.)	T	-(5—10 kms.)		-(5—10 kms.)
15/4/1/3	Momi	NA	177(41)	P(1)	-(5—20 kms.)	T	-(5—10 kms.)		-(5—10 kms.)
15/4/1/4	Shoitu	NA	476(95)	P(1)	-(10+ kms.)	T	-(5—10 kms.)		-(5—10 kms.)
15/4/1/5	Seena (New)	NA	517(71)	P(1)	-(10+ kms.)	T	-(10+ kms.)		-(5—10 kms.)
15/4/1/6	Shena (Old)	NA	1,310(229)	P(1)	-(10+ kms.)	T	-(10+ kms.)		-(5—10 kms.)
15/4/1/7	Saptika A. S. H. Q.	NA	121(19)	M(1)		D(1)	R	-(10+ kms.)	-(5—10 kms.)
11/4/1/8	Usukhomi	NA	990(133)	P(1)	-(10+ kms.)	R	-(10+ kms.)		-(10+ kms.)
15/4/1/9	Nunumi	NA	403(90)	P(1)	-(10+ kms.)	T	-(10+ kms.)		-(10+ kms.)
15/4/1/10	Tukunasami	NA	202(36)	P(1)	-(10+ kms.)	T	-(10+ kms.)		-(10+ kms.)
15/4/1/11	Hoishe	NA	259(56)	P(1)	-(5—10 kms.)	T	-(5—10 kms.)		-(5—10 kms.)
15/4/1/12	Khukiye	NA	319(57)	P(1)	-(— 5 kms.)	T	-(— 5 kms.)		-(— 5 kms.)
15/4/1/13	Lukhai	NA	282(53)	P(1)	-(— 5 kms.)	T	-(— 5 kms.)		-(— 5 kms.)
15/4/1/14	Kilo (Old)	NA	172(35)	P(1)	-(5—10 kms.)	R	-(5—10 kms.)		-(5—10 kms.)
15/4/1/15	Kivxkhu	NA	428(76)	M(1)	-(10+ kms.)	T	-(10+ kms.)		-(10+ kms.)
15/4/1/16	Vishepu	NA	429(92)	P(1)	-(10+ kms.)	T	-(10+ kms.)		-(10+ kms.)
15/4/1/17	Sukhai	NA	414(79)	P(1)	-(10+ kms.)	T	-(10+ kms.)		-(10+ kms.)
15/4/1/18	Khivi	NA	577(131)	M(1)	-(10+ kms.)	T	-(10+ kms.)		-(10+ kms.)
15/4/1/19	Ghukiyi	NA	222(35)	P(1)	-(10+ kms.)	R	-(10+ kms.)		-(10+ kms.)
15/4/1/20	Zhekiye	NA	320(53)	P(1)	-(5—10 kms.)	T	-(5—10 kms.)		-(10+ kms.)
15/4/1/21	Kiyekhu	NA	400(72)	P(1)	-(5—10 kms.)	T	-(5—10 kms.)		-(5—10 kms.)
15/4/1/22	Aghuito	NA	78(11)	M(1)	-(10+ kms.)	R	-(10+ kms.)		-(10+ kms.)
15/4/1/23	Shoikhe	NA	409(70)	P(1)	-(10+ kms.)	R	-(10+ kms.)		-(10+ kms.)
Circle Total		NA	11,143(2075)	P(18), H(1), M(4).	PHC(1), D(1) ...		...		...

Note :— The total area could not be presented as the villages in Nagaland are not cadastrally surveyed.

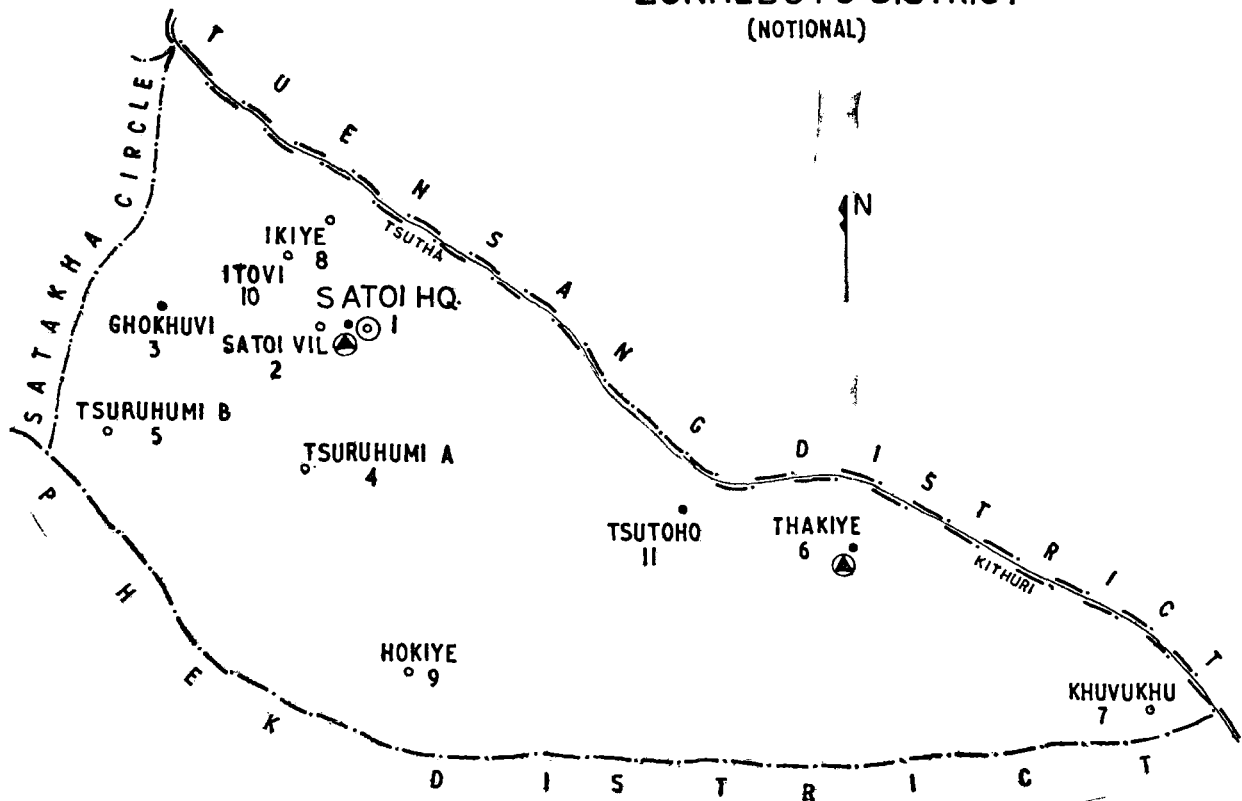
DIRECTORY
LANDUSE

Approach to village	Nearest town and distance (in kms)	Power supply	Staple food	Landuse (i.e. area under different types of landuse in hectares rounded up to 2 decimal places).						Remark including any place of religious, historical or archeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated	Dry rice cultivation or unirrigated	Area under jhum cultivation	Period of rotation	Main crops under jhum cultivation	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
PR	Zunheboto (30)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (35)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (37)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (40)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (60)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (70)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (65)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (60)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (60)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (65)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (45)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (40)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (40)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	..	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (45)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (80)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (75)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (60)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zudheboto (50)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (45)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (25)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (30)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (20)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
KR	Zunheboto (15)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	...	10 Yrs	Rice	...
...	...	...	...	NA	NA	NA	...	...	...	...

SATOI CIRCLE

NAGALAND SATOI CIRCLE

CODE NO:4/2
ZUNHEBOTO DISTRICT
(NOTIONAL)



INDEX

BOUNDARY, DISTRICT	---	---	---	---
" CIRCLE	---	---	---	---
HEADQUARTERS, CIRCLE	---	---	---	⊙
VILLAGES WITH POPULATION SIZE				
BELOW 200, 200-499...	---	---	---	○ ●
PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE	---	---	---	⊙
RIVERS & STREAMS	---	---	---	~~~~~

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF THE VILLAGES

District : Zunheboto

Circle : Satoi

Sl. No.	Name of the villages	Location code No.
1	2	3
1.	Ghokhuvi	4/2/ 3
2.	Hokiye	4/2/ 9
3.	Ikiye	4/2/ 8
4.	Itovi	4/2/10
5.	Khuvukhu *(Khubukhu)	4/2/ 7
6.	Satoi H.Q.	4/2/ 1
7.	Satoi Village	4/2/ 2
8.	Thakiya *(Jhakiye)	4/2/ 6
9.	Tsuruhumi (A) *(Tsuruhu)	4/2/ 4
10.	Tsuruhumi (B) *(Tsuruhu)	4/2/ 5
11.	Tsutoho	4/2/11

* As in 1971 Census

1981 CENSUS—VILLAGE DIRECTORY

District :

Location code No.	Name of Village	Total area of the vill (in hectares)	Total Population and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within in the village, a dash (—) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.—5kms, 5—10kms., and 10+kms., of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)					
				Edu-catio-nal	Medical	Drin-king water pota-ble	Post & Telegraph	Day or days of the mar-ket/hat, if any	Communications (bus stop, Rly. sta-tion, water way).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

Circle : Satoi 4/2

15/4/2/1	Satoi H.Q.	NA	231(42)	M(1)	PHS(1)	T	-(10+kms)		-(10+kms)
15/4/2/2	Satoi Vill.	NA	180(30)	-(-5kms)	-D(1)	T	-(10÷kms)		-(10+kms)
15/4/2/3	Ghokhuvi	NA	358(69)	P(1)	-(10+kms)	T	-(10+kms)		-(10+kms)
15/4/2/4	Tsuruhumi (A) *(Tsuruhu)	NA	102(19)	P(1)	-(10+kms)	N	-(10+kms)		-(10+kms)
15/4/2/5	Tsuruhumi (B) *(Tsuruhu)	NA	98(17)	-(5-10kms)	-(10+kms)	S	-(10+kms)		-(10+kms)
15/4/2/6	Thakiya *(Jhakiye)	NA	301(58)	P(1)	PHS(1)	N	-(10+kms)		-(10+kms)
15/4/2/7	Khuvukhu *(Khubukhu)	NA	106(24)	P(1)	-(10+kms)	S	-(10+kms)		-(10+kms)
15/4/2/8	Ikiya	NA	148(27)	P(1)	-(10+kms)	T	-(10+kms)		-(10+kms)
15/4/2/9	Hokiye	NA	198(35)	P(1)	-(NA)	S	-(10+kms)		-(10+kms)
15/4/2/10	Itovi	NA	99(13)	-(-5kms)	-(NA)	T	-(10+kms)		-(10+kms)
15/4/2/11	Tsutoho	NA	359(68)	P(1)	-(NA)	T	-(10+kms)		-(10+kms)
Circle Total		NA	2,169(402)	P(7),M(1)	PHS(2),D(1)				

NOTE :— *The total area could not be presented as the villages in Nagaland are not cadastrally surveyed.

AMENITIES AND LANDUSE.

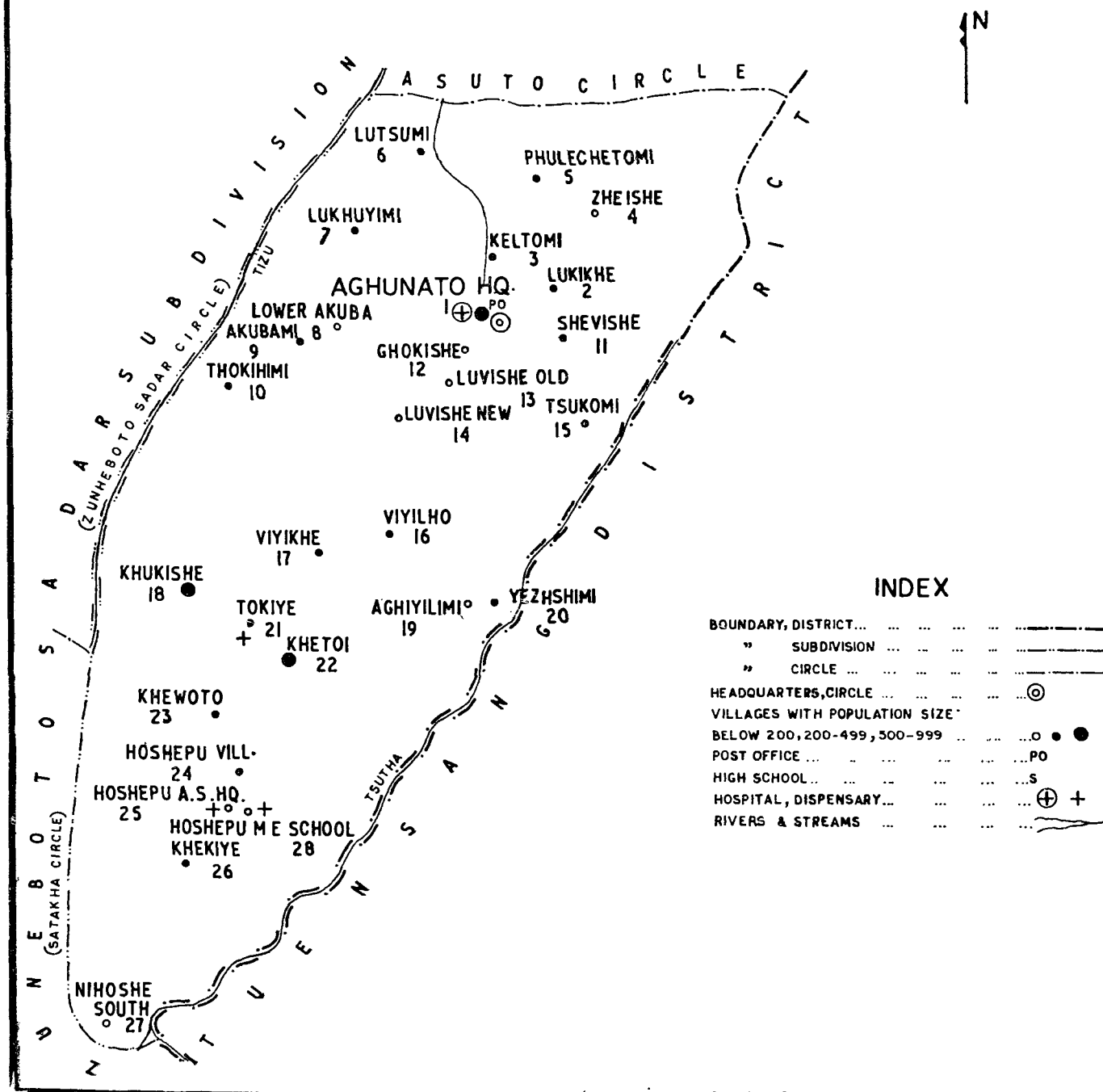
Zunheboto

Approach to village	Nearest town and distance (in kms.)	Power supply	Staple food	Landuse (i.e. area under different types of landuse in hectares rounded up to 2 decimal places).				Period of rotation	Main crops under jhum cultivation	Remark including any place of religious, historical or archeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated	Dry rice cultivation or unirrigated	Area under jhum cultivation			
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
KR	Zunheboto (45)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	12 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (45)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	12 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (45)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	12 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (45)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	12 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (45)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	12 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (45)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	12 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (45)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	12 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (45)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	12 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (45)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	12 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (45)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	12 Yrs	Paddy	...
				NA	NA	NA	NA	...	...	...

AGHUNATO CIRCLE

NAGALAND AGHUNATO CIRCLE

CODE NO: 4/3
ZUNHEBOTO DISTRICT
(NOTIONAL)



ALPHABETICAL LIST OF THE VILLAGES

District : Zunheboto

Circle : Aghunato

Sl. No.	Name of the villages	Location code No.
1	2	3
1.	Aghiyilimi	4/3/19
2.	Aghunato H. Q.	4/3/1
3.	Akubami Village	4/3/9
4.	Ghokishe	4/3/12
5.	Hoshepu	4/3/24
6.	Hoshepu A.S. H.Q.	4/3/25
7.	Hoshepu M.E. School	4/3/28
8.	Keltomi	4/3/3
9.	Khekiye	4/3/26
10.	Khetoi	4/3/22
11.	Khewoto	4/3/23
12.	Khukishe	4/3/18
13.	Lower Akuba *(Lower Akubami)	4/3/8
14.	Lukhuyimi *(Lukhuyumi)	4/3/7
15.	Lukikhe	4/3/2
16.	Lutsumi	4/3/6
17.	Luvishhe (New) *(Lurishhe)	4/3/14
18.	Luvishhe (Old)	4/3/13
19.	Nihoshe (South)	4/3/27
20.	Phuleshetomi	4/3/5
21.	Shevishe	4/3/11
22.	Thokihimi	4/3/10
23.	Tokiye	4/3/21
24.	Tsukomi	4/3/15
25.	Viyilho	4/3/16
26.	Viyikhe	4/3/17
27.	Yezhshimi *(Yezashimi)	4/3/20
28.	Zheishe	4/3/4

* As in 1971 Census.

1981 CENSUS—VILLAGE DIRECTORY

District :

Location code No.	Name of Village	Total area of the vill (in hectares)	Total Population and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within in the village, a dash (—) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.—5kms, 5—10kms., and 10+kms., of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)					
				Edu-catio-nal	Medical	Drin-king water pota-ble	Post & Telegraph	Day or days of the mar-ket/hat, if any	Communications (bus stop, Rly. station, water way).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

Circle : Aghunato 4/3

15/4/3/1	Aghunato H.Q.	NA	844(160)	P(1),H(1)	H(1)	T	PO		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/2	Lukikhe	NA	215 (35)	P(1)	-(—5 kms)	T	-(—5 kms)*		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/3	Keltomi	NA	344 (46)	P(1),AC(1)	-(—5 kms)	T	-(—5 kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/4	Zheishe	NA	183 (34)	P(1)	-(5—10 kms)	N	-(5—10 kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/5	Phuleshetomi	NA	262 (46)	P(1)	-(5—10 kms)	N	-(5—10 kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/6	Lutsumi	NA	443 (82)	M(1)	-(10+ kms)	N	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/7	Lukhuyimi	NA	241 (46)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	N	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/8	Lower Akuba	NA	56 (13)	M(1)	-(10+ kms)	N	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/9	Akubami vill.	NA	232 (46)	-(—5 kms)	-(10+ kms)	N	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/10	Thokihimi	NA	369 (72)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	N	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/11	Shevishe	NA	228 (43)	P(1)	-(—5 kms)	T	-(—5 kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/12	Ghokishe	NA	68 (12)	P(1)	-(—5 kms)	N	-(—5 kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/13	Luvishé (Old)	NA	104 (19)	P(1)	-(—5 kms)	N	-(—5 kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/14	Luvishé (New)	NA	114 (24)	P(1)	-(5—10 kms)	N	-(5—10 kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/15	Tsukomi	NA	297 (51)	P(1)	-(5—10 kms)	N	-(5—10 kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/16	Viyilho	NA	233 (45)	P(1)	-(5—10 kms)	T.K	-(5—10 kms)		-(10+ kms)

AMENITIES AND LANDUSE.

Zunheboto

Approach to village	Nearest town and distance (in kms.)	Power supply	Staple food	Landuse (i.e. area under different types of landuse in hectares rounded up to 2 decimal places).						Remark including any place of religious, historical or archeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated	Dry rice cultivation or unirrigated	Area under jhum cultivation	Period of rotation	Main crops under jhum cultivation	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
KR	Zunheboto (45)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	52.61	50.58	80.94	8 Yrs	Maize	C : 8
KR	Zunheboto (46)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	20.23	10.52	48.56	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (49)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	16.19	14.16	72.84	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (55)	...	Rice, Maize	NA	12.14	12.14	20.23	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (55)	...	Rice, Maize	NA	20.23	18.21	32.37	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (25)	...	Rice, Maize	NA	30.35	40.47	74.87	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (20)	...	Rice, Maize	NA	26.30	24.28	58.68	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (25)	...	Rice, Maize	NA	2.02	2.43	6.07	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (26)	...	Rice, Maize	NA	18.21	16.19	32.37	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (20)	...	Rice, Maize	NA	28.33	26.30	52.61	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (46)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	12.14	10.93	30.35	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (42)	...	Rice, Maize	NA	8.09	4.86	16.19	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (40)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	6.07	5.67	24.28	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (35)	...	Rice, Maize	NA	6.07	4.05	14.16	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (42)	...	Rice, Maize	NA	20.23	16.19	48.56	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (35)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	48.56	40.47	32.37	8 Yrs	Maize	...

1981 CENSUS - VILLAGE
AMENITIES AND

Location code No.	Name of village	Total area* of the vill. (in hect- ares)	Total popu- lation and number of hou- seholds	Amenities available (if not available within in the village, a dash (—) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 kms., 5—10 kms , and 10+kms., of the nearest place where the facility is available is given.)					
				Educa- tional	Medical	Drin- king water pota- ble	Post & Telegraph	Day or days of the mar- ket/hat, if any	Communications (bus stop, Rly. station, water way)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
15/4/3/17	Viyikhe	NA	207 (45)	P(1)	-(5—10 kms)	T.K	-(5—10 kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/18	Khukishe	NA	594(106)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	T	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/19	Aghuyilimi	NA	149 (27)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	N	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/20	Yezhshimi	NA	231 (54)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	N	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/21	Tokiye	NA	309 (58)	M(1)	D(1)	T	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/22	Khetoi	NA	514 (93)	P(1)	-(—5 kms)	N	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/23	Khewoto	NA	241 (48)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	T	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/24	Hoshepu	NA	406 (74)	P(1)	-(—5 kms)	T	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/25	Hoshepu A.S. H.Q.	NA	35 (7)	M(1)	D(1)	T	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/26	Khekiye	NA	301 (60)	P(1)	-(—5 kms)	T	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/27	Nihoshe (South)	NA	131 (26)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	N	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/3/28	Hoshepu M. S.	NA	38 (11)	M(1)	D(1)	N	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
	Circle Total	NA	7,989(1,383)	P(22),M(4) H(1), A(1)	H(1),D(3)	N	...		...

Note :— The total area could not be presented as the villages in Nagaland are not cadastrally surveyed.

DIRECTORY
LANDUSE

Approach to village	Nearest town and distance (in kms.)	Power supply	Staple food	Landuse (i.e. area under different types of landuse in hectares rounded up to 2 decimal places).						Remark including any place of religious, historical or archeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated	Dry rice cultivation or unirrigated	Area under jhum cultivation	Period of rotation	Main crops under jhum cultivation	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
KR	Zunheboto (33)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	48.56	40.47	34.40	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (50)	...	Rice, Maize	NA	50.58	52.61	80.94	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto ()	...	Rice, Maize	NA	20.23	20.23	40.47	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (58)	...	Rice, Maize	NA	24.28	26.30	80.94	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (55)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	14.16	14.16	24.28	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (55)	...	Rice, Maize	NA	80.94	60.70	80.94	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (60)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	60.70	72.84	40.47	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (65)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	101.17	121.41	60.70	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (68)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	30.35	40.47	60.70	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (69)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	101.17	109.27	40.47	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (75)	...	Rice, Maize	NA	28.33	29.54	60.70	8 Yrs	Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (68)	ED	Rice Maize ¹	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Maize	...
...	...	...		...	888.24	885.45	1250.46	...	...	C : 8

ASUTO CIRCLE

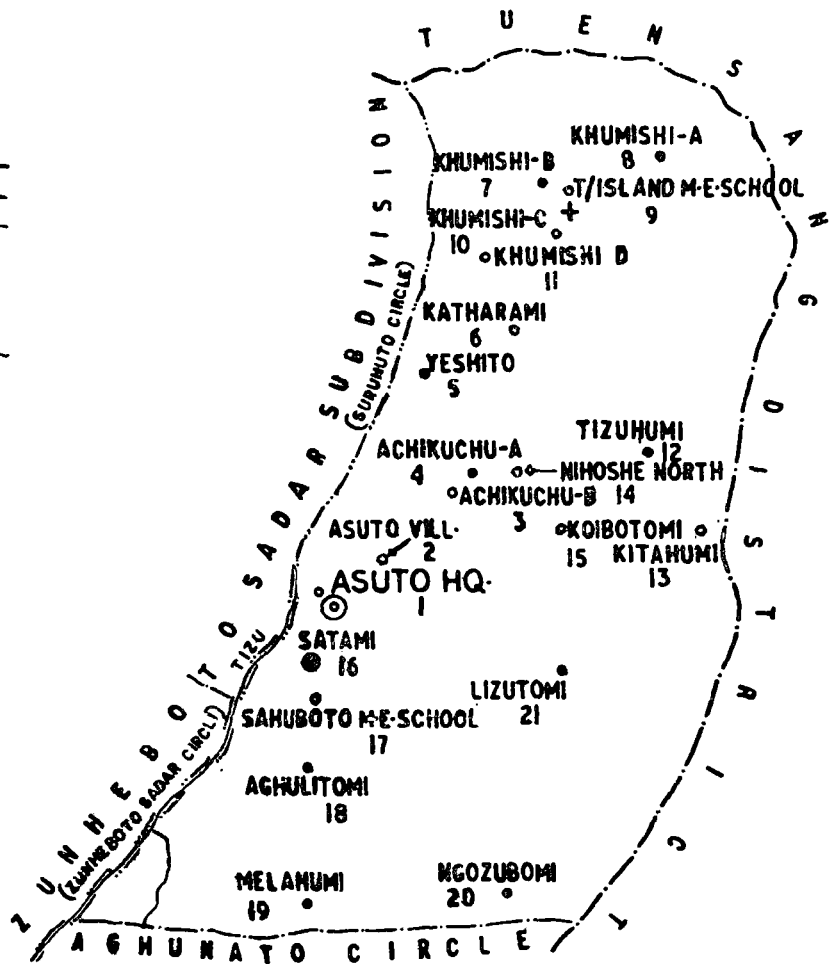
NAGALAND ASUTO CIRCLE

CODE NO: 4/4
ZUNHEBOTO DISTRICT
(NOTIONAL)



INDEX

BOUNDARY, DISTRICT...	---
" SUBDIVISION ...	- - - -
" CIRCLE ...	.....
HEADQUARTERS, CIRCLE ...	⊙
VILLAGES WITH POPULATION SIZE:	
BELOW 200, 200-499, 500-999...	...○●
DISPENSARY ...	+
RIVERS & STREAMS ...	~~~~~



ALPHABETICAL LIST OF THE VILLAGES

District : Zunheboto

Circle : Asuto

Sl. No.	Name of the villages	Location code No.
1	2	3
1.	Achikuchu (A)	4/4/4
2.	Achikuchu (B)	4/4/3
3.	Aghulitomi *(Aghulito)	4/4/18
4.	Asuto H. Q.	4/4/1
5.	Asuto Village	4/4/2
6.	Katha *(Kathava)	4/4/6
7.	Khumishi (A)	4/4/8
8.	Khumishi (B)	4/4/7
9.	Khumishi (C)	4/4/10
10.	Khumishi (D)	4/4/11
11.	Kitahumi *(Kitahu)	4/4/13
12.	Koibotomi *(Koiboto)	4/4/15
13.	Lizutomi *(Lizuto)	4/4/21
14.	Melahumi	4/4/19
15.	Ngozubomi *(Ngozubo)	4/4/20
16.	Nihoshe North	4/4/14
17.	Sahuboto M.E. School	4/4/17
18.	Satami	4/4/16
19.	T. Island M.E. School	4/4/9
20.	Tizuhumi *(Tizuhu)	4/4/12
21.	Yeshito	4/4/5

* As in 1971 Census.

1981 CENSUS - VILLAGE
AMENITIES AND

Location code No.	Name of village	Total area* of the vill. (in hect- ares)	Total popu- lation and number of hou- sholds	Amenities available (if not available within in the village, a dash (—) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 kms., 5—10 kms., and 10+kms., of the nearest place where the facility is available is given.)					
				Educa- tional	Medical	Drin- king water pota- ble	Post & Telegraph	Day or days of the mar- ket/hat, if any	Communications (bus stop, Rly, station, water way)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Circle : Asuto 4/4									
15/4/4/1	Asuto H.Q.	NA	189(36)	-(10+kms)	-(5kms)	T	-(NA)		-(NA)
15/4/4/2	Asuto Vill.	NA	98(19)	P(1)	-(5kms)	-(5kms)	-(NA)		-(NA)
15/4/4/3	Achukuchu (B)	NA	134(30)	-(5 kms)	-(5kms)	-(5kms)	-(NA)		-(NA)
15/4/4/4	Achukuchu (A)	NA	279(59)	M(1)	-(5kms)	-(5kms)	-(NA)		-(NA)
15/4/4/5	Yeshito	NA	100(18)	P(1)	-(5kms)	-(5kms)	-(NA)		-(NA)
15/4/4/6	Katha	NA	176(37)	P(1)	-(5kms)	-(5kms)	-(NA)		-(NA)
15/4/4/7	Khumishi (B)	NA	337(37)	-(5 kms)	-(5kms)	-(5kms)	-(NA)		-(NA)
15/4/4/8	Khumishi (A)	NA	355(64)	-(5 kms)	-(5kms)	-(5kms)	-(NA)		-(NA)
15/4/4/9	T. Island M.E. School	NA	25(5)	M(1)	D(1)	T	-(NA)		-(NA)
15/4/4/10	Khumishi (C)	NA	118(19)	-(5 kms)	-(5kms)	T	(NA)		-(NA)
15/4/4/11	Khumishi (D)	NA	184(22)	-(5 kms)	-(5kms)	T	(NA)		-(NA)
15/4/4/12	Tizuhumi	NA	160(38)	P(1)	-(5kms)	T	-(NA)		-(NA)
15/4/4/13	Kitakumi	NA	123(23)	P(1)	-(5kms)	-(5kms)	-(NA)		-(NA)
15/4/4/14	Nihoshe North	NA	75(9)	-(5 kms)	-(5kms)	-(5kms)	-(NA)		-(NA)
15/4/4/15	Koibotomi	NA	180(32)	P(1)	-(5kms)	-(5kms)	-(NA)		-(NA)
15/4/4/16	Satami	NA	800(130)	M(1)	-(5kms)	T	-(NA)		-(NA)
15/4/4/17	Sahuboto M. E. School	NA	62(10)	M(1)	-(5kms)	T	-(NA)		-(NA)
15/4/4/18	Aghulitomi	NA	267(46)	P(1)	-(5kms)	T	-(NA)		-(NA)
15/4/4/19	Melahumi	NA	340(53)	P(1)	-(5kms)	T	-(NA)		-(NA)
15/4/4/20	Ngozubomi	NA	312(52)	P(1)	-(5kms)	T	-(NA)		-(NA)
15/4/4/21	Lizutomi	NA	422(88)	M(1)	-(5kms)	T	-(NA)		-(NA)
Circle Total		NA	4736(827)	P(9),M(5)	D(1)	...	...		...

NOTE :— *The total area could not be presented as the villages in Nagaland are not cadastrally surveyed.

DIRECTORY
LANDUSE

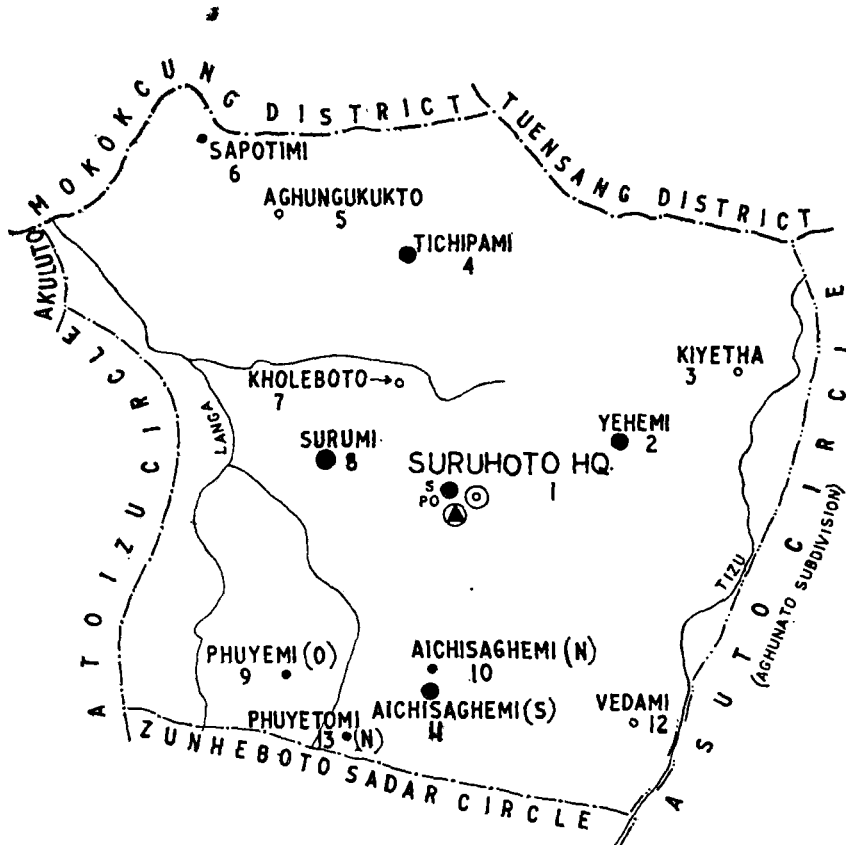
Approach to village	Nearest town and distance (in kms)	Power supply	Staple food	Landuse (i.e. area under different types of landuse in hectares rounded up to 2 decimal places).						Remark including any place of religious, historical or archeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated	Dry rice cultivation or unirrigated	Area under jhum cultivation	Period of rotation	Main crops under jhum cultivation	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
KR	Zunheboto (75)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (77)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (84)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (85)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (96)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (101)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (112)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (118)	...	Rice, Millets	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (62)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (60)	...	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (54)	...	Rice, Millets	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (56)	...	Rice, Millets	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (75)	..	Rice, Millets	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (114)	...	Rice, Millets	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (110)	...	Rice, Millets	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (104)	...	Rice, Millets	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (82)	...	Rice, Millets	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (88)	...	Rice, Millets	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (80)	...	Rice, Millets	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (82)	...	Rice, Millets	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (60)	...	Rice, Millets	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
...	...	...	...	NA	NA	NA	NA	...	...	...

SURUHOTO CIRCLE

NAGALAND SURUHUTO CIRCLE

CODE NO: 4/5

ZUNHEBOTO DISTRICT
(NOTIONAL)



INDEX

BOUNDARY, DISTRICT...	---
" SUBDIVISION ...	---
" CIRCLE...	---
HEADQUARTERS, CIRCLE ...	⊙
VILLAGES WITH POPULATION SIZE:	
BELOW 200 ; 200-499 ; 500-999 ;	● ● ● ●
1000-4999	● ● ● ● ●
RIVERS & STREAMS ...	~~~~~
POST OFFICE ...	PO
HIGH SCHOOL ...	S
PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE ...	⊙

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF THE VILLAGES

District : Zunheboto

Circle : Suruhoto

Sl. No.	Name of the villages	Location code No.
1	2	3
1.	Aghungukukuto	4/5/5
2.	Aichisaghemi (N)	4/5/10
3.	Aichisaghemi (S)	4/5/11
4.	Kholeboto	4/5/7
5.	Kiyetha	4/5/3
6.	Phuyetomi (New)	4/5/13
7.	Phuyemi (Old)	4/5/9
8.	Sapotimi	4/5/6
9.	Suruhoto H. Q.	4/5/1
10.	Surumi	4/5/8
11.	Tichipami	4/5/4
12.	Vedami	4/5/12
13.	Yehemi	4/5/2

1981 CENSUS—VILLAGE DIRECTORY

District :

Location code No.	Name of Village	Total area of the vill. (in hectares)	Total Population and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within in the village, a dash (—) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.—5kms, 5—10kms., and 10+kms., of the nearest place where the facility is available is given)					
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water potable	Post & Telegraph	Day or days of the market/bat, if any	Communications (bus stop, Rly. station, water way).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Circle : Suruhoto 4/5									
15/4/5/1	Suruhoto H.Q.	NA	817(158)	P(3),H(1)	D(1),PHS(1)	TK	PO		-(10+ kms)
15/4/5/2	Yehemi	NA	749(159)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	TK	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/5/3	Kiyatha	NA	100 (22)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	W	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/5/4	Tichipami	NA	836(155)	M(1)	-(10+ kms)	W	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/5/5	Aghungu(Kukuto)	NA	85 (19)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	TK	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/5/6	Sapotimi	NA	284 (68)	M(1)	-(10+ kms)	TK	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/5/7	Kholeboto	NA	109 (23)	P(1)	-(5—10kms)	TK,W	-(5—10 kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/5/8	Surumi	NA	1,400(301)	P(1),M(1)	-(5—10kms)	TK,W	-(10+ kms)		-(5 kms)
15/4/5/9	Phuyemi (Old)	NA	390 (75)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	TK,W	-(10+ kms)		-(5 kms)
15/4/5/10	Aichisaghemi (N)	NA	415 (74)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	W	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/5/11	Aichisaghemi (S)	NA	686(147)	M(1)	-(10+ kms)	W	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/5/12	Vedami	NA	141 (31)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	W	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
15/4/5/13	Phuyemi (New)	NA	299 (62)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	TK,W	-(10+ kms)		-(10+ kms)
Circle Total		NA	6,311(1294)	P(12),M(4)	D(1),PHS(1)	...	...		...
				H(1)					

Note :— The total area could not be presented as the villages in Nagaland are not cadastrally surveyed.

AMENITIES AND LANDUSE.

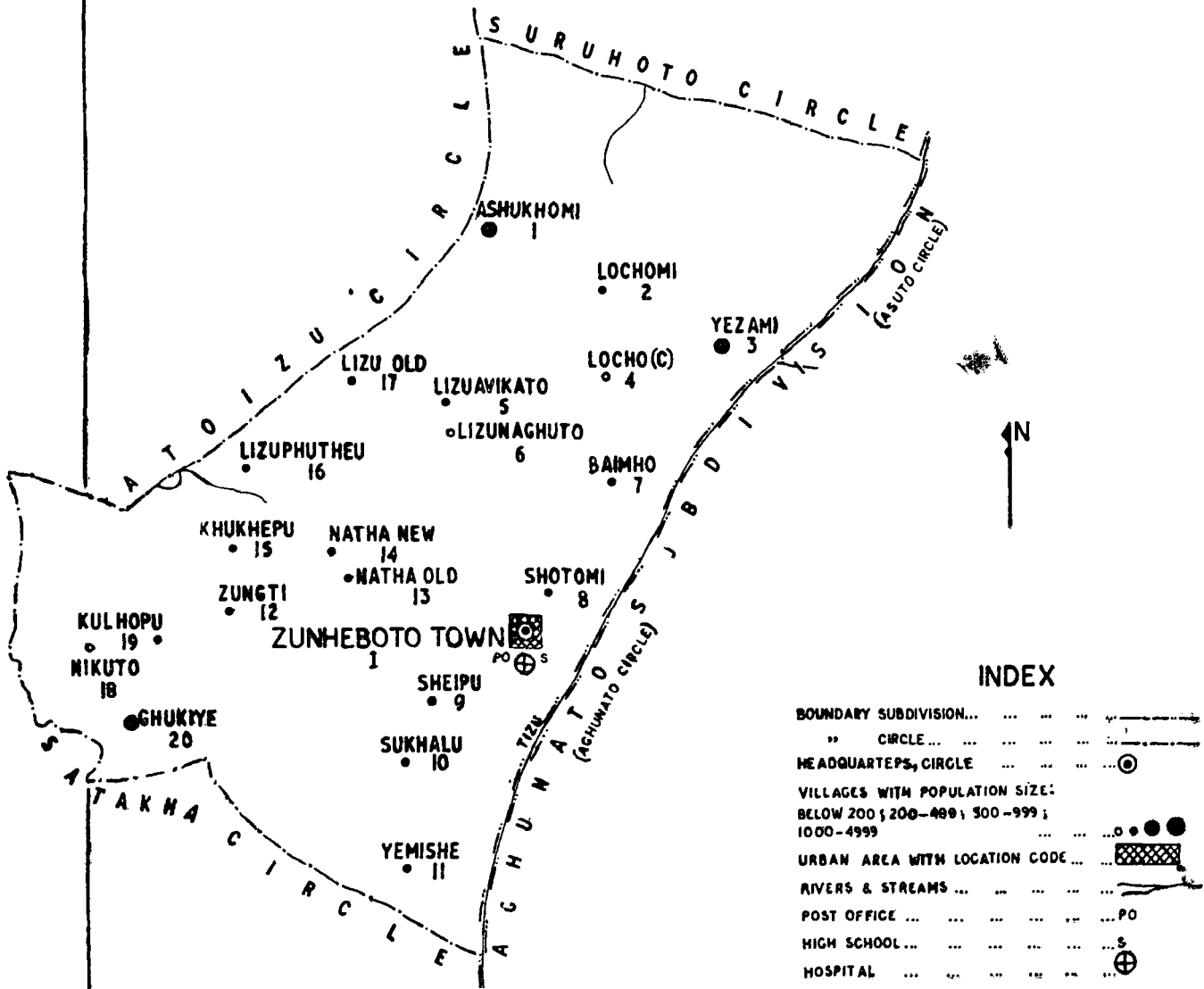
Zunheboto

Approach to village	Nearest town and distance (in kms.)	Power supply	Staple food	Landuse (i. e. area under different types of landuse in hectares rounded up to 2 decimal places).						Remark including any place of religious, historical or archeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated	Dry rice cultivation or unirrigated	Area under jhum cultivation	Period of rotation	Main crops under jhum cultivation	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
KR	Zunheboto (35)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	80.94	NA	121.41	8 Yrs	Paddy, Millet	...
KR	Zunheboto (45)	...	Rice, Maize	NA	364.22	NA	809.37	8 Yrs	Paddy, Millet	...
KR	Zunheboto (50)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	16.19	NA	404.69	8 Yrs	Paddy, Millet	...
KR	Zunheboto (47)	...	Rice, Maize	NA	20.23	NA	809.37	8 Yrs	Paddy, Millet	...
KR	Zunheboto (51)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	6.07	NA	40.47	8 Yrs	Paddy, Millet	...
KR	Zunheboto (30)	...	Rice, Maize	NA	60.70	NA	202.34	8 Yrs	Paddy, Millet	...
KR	Zunheboto (42)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	32.37	NA	80.94	8 Yrs	Paddy, Millet	...
KR	Zunheboto (41)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	202.34	NA	2,023.43	8 Yrs	Paddy, Millet	...
KR	Zunheboto (25)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	121.41	NA	728.43	8 Yrs	Paddy, Millet	...
KR	Zunheboto (24)	...	Rice, Maize	NA	283.28	NA	849.84	8 Yrs	Paddy, Millet	...
KR	Zunheboto (24)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	283.28	NA	849.84	8 Yrs	Paddy, Millet	...
KR	Zunheboto (29)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	80.94	NA	101.17	8 Yrs	Paddy, Millet	...
KR	Zunheboto (28)	...	Rice, Maize	NA	161.87	NA	607.03	8 Yrs	Paddy, Millet	...
...	...	...	...	NA	1,713.84	NA	1,628.33	...	...	...

ZUNHEBOTO SADAR CIRCLE

NAGALAND ZUNHEBOTO SADAR CIRCLE

CODE NO:4/6
ZUNHEBOTO DISTRICT
(NOTIONAL)



INDEX

BOUNDARY SUBDIVISION...	---
" CIRCLE ...	---
HEADQUARTERS, CIRCLE	⊙
VILLAGES WITH POPULATION SIZE:	
BELOW 200	•
200-499	••
500-999	•••
1000-4999	••••
URBAN AREA WITH LOCATION CODE	⊠
RIVERS & STREAMS	~~~~~
POST OFFICE	PO
HIGH SCHOOL	S
HOSPITAL	⊕

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF THE VILLAGES

District : Zunheboto

Circle : Zunheboto Sadar

Sl. No.	Name of the villages	Location code No.
1	2	3
1.	Asukhomi	4/6/1
2.	Baimho	4/6/7
3.	Ghukiye	4/6/20
4.	Khikhepu	4/6/15
5.	Kulhopu	4/6/19
6.	Lizu (Old)	4/6/17
7.	Lizuavikato	4/6/5
8.	Lizuphutheu	4/6/16
9.	Lizunaghuto	4/6/6
10.	Locho (C)	4/6/4
11.	Lochomi (New Village)	4/6/2
12.	Natha (New)	4/6/14
13.	Natha (Old)	4/6/13
14.	Nikuto	4/6/18
15.	Sheipu	4/6/9
16.	Shotomi	4/6/8
17.	Sukhalu	4/6/10
18.	Yemishe	4/6/3
19.	Yezami	4/6/11
20.	Zungti	4/6/12

1981 CENSUS - VILLAGE
AMENITIES AND

Location code No.	Name of village	Total area* of the vill. (in hectares)	Total population and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within in the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 kms., 5—10 kms., and 10+kms., of the nearest place where the facility is available is given.)					
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water potable	Post & Telegraph	Day-or days of the market/hat if any	Communications (bus stop, Rly. station, water way).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Circle : Zunheboto Sadar 4/6.									
15/4/6/1	Asukhomi	NA	783(162)	M(1)	-(10+ kms)	T	-(10+ kms)		-(-5kms)
15/4/6/2	Lochomi (New)	NA	301 (57)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	T	-(10+ kms)		-(-5kms)
15/4/6/3	Yezami	NA	590(124)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	T	-(10+ kms)		-(-5kms)
15/4/6/4	Locho (C)	NA	93 (12)	P(1)	-(5—10km)	T	-(5—10kms)		-(-5kms)
15/4/6/5	Lizuavikato	NA	347 (65)	-(5-10kms)	-(5—10kms)	T	-(5—10kms)		-(-5kms)
15/4/6/6	Lizunaghuto	NA	160 (25)	P(1)	-(5—10kms)	W	-(5—10kms)		-(-5kms)
15/4/6/7	Baimho	NA	374 (71)	P(1)	-(5—10kms)	T	-(5—10kms)		-(-5kms)
15/4/6/8	Shotomi	NA	221 (39)	P(1)	-(5—10kms)	T	-(5—10kms)		-(-5kms)
15/4/6/9	Sheipu	NA	378 (66)	P(1)	-(5—10km .)	T	-(5—10kms)		-(-5kms)
15/4/6/10	Sukhalu	NA	348 (67)	P(1)	-(5—10kms)	T	-(5—10kms)		-(-5kms)
15/4/6/11	Yemishe	NA	361 (75)	P(1)	-(5—10kms)	T	-(5—10kms)		-(-5kms)
15/4/6/12	Zungti	NA	280 (52)	P(1)	-(5—10kms)	T	-(5—10kms)		-(-5kms)
15/4/6/13	Natha (Old)	NA	237 (41)	P(1)	-(—5 kms)	T	-(—5 kms)		-(-5kms)
15/4/6/14	Natha (New)	NA	393 (57)	P(1)	-(—5 kms)	T	-(—5 kms)		-(-5kms)
15/4/6/15	Khikhepu	NA	255 (45)	P(1)	-(5—10kms)	T	-(5—10kms)		-(-5kms)
15/4/6/16	Lizuphuthu (New)	NA	264 (51)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	T	-(10+ kms)		-(-5kms)
15/4/6/17	Lizuphuthu (Old)	NA	293 (60)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	T	-(10+ kms)		-(-5kms)
15/4/6/18	Nikuto	NA	142 (27)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	T	-(10+ kms)		-(-5kms)
15/4/6/19	Kulhopu	NA	249 (43)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	T	-(10+ kms)		-(-5kms)
15/4/6/20	Ghukiye	NA	581(124)	P(1)	-(10+ kms)	T	-(10+ kms)		-(-5kms)
Circle Total		NA	6,650(1263)	P(18),M(1)	..	...	...		...

NOTE :— *The total area could not be presented as the villages in Nagaland are not cadastrally surveyed.

DIRECTORY
LANDUSE

Approach to village	Nearest town and distance (in kms.)	Power supply	Staple food	Landuse (i.e. area under different types of landuse in hectares rounded upto 2 decimal places).						Remark including any place of religious, historical or archeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated	Dry rice cultivation or unirrigated	Area under jhum cultivation	Period of rotation	Main crops under jhum cultivation	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
KR	Zunheboto (12)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (10)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (10)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (10)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (7)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (7)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (5)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (6)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (7)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (8)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (6)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (7)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (6)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (10)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (10)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (10)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (10)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (10)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (10)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (10)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
...	...	...	...	NA	NA	NA	NA	...	...	...

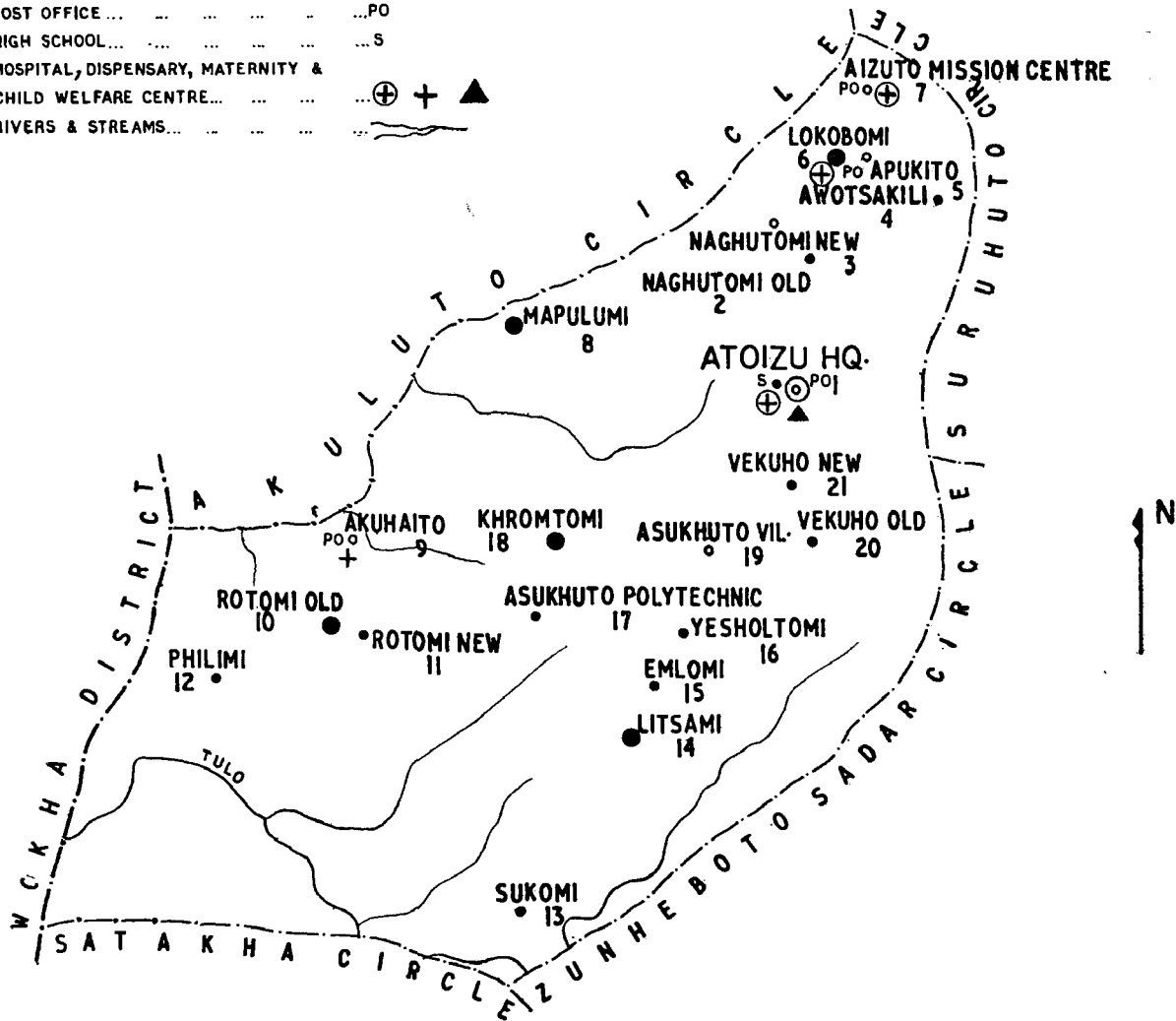
ATOIZO CIRCLE

NAGALAND ATOIZU CIRCLE

CODE NO:4/7
ZUNHEBOTO DISTRICT
(NOTIONAL)

INDEX

- BOUNDARY, DISTRICT... .. - - - - -
 " CIRCLE - - - - -
 HEADQUARTERS, CIRCLE ⊙
 VILLAGES WITH POPULATION SIZE:
 BELOW 200, 200-499, 500-999, 1000-4999...o ● ● ●
 POST OFFICE PO
 HIGH SCHOOL... .. S
 HOSPITAL, DISPENSARY, MATERNITY &
 CHILD WELFARE CENTRE... .. ⊕ + ▲
 RIVERS & STREAMS... .. ~~~~~



ALPHABETICAL LIST OF THE VILLAGES

District : Zunheboto

Circle : Atoizu

Sl. No.	Name of the villages	Location code No.
1	2	3
1.	Aizuto Mission Centre	4/7/7
2.	Akuhaito	4/7/9
3.	Apukito	4/7/5
4.	Asukhuto Polytechnic	4/7/17
5.	Asukhuto Village	4/7/19
6.	Atoizu H. Q.	4/7/1
7.	Awotsakili * (Aochakilimi)	4/7/4
8.	Emlomi	4/7/15
9.	Khromtomi	4/7/18
10.	Litsami	4/7/14
11.	Lokobomi	4/7/6
12.	Mapulumi	4/7/8
13.	Naghutomi (New) * (Nagatumi)	4/7/3
14.	Naghutomi (Old)	4/7/2
15.	Philimi	4/7/12
16.	Rotomi (New) * (Rottomi)	4/7/11
17.	Rotomi (Old)	4/7/10
18.	Sukomi	4/7/13
19.	Vekuho (New)	4/7/21
23.	Vekuho (Old)	4/7/20
21.	Yesholtomi	4/7/16

* As in 1971 Census

1981 CENSUS - VILLAGE
AMENITIES AND

Location code No.	Name of village	Total area* of the vill. (in hectares)	Total population and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within in the village, a dash (—) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 kms., 5—10 kms., and 10+kms., of the nearest place where the facility is available is given.)					
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water potable	Post & Telegraph	Day or days of the market/hat if any	Communications (bus stop, Rly. station, water way).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Circle : Atoizu 4/7									
15/4/7/1	Atoizu H.Q.	NA	447(84)	P(3),H(2)	H(1),D(1)	T	PO		BS
15/4/7/2	Naghutomi (Old)	NA	454(96)	P(3)	—(-5 kms)	T	—(-5 kms)		BS
15/4/7/3	Naghutomi (New)	NA	140(29)	P(3)	—(-5 kms)	T	—(-5 kms)		BS
15/4/7/4	Awotsakili	NA	329(59)	P(3)	—(-5 kms)	T	—(-5 kms)		BS
15/4/7/5	Apukito	NA	102(14)	M(2)	—(-5 kms)	T	—(-5 kms)		BS
15/4/7/6	Lokobomi	NA	366(63)	P(3)	H(1)	T	PO		BS
15/4/7/7	Aizuto Mission Centre	NA	169(30)	P(3)	H(1)	T	PO		BS
15/4/7/8	Mapulumi	NA	510(99)	P(3)	—(5-10 kms)	T	—(5-10 kms)		—(10+kms)
15/4/7/9	Akuhaito	NA	163(29)	M(2)	D(1)	T	PO		—(10+kms)
15/4/7/10	Rotomi (Old)	NA	706(131)	P(3)	—(-5 kms)	T	—(-5 kms)		—(10+kms)
15/4/7/11	Rotomi (New)	NA	295(57)	P(3)	—(-5 kms)	T	—(-5 kms)		—(10+kms)
15/4/7/12	Philimi	NA	474(98)	P(3)	—(5-10 kms)	T	—(5-10 kms)		—(10+kms)
15/4/7/13	Sukomi	NA	323(60)	P(3)	—(10+kms)	T	—(10+kms)		—(10+kms)
15/4/7/14	Litsami	NA	668(119)	P(3)	—(10+kms)	T	—(10+kms)		—(10+kms)
15/4/7/15	Emlomi	NA	309(55)	P(3)	—(10+kms)	T	—(10+kms)		—(10+kms)
15/4/7/16	Yesholtomi	NA	414(76)	P(3)	—(10+kms)	T	—(10+kms)		—(10+kms)

DIRECTORY
LANDUSE

Approach to village	Nearest town and distance (in kms.)	Power supply	Staple food	Landuse (i.e. area under different types of landuse in hectares rounded upto 2 decimal places).						Remark including any place of religious, historical or archaeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated	Dry rice cultivation or unirrigated	Area under jhum cultivation	Period of rotation	Main crops under jhum cultivation	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
KR	Zunheboto (25)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	8.09	60.70	80.94	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (35)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	40.47	20.23	404.69	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (35)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	10.11	4.05	40.47	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (30)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	20.23	6.07	202.34	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
PR	Zunheboto (32)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	6.48	4.05	101.17	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
PR	Zunheboto (31)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	40.47	8.09	242.81	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
PR	Zunheboto (31)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	2.43	1.62	40.47	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (45)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	20.23	20.23	80.94	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (40)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	4.05	4.05	80.94	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (48)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	40.47	8.09	323.75	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (48)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	32.37	6.07	141.64	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (50)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	10.12	4.05	1618.74	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (35)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	11.33	8.09	2023.43	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (33)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	12.14	8.09	2832.80	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (30)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	8.50	4.05	1214.06	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (28)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	12.14	46.54	2023.43	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...

1981 CENSUS - VILLAGE
AMENITIES AND

Location code No.	Name of village	Total area* of the vill. (in hect- ares)	Total popu- lation and number of hou- seholds	Amenities available (if not available within in the village, a dash (—) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 kms., 5—10 kms , and 10+kms., of the nearest place where the facility is available is given.)					
				Educa- tional	Medical	Drin- king water pota- ble	Post & Telegraph	Day or days of the mar- ket/hat, if any	Communications (bus stop, Rly. station, water way)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
15/4/7/17	Asukhuto Polytechnic	NA	318(77)	TR(1),P(3)	-(-5 kms)	T	-(-5 kms)		BS
15/4/7/18	Khromtomi	NA	543(99)	P(3)	-(10+kms)	T	(10+kms)		-(10+kms)
15/4/7/19	Asukhuto Vill.	NA	69(14)	-(NA)	-(-5 kms)	T	-(-5 kms)		BS
15/4/7/20	Vekuho (Old)	NA	348(60)	P(3)	-(-5 kms)	T	-(-5 kms)		BS
15/4/7/21	Vekuho (New)	NA	346(63)	P(3)	-(-5 kms)	T	-(-5 kms)		BS
Circlé Total		NA	7,493(1412)	P(54),H(2), M(4),TR(1)	H(3),D(2)	...	...		...

Note :— *The total area could not be presented as the villages in Nagaland are not cadastrally surveyed.

DIRECTORY
LANDUSE

Approach to village	Nearest town and distance (in kms)	Power supply	Staple food	Landuse (i.e. area under different types of landuse in hectares rounded up to 2 decimal places).						Remark including any place of religious, historical or archeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated	Dry rice cultivation or unirrigated	Area under jhum cultivation	Period of rotation	Main crops under jhum cultivation	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
PR	Zunheboto (35)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	6.07	4.05	80.94	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (30)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	16.19	8.09	2023.43	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (30)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	12.14	4.05	1618.74	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
PR	Zunheboto (30)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	24.28	8.09	2023.43	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Zunheboto (24)	ED	Rice, Maize	NA	20.23	8.09	2428.12	7 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
...	...	...	...	...	358.54	246.44	19627.28	...	...	...

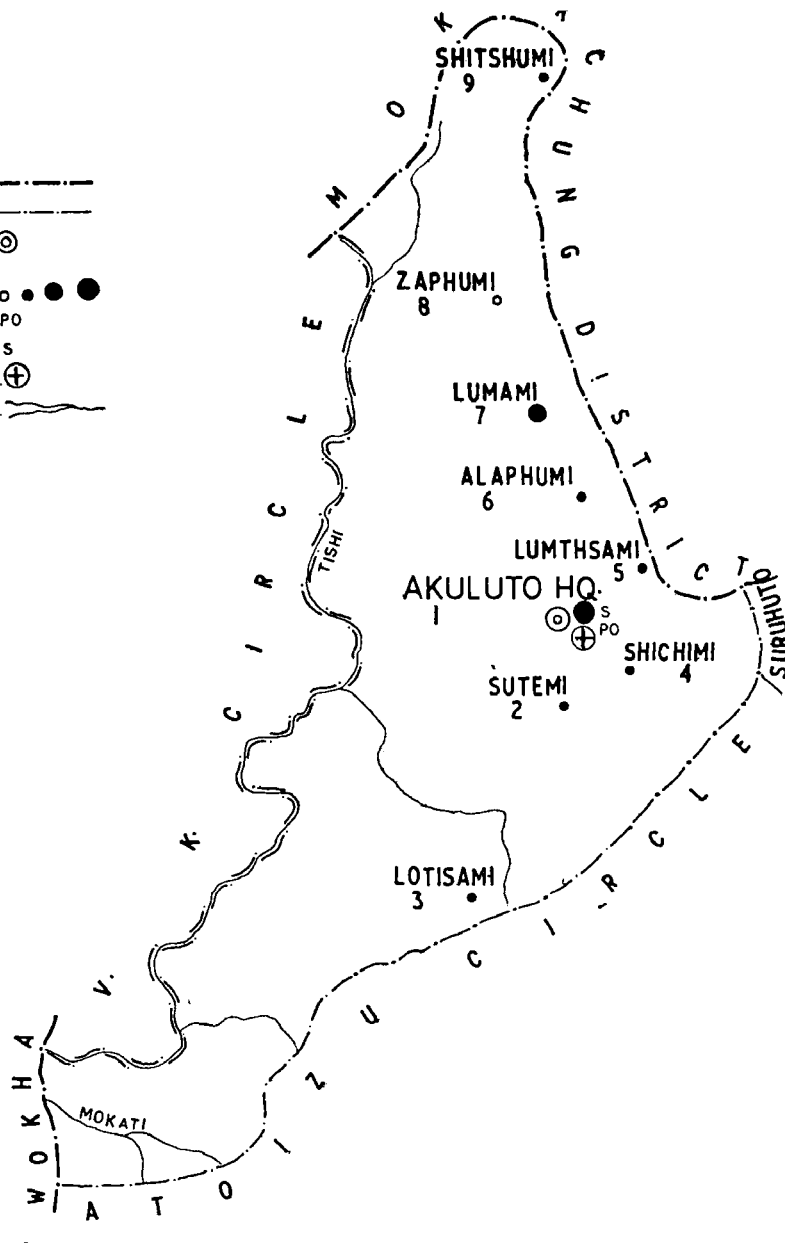
AKULUTO CIRCLE

NAGALAND AKULUTO CIRCLE

CODE NO: 4/8
ZUNHEBOTO DISTRICT
(NOTIONAL)

INDEX

BOUNDARY, DISTRICT...	---
" CIRCLE ...	---
HEADQUARTERS, CIRCLE ...	⊙
VILLAGES WITH POPULATION SIZE:	
BELOW 200, 200-499, 500-999, 1000-4999 ...	○ ● ● ●
POST OFFICE ...	PO
HIGH SCHOOL ...	S
HOSPITAL ...	⊕
RIVERS & STREAMS...	~~~~~



ALPHABETICAL LIST OF THE VILLAGES

District : Zunheboto

Circle : Akuluto

Sl. No.	Name of the villages	Location code No.
1	2	3
1.	Akuluto H. Q.	4/8/1
2.	Alaphumi	4/8/6
3.	Lotisami	4/8/3
4.	Lumami	4/8/7
5.	Lurathsami	4/8/5
6.	Shichimi	4/8/4
7.	Shitshimi * (Shitsumi)	4/8/9
8.	Sutemi	4/8/2
9.	Zaphumi	4/8/8

* As in 1971 Census.

1981 CENSUS - VILLAGE
AMENITIES AND

Location code No.	Name of village	Total area* of the vill. (in hectares)	Total population and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within in the village, a dash (—) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 kms., 5—10 kms , and 10+kms., of the nearest place where the facility is available is given.)					
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water potable	Post & Telegraph	Day or days of the market/hat, if any	Communications (bus stop, Rly. station, water way)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Circle : Akuluto 4/8									
15/4/8/1	Akuluto H. Q.	NA	1,032(156)	H(1)	H(1)	T	PO		BS
15/4/8/2	Sutemi	NA	459(90)	P(1)	-(5-10 kms)	T	-(5-10 kms)		-(5-10 kms)
15/4/8/3	Lotisami	NA	444(93)	M(1)	-(5-10 kms)	T	-(5-10 kms)		-(5-10 kms)
15/4/8/4	Shichimi	NA	240(38)	P(1)	-(5-10 kms)	T	-(5-10 kms)		-(5-10 kms)
15/4/8/5	Lumthsami	NA	491(105)	P(1)	-(5-10 kms)	T	-(5-10 kms)		-(5-10 kms)
15/4/8/6	Alaphumi	NA	490(106)	P(1)	-(5-10 kms)	T	-(5-10 kms)		BS
15/4/8/7	Lumami	NA	627(112)	P(1)	-(5-10 kms)	T	-(5-10 kms)		BS
15/4/8/8	Zaphumi	NA	168(37)	P(1)	-(5-10 kms)	T	-(5-10 kms)		BS
15/4/8/9	Shitshimi	NA	477(83)	P(1)	-(5-10 kms)	W	-(5-10 kms)		BS
	Circle Total	NA	4,428(820)	P(7),H(1),M(1)	H(1)	...	...		...

NOTE :— *The total area could not be presented as the villages in Nagaland are not cadastrally surveyed.

DIRECTORY
LANDUSE

Approach to village	Nearest town and distance (in kms)	Power supply	Staple food	Landuse (i.e. area under different types of landuse in hectares rounded up to 2 decimal places).						Remark including any place of religious, historical or archeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated	Dry rice cultivation or unirrigated	Area under jhum cultivation	Period of rotation	Main crops under jhum cultivation	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
PR	Zunheboto (42)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	15,000	20,000	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (43)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	17,000	22,000	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (62)	...	Rice	NA	NA	19,000	30,000	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (41)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	16,000	20,000	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (43)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	17,000	32,000	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (46)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	18,000	31,000	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (49)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	20,000	40,000	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (51)	...	Rice	NA	NA	12,000	32,000	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
KR	Zunheboto (62)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	10,000	20,000	8 Yrs	Paddy	...
...	...	...	...	NA	NA	144,000	247,000	...	...	...

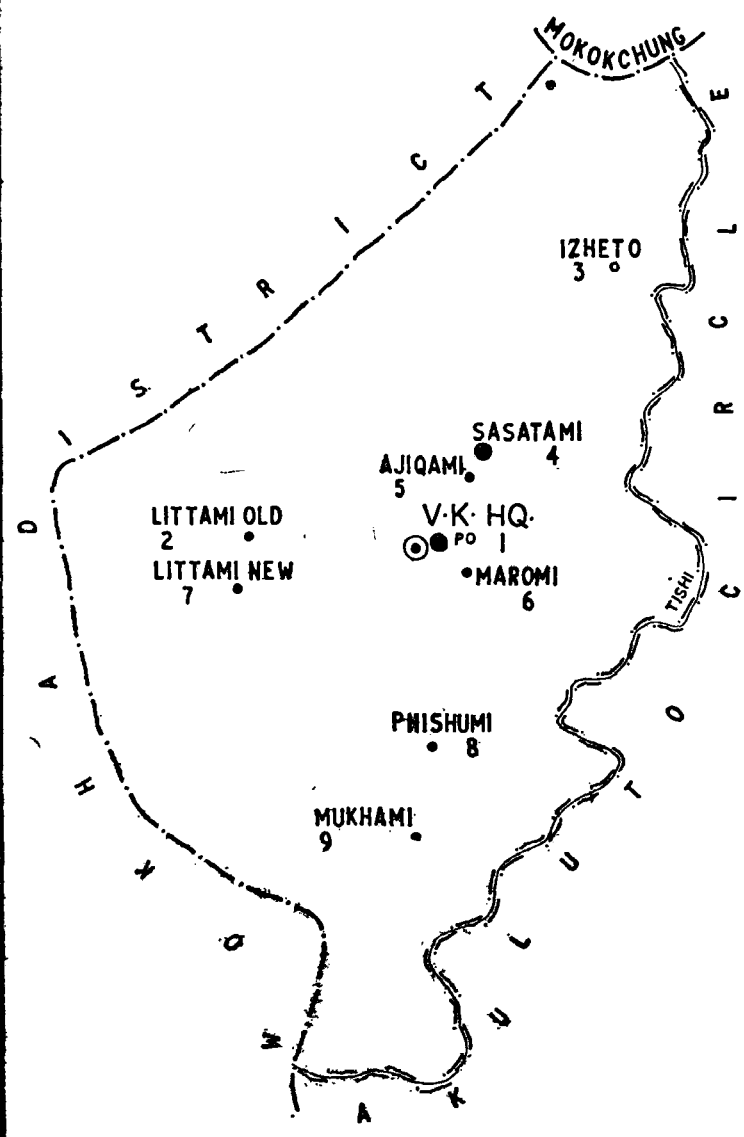
V. K. CIRCLE

NAGALAND V·K CIRCLE

CODE NO: 4/9

ZUNHEBOTO DISTRICT

(NOTIONAL)



INDEX

BOUNDARY, DISTRICT	---
" CIRCLE	---
HEADQUARTERS, CIRCLE	⊙
VILLAGES WITH POPULATION SIZE	
BELOW 200; 200-499; 500-999	○ ● ●
POST OFFICE	PO
RIVERS & STREAMS	~

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF THE VILLAGES

District : Zunheboto

Circle : V. K.

Sl. No.	Name of the Villages	Location code No.
1	2	3
1.	Ajiqami * (Ajiqumi)	4/9/5
2.	Izheto	4/9/3
3.	Littami (New)	4/9/7
4.	Littami (Old)	4/9/2
5.	Maromi	4/9/6
6.	Mukhami	4/9/9
7.	Phishumi	4/9/8
8.	Sasatami * (Sasutami)	4/9/4
9.	V. K. H. Q.	4/9/1

* As in 1971 Census.

1981 CENSUS - VILLAGE

District :

Location code No.	Name of village	Total area* of the vill. (in hectares)	Total population and number of households	Amenities available (if not available within in the village, a dash (-) is shown in the column and next to it in brackets the distance in broad ranges viz.—5 kms., 5—10 kms., and 10+ kms., of the nearest place where the facility is available is given.)					
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water potable	Post & Telegraph	Day or days of the market/hat if any	Communications (bus stop, Rly. station, water way).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Circle : V. K. 4/9									
15/4/9/1	V. K. H.Q.	NA	538(127)	P(1),M(1)	-(5—10 kms)	W	PO		BS
15/4/9/2	Littami (Old)	NA	455 (93)	P(1),M(1)	-(— 5 kms)	W	-(5—10 kms)		-(5—10 kms)
15/4/9/3	Izheto	NA	105 (23)	P(1)	-(— 5 kms)	W	-(— 5 kms)		-(— 5 kms)
15/4/9/4	Sasatami	NA	506(100)	P(1)	-(— 5 kms)	W	-(— 5 kms)		-(— 5 kms)
15/4/9/5	Ajiqami	NA	201 (34)	P(1)	-(— 5 kms)	W	-(— 5 kms)		-(— 5 kms)
15/4/9/6	Maromi	NA	373 (69)	P(1)	-(— 5 kms)	W	-(— 5 kms)		-(— 5 kms)
15/4/9/7	Littami (New)	NA	297 (55)	P(1)	-(5—10 kms)	W	-(5—10 kms)		-(5—10 kms)
15/4/9/8	Phishumi	NA	449 (93)	P(1)	-(5—10 kms)	W	-(5—10 kms)		-(5—10 kms)
15/4/9/9	Mukhami	NA	240 (51)	P(1)	-(5—10 kms)	W	-(5—10 kms)		-(10+ kms)
Circle Total		NA	3,264(645)	P(9),M(2)	...	...	...		...

NOTE :— *The total area could not be presented as the villages in Nagaland are not cadastrally surveyed.

AMENITIES AND LANDUSE.

Zunheboto

Approach to village	Nearest town and distance (in kms.)	Power supply	Staple food	Landuse (i. e. area under different types of landuse in hectares rounded up to 2 decimal places).						Remark including any place of religious, historical or archeological interest
				Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated	Dry rice cultivation or unirrigated	Area under jhum cultivation	Period of rotation	Main crops under jhum cultivation	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
PR	Mokokchung (35)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Mokokchung (42)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Mokokchung (30)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Mokokchung (34)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Mokokchung (35)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Mokokchung (36)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Mokokchung (37)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Mokokchung (43)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
KR	Mokokchung (51)	ED	Rice	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 Yrs	Rice, Maize	...
...	...	...	...	NA	NA	NA	NA	...	...	...

APPENDIX - I
CIRCLEWISE ABSTRACT OF EDUCATIONAL,

Name of

Sl. No.	Name of Circle	EDUCATIONAL											
		Primary School		Middle School		Matriculation secondary school		Higher Secondary/PUC/Intermediate/Junior college		College (graduate and above)		Adult literacy class/centres	
		Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1.	Satakha Circle	18	18	4	4	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.	Satoi Circle	7	7	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3.	Aghunato Circle	22	22	4	4	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1
4.	Asuto Circle	9	9	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5.	Suruhoto Circle	10	12	4	4	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
6.	Zunheboto												
	Sadar Circle	18	18	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7.	Atoizu Circle	18	54	2	4	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
8.	Akuluto Circle	7	7	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
9.	V. K. Circle	9	9	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Sl. No.	Name of Circle	MEDICAL (Contd.)							DRINKING WATER							
		Primary health sub-centre		Community health worker		Others		Villages with no medical facility	Tap	Well	Tank	Tubewell	River	Fountain	Canal	Others
		Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions									
		28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
1.	Satakha Circle	..	...	...	...	...	...	21	17	...	...	...	6	...	...	...
2.	Satoi Circle	2	2	...	...	...	...	8	6	...	...	...	...	3	...	2
3.	Aghunato Circle	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	10	...	2	...	...	...	...	16
4.	Asuto Circle	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5.	Suruhoto Circle	1	1	...	...	...	...	12	...	9	8	...	...	...	...	...
6.	Zunheboto															
	Sadar Circle	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	19	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
7.	Atoizu Circle	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8.	Akuluto Circle	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	8	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
9.	V. K. Circle	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...

VILLAGE DIRECTORY
 MEDICAL AND OTHER AMENITIES
 District

Educational (contd...)			MEDICAL									
Others		Villages with no educational facilities	Dispensary		Hospital		Maternity and child welfare Centre/Maternity home/child welfare centre		Primary Health Centre/Health Centre		Family planning centre	
Villages	Institutions		Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions	Villages	Institutions
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...
...	...	3	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	1	3	3	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	7	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	1	1	2	2	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
...

Drinking water (contd...)		POST AND TELEGRAPH							COMMUNICATION			POWER SUPPLY	
More than one source	Villages with no drinking water facility of any type	P.O.	T.O.	P.T.O.	P.O. & Phone	T.O. & Phone	P.T.O. & Phone	Phone	Bus Stop	Railway Station	Navigable water way	Available	Not available
43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	11	12
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	15
...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	21
4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	5
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	...
...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	...	21	...
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	7	2
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	9	...

APPENDIX--II VILLAGE DIRECTORY

LAND UTILISATION DATA IN RESPECT OF NON-MUNICIPAL TOWNS (CENSUS TOWNS)

District : Zunheboto

Sl. No.	Name of Town	Total area (in sq.kms)	Land use (i.e. area under different type of landuse in hectare rounded upto 2 decimal places)				Period of rotation	Main crops under jhum cultivation
			Forest	Wet rice cultivation or irrigated	Dry rice cultivation or unirrigated	Area under jhum cultivation		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1.	Zunheboto	3.00	NA	...	NA	NA	7 months	Rice, Maize, Millet, Potato & Ginger

APPENDIX--III VILLAGE DIRECTORY

LIST OF VILLAGE WHEN NO AMENITIES RELATING TO EDUCATION, MEDICAL, DRINKING WATER, P & T, COMMUNICATIONS APPROACH ROAD BY PUCCA AND POWER SUPPLY ARE AVAILABLE.

Name of Circle	Name of village	Location code No.
1	2	3
Asuto	Achikuchu B	15/4/4/3
	Khumishi B	15/4/4/7
	Khumishi A	15/4/4/8
	Niboshe North	15/4/4/14

APPENDIX—IV VILLAGE DIRECTORY

IV-B LIST OF VILLAGES ACCORDING TO THE PROPORTION OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES TO THE TOTAL POPULATION BY RANGES.

District : Zunheboto

Ranges of Scheduled tribes population (percentage)	L.C. No.	Name of villages	L.C. No.	Name of villages	L.C. No.	Name of villages
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Circle : Satakha

0—5*	...	...	...	...	...	...
6—15	...	...	...	...	...	...
16—25	...	...	...	...	...	...
26—35	...	...	...	...	...	...
36—50	...	...	...	...	...	...
51+	15/4/1/1	Satakha H.Q.	15/4/1/2	Satakha village	15/4/1/3	Momi
	15/4/1/4	Shoipu	15/4/1/5	Shena (New)	15/4/1/6	Shena (Old)
	15/4/1/7	Saptika A.S.H.Q.	15/4/1/8	Ustomi	15/4/1/9	Nunumi
	15/4/1/10	Tukunasami	15/4/1/11	Hoishe	15/4/1/12	Khukiye
	15/4/1/13	Lukhai	15/4/1/14	Kilo (Old)	15/4/1/15	Kivikhu
	15/4/1/16	Vishepu	15/4/1/17	Sukhai	15/4/1/18	Khuiyi
	15/4/1/19	Ghukhuyi	15/4/1/20	Zhekiye	15/4/1/21	Kiyekhu
	15/4/1/22	Aghuito	15/4/1/23	Shoikhe.		

Circle : Satoi

0—5*	...	...	...	...	...	...
6—15	...	...	...	...	...	...
16—25	...	...	...	...	...	...
26—35	...	...	...	...	...	...
36—50	...	...	...	...	...	...
51+	15/4/2/1	Satoi H.Q.	15/4/2/2	Satoi village	15/4/2/3	Ghokhuvi
	15/4/2/4	Tsuruhumi 'A'	15/4/2/5	Tsuruhumi 'B'	15/4/2/6	Thakiya
	15/4/2/7	Khuvukhu	15/4/2/8	Ikiye	15/4/2/9	Hokiye
	15/4/2/10	Itovi	15/4/2/11	Tsutoho.		

(Contd. 2)

Ranges of Scheduled tribes population (percentage)	L.C. No.	Name of villages	L.C. No.	Name of villages	L.C. No.	Name of villages
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Circle : Aghunato						
0-5*	...	...	...	...	...	...
6-15	...	...	...	...	...	...
16-25	...	...	...	...	...	...
26-35	...	...	...	...	...	...
36-50	...	...	...	...	...	...
51+	15/4/3/1	Aghunato H.Q.	15/4/3/2	Lukikhe	15/4/3/3	Keltomi
	15/4/3/4	Zheishe	15/4/3/5	Phuleshotomi	15/4/3/6	Lutsumi
	15/4/3/7	Lukhuyimi	15/4/3/8	Lower Akuba	15/4/3/9	Akubami village
	15/4/3/10	Thokihimi	15/4/3/11	Shevishe	15/4/3/12	Ghokishe
	15/4/3/13	Luvisho (Old)	15/4/3/14	Luvisho (New)	15/4/3/15	Tsukomi
	16/4/3/16	Viyilho	15/4/3/17	Viyikhe	15/4/3/18	Khukishe
	15/4/3/19	Aghuyilimi	15/4/3/20	Yezashimi	15/4/3/21	Tokiye
	15/4/3/22	Khetoi	15/4/3/23	Kheweto	15/4/3/24	Hoshepu
	15/4/3/25	Hoshepu A.S.H.Q.	15/4/3/26	Khekiye	15/4/3/27	Nihoshe (South)
	15/4/3/28	Hoshepu M.S.				
Circle : Asuto						
0-5*	...	...	...	...	...	...
6-15	...	...	...	...	...	...
16-25	...	...	...	...	...	...
26-35	...	...	...	...	...	...
36-50	...	...	...	...	...	...
51+	15/4/4/1	Asuto H.Q.	15/4/4/2	Asuto Village	15/4/4/3	Achikuchu (B)
	15/4/4/4	Achikuchu (A)	15/4/4/5	Yeshito	15/4/4/6	Kathara
	15/4/4/7	Khumishi (B)	15/4/4/8	Khumishi (A)	15/4/4/9	T. Island M.E. School
	15/4/4/10	Khumishi (C)	15/4/4/11	Khumishi (D)	15/4/4/12	Tizuhumi
	15/4/4/13	Kitahumi	15/4/4/14	Nihoshe North	15/4/4/15	Koibotomi
	15/4/4/16	Satami	15/4/4/17	Sahuboto M.E. School	15/4/4/18	Aghulitomi
	15/4/4/19	Melahumi	15/4/4/20	Ngozubomi	15/4/4/21	Lizutomi.

Ranges of Scheduled tribes population (percentage)	L.C. No.	Name of village	L.C. No.	Name of village	L.C. No.	Name of village
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Circle : Suruhoto						
0-5*	...	...	...	...	...	..
6-15	...	...	...	...	...	..
16-25	...	...	...	...	...	..
26-35	...	...	...	...	...	...
36-50	...	...	...	...	...	...
51+	15/4/5/1	Suruhoto H.Q.	15/4/5/2	Yehemi	15/4/5/3	Kiyatha
	15/4/5/4	Tichipami	15/4/5/5	Aghungu Kukuto	15/4/5/6	Sapotimi
	15/4/5/7	Kholeboto	15/4/5/8	Surumi	15/4/5/9	Phuyemi.(Old)
	15/4/5/10	Aichisaghemi (N)	15/4/5/11	Aichisaghemi (S)	15/4/5/12	Vedami
	15/4/5/13	Phuyemi (New)				
Circle : Zunheboto Sadar						
0-5*	...	...	...	...	...	...
6-15	...	...	...	...	...	...
16-25	...	...	...	...	...	...
26-35	...	...	...	...	...	...
36-50	...	...	...	...	...	...
51+	15/4/6/1	Asukhomi	15/4/6/2	Lochomi	15/4/6/3	Yezami
	15/4/6/4	Locho (C)	15/4/6/5	Lizuavikato	15/4/6/6	Lizu-naghuto
	15/4/6/7	Baimho	15/4/6/8	Shotomi	15/4/6/9	Sheipu
	15/4/6/10	Sukhalu	15/4/6/11	Yemishe	15/4/6/12	Zungti
	15/4/6/13	Natha (Old)	15/4/6/14	Natha (New)	15/4/6/15	Khukhepu
	15/4/6/16	Lizuphutheu (New)	15/4/6/17	Lizuphutheu (Old).	15/4/6/18	Chukiye
	15/4/6/19	Kulhopu	15/4/6/20	Nikuto.		
Circle : Atoizu						
0-5*	...	...	...	...	...	...
6-15	...	...	...	...	...	...
16-25	...	...	...	...	...	...
26-35	...	...	...	...	...	...
36-50	...	...	...	...	...	...

(Contd. 4)

Ranges of Scheduled tribes population (percentage)	L.C. No.	Name of village	L.C. No.	Name of village	L.C. No.	Name of village
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
51+	15/4/7/1	Atoizu H.Q.	15/4/7/2	Naghutomi (Old)	15/4/7/3	Naghutomi (New)
	15/4/7/4	Awotsakili	15/4/7/5	Apukito	15/4/7/6	Lokobomi
	15/4/7/7	Aizuto Mission Centre	15/4/7/8	Mapulumi	15/4/7/9	Akuhaito
	15/4/7/10	Rotomi (Old)	15/4/7/11	Rotomi (New)	15/4/7/12	Philimi
	15/4/7/13	Sukomi	15/4/7/14	Litsami	15/4/7/15	Emlomi
	15/4/7/16	Yesholtomi	15/4/7/17	Asukhuto polytechnic	15/4/7/18	Khromtomi
	15/4/7/19	Asukhuto village	15/4/7/20	Vekuho (Old)	15/4/7/21	Vekuho (New).
Circle : Akuluto						
0—5*	...	...	...	...	...	...
6—15	...	...	...	...	...	...
16—25	...	...	...	...	...	...
26—35	...	...	...	...	...	...
36—50	...	...	...	...	...	...
50+	15/4/8/1	Akuluto H.Q.	15/4/8/2	Sutemi	15/4/8/3	Lotisami
	15/4/8/4	Sichimi	15/4/8/5	Lumthsami	15/4/8/6	Alaphumi
	15/4/8/7	Lumami	15/4/8/8	Zaphumi	15/4/8/9	Shitshumi.
Circle : V. K.						
0—5*	...	...	...	...	...	...
6—15	...	...	...	...	...	...
16—25	...	...	...	...	...	...
26—35	...	...	...	...	...	...
36—50	...	...	...	...	...	...
50+	15/4/9/1	V.K. H.Q.	15/4/9/2	Littam (Old)	15/4/9/3	Izheto
	15/4/9/4	Sasatami	15/4/9/5	Ajiqami	15/4/9/6	Maromi
	15/4/9/7	Littami (New)	15/4/9/8	Phishumi	15/4/9/9	Mukhami.

Note :— Excludes villages with no scheduled tribe population.

SECTION — II

TOWN DIRECTORY

NOTES ON TOWN DIRECTORY

The abbreviations used in the Town Directory statement are as follows :—

1. Statement-I

C.T. = Census Town.

2. Statement-II

C.T. = Census Town.

3. Statement-III

C.T. = Census Town.

P.R. = Pucca Road.

K.R. = Kutcha Road.

O.S.D. = Open Surfaced Drains.

S.T. = Septic Tank Latrines.

S. = Sewerage.

T. = Tap water.

S.R. = Service Reservoir.

4. Statement-IV

H. = Hospital.

D. = Dispensary.

Sh. type = Shorthand & Type Writing.

TOWN
STATEMENT
STATUS AND

Sl. No.	Class, name and civic administration status of town	Location code No.	Name of circle	Area (in sq. kms)	Number of households including houseless households (in 1981 Census)	Population and growth rate of the town at the censuses of		
						1981	1911	1921
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

1.	V. Zunheboto (C.T.)	15/4/I	Zunheboto	3.00	1,396
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STATEMENT
PHYSICAL ASPECTS AND

Sl. No.	Class and name of town.	Physical aspects			Name of and road distance (in Kms) from		
		Rainfall (in mm)	Temperature (in centigrade)		State H. QS.	District H. QS.	Circle H. QS.
			Maximum	Minimum			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

1.	V. Zunheboto	NA	NA	NA	Kohima 150.0	Zunheboto 0	Zunheboto 0
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DIRECTORY

—I

GROWTH HISTORY

						Density (1981) Census)	Sex ratio		
1931	1941	1951	1961	1971	1981		1961 Census	1971 Census	1981 Census
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
...	7,678	2,559	...	...	716

—II

LOCATIONAL OF TOWNS, 1979

Nearest city with population on one lakh and more	Railway station	Bus route	Navigable river/canal (if within 10 kms.)
9	10	11	12
Imphal, Manipur (295)	Mariani, Assam (153)	Kohima via Chazouba=150 kms. Kohima via Yechemi Yangli road=235 kms. Mokokchung=68 kms.	

STATEMENT –
MUNICIPAL FINANCE

Sl. No.	Class and name of town	Civic administration status (in 1980)	Receipt				
			Receipt through taxes etc.	Revenue derived from municipal properties and power apart from taxation	Government grant	Loan	Advance
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

1.	Zunheboto	C. T.
----	-----------	-------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

STATEMENT –
CIVIC AND OTHER

Sl. No	Class and name of town	Civic administration status (in 1980)	Population	Scheduled caste and scheduled tribe population	Road length (in kms.)	System of sewerage	Number of latrines		
							Water borne	Service	Others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

1.	V. Zunheboto	C.T.	7,678	5,783	PR- 5.0 KR-17.0	OSD	241	296	859
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III

1978-79

(in Rs. 00)		Expenditure (in Rs. 00)						
Other sources (specify)	Total receipt	General administration	Public safety	Public health and conveniences	Public works	Public institutions	Other (specify)	Total Expenditure
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

IV

AMENITIES, 1979

Method of disposal of night soil	Protected water supply		Fire fighting service	Electrification (Number of connections)				
	Source of supply	System of storage with capacity in litres (in brackets)		Domestic	Industrial	Commercial	Road lighting (points)	Others
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19

ST, S

T

SR
(90,919)

Yes

518

...

178

137

2

STATEMENT
MEDICAL, EDUCATIONAL, RECREATIONAL AND

Sl. No.	Class and name of town	Population	Medical		Educational facilities				
			Hospital/Dispensaries/T.B. clinics, etc.	Beds in medical institutions noted in column 4	Arts/Science/Commerce colleges (of degree level and above)	Medical colleges	Engineering colleges	Polytechnics	Recognised shorthand, typewriting and vocational training institutions
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

1: V. Zunheboto 7,678 H(1),D(1) 50 Mokokchung Imphal, Jorhat, Ateizu Type
(68) Manipur Assam (75) 1
(295) (171)

STATEMENT
TRADE, COMMERCE,

Sl. No.	Class and name of town	Name of three most important commodities imported			Name of three most important commodities exported		
		1st	2nd	3rd	1st	2nd	3rd
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

1. Zunheboto Rice Salt Cloth

CULTURAL FACILITIES IN TOWN, 1979

Educational facilities					Number of working women's hostels with number of seats	Number of Recreational & cultural facilities			
Higher Secondary/ Intermediate/PUC (pre-university college)/Junior College level	Secondary/Matriculation	Junior Secondary and Middle schools	Primary schools	Adult literacy classes/centres, others (specify		Stadium	Cinema	Auditoria/Drama/Community halls	Public libraries including reading rooms
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20

1 2 4 6 1 1 1 ...

INDUSTRY AND BANKING, 1979

Name of three most important commodities manufactured			Number of banks	Number of agricultural credit societies	Number of non-agricultural credit societies
1st	2nd	3rd			
9	10	11	12	13	14

... 2 1 ...

PART—B

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

Fly Leaf

In this part the basic population figures in respect of the district, villages in rural area, for each ward in urban areas and Scheduled tribes population figures for the district have been presented separately. In Census terminology this statement is called Primary Census Abstract (PCA). The four types of PCA which have been presented in this part are as follows :—

The district Primary Census Abstract contains 39 columns. The village and Town Primary Census Abstracts contains 28 columns each and the Primary Census Abstract for Scheduled Tribes contains 31 columns. The above Primary Census Abstracts are explained separately as follows :—

District Primary Census Abstract

The data presented in district Primary Census Abstract are the basic data for preparation of the series of Census tables of 1981 Census which is presented in 39 columns. The data contained in the Primary Census Abstract cover specified jurisdictions down from block level to the state/district level with rural-urban break-up. The Primary Census Abstract mainly provides the data for total, rural and urban break-up of specified jurisdictions i. e. state, district, circle, town and village levels and covers the (1) area figures in square kilometres, (2) number of occupied residential houses, (3) number of households, (4) total population, (5) scheduled tribe population, (6) literate population, (7) total main workers, (8) marginal workers and (9) non-workers. In this publication, the data are presented down to circle and town level only. The presentation of the above information in 39 columns in the abstract are divided into three broad parts. In the first part the serial numbers of the specified jurisdictions, name of the district, circle and town are given in column 1-3.

In the second part of the abstract, column 4-6 cover the information of area in square kilometres, number of occupied residential houses and number of household respectively.

The third part starting from column 7 onwards comprises the Chief Socio-demographic aspects giving sexwise information separately for total population with a break-up of scheduled castes/scheduled tribes, literates, workers and non-workers.

Columns 7-9 of the abstract show the total population of the specified area by sex. This population includes the institutional and houseless population also. Columns 13-18 give the scheduled tribes and literate population by sex. Columns 19-21 give the data for total main workers by sex. The total main workers have further been divided into four broad categories. They are, (1) Cultivators, (2) Agricultural labourers, (3) Household industry, manufacturing, processing, servicing and repairs and (4) Other workers. The category-wise data by sex are given in columns 22-33. The data for marginal workers which has been shown for the first time in 1981 Census are given in columns 34-36. Non-workers have been clubbed under columns 37-39 with sexwise details.

Village and Town Primary Census Abstract

The Village and Town Primary Census Abstracts can be divided into following five parts for column wise illustration.

(a) The first part contains two columns, e.g., columns 1 and 2, code number assigned to each village within each circle and for each ward within the town and name of each village within each circle and name of town/ward within the urban area.

(b) The second part of the Abstract relates to the information pertaining to the total area, number of occupied residential houses, number of households, sexwise distribution of population, for each village within the circles in the rural areas and for each ward incase of urban area. The total area in column 3 has been given for the town only but the same could not be furnished for each village within each circle as the villages in the district are not cadastrally surveyed. The total number of occupied residential houses in column 4. excludes the vacant houses and other houses which are used for non-residential purposes and the information is based on the Abridged Houselist of 1981 enumeration. The number of households in column 5 has been presented on the basis of Household Schedule. The total population figures in column 6 has been distributed sexwise in column 7 and 8 of the Abstract for each village and urban ward which also include houseless and institutional population.

(c) The third part of the Abstract contains column 9 to 12. The columns 9 and 10 are kept blank as there is no scheduled caste population in Nagaland as per the Constitution (Nagaland), Scheduled Tribe Order, 1970. In columns 11 and 12 the sexwise population of scheduled tribes have been presented. The sexwise literacy figures have been presented in columns 13 and 14.

(d) The fourth part from columns 15-26 deals with working population. In columns 15 and 16 sexwise main workers have been given whereas from columns 17-24 the figures relating to the main workers into four broad categories of workers have been presented. These categories include workers engaged in cultivation, Agricultural labourers, Household industry and the remaining workers which fall under the industrial classification in category III, IV, V (b) and VI to IX under the heading "Other workers". It may be noted that the particulars about these categories of workers are not being presented in the Primary Census Abstract itself separately, however, the same has been presented in table-B-3 of Part-III of our publication. In column 25-26 sexwise particulars of marginal workers have been presented. This category of workers is other than the main workers and are engaged in economic pursuits for only some part of the year.

(e) The fifth part contains with the non-working population who are dependent on others. The informations have been presented in columns 27-28 of this statement.

The definitions of all the categories of workers, non-workers and other items of the Abstract are given in the analytical note of this book.

The District Primary Census Abstract has been presented first and thereafter the Abstracts in respect of each circle have been presented by rural and urban units separately.

Scheduled Tribes Primary Census Abstract

This is a new table introduced in 1981 Census to be incorporated in this publication to facilitate the urgent need of the data to the planners, demographers, economists and other data users. This table corresponds to the table C-VIII Part-B of 1961 and 1971 Censuses. This table gives the data for scheduled castes and scheduled tribes separately by number of households, literates, broad industrial categories of main workers, marginal workers and non-workers for total, rural and urban separately which is prepared manually on full count. There is no scheduled castes in Nagaland as per the Constitution (Nagaland)

Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Modified Order of 1976. According to this order the following tribes are listed as Scheduled Tribes in Nagaland:-

1. Garo
2. Kachari
3. Kuki
4. Mikir
5. Naga

In accordance with the list of Scheduled Tribes the persons whose tribes are found within Nagaland were recorded as Scheduled Tribes at the time of enumeration and are entered in this table. It may be noted that the term 'Naga' is not exhaustive and it is a common name of the community as a whole. To facilitate with more detail it is decided that the major tribes of the state falling under 'Naga' will also be shown separately in the Census Tables. The name of the 16 Generic Naga Tribes as notified under 'Naga' are as follows :

- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| 1. Angami | 9. Makware |
| 2. Ao | 10. Phom |
| 3. Chakhesang | 11. Rengma |
| 4. Chang | 12. Sangtam |
| 5. Chirr | 13. Sema |
| 6. Khiemnungan | 14. Tikhir |
| 7. Konyak | 15. Yimchungre |
| 8. Lotha | 16. Zeliang. |

DISTRICT PRIMARY

Sl. No.	District/Circle/Town	Total/Rural/Urban	Area in Km ²	No. of Occupied Residential Houses	No. of Households	Total Population (including Institutional and Houseless Population)		
						P	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
4.	ZUNHEBOTO DISTRICT	Total	1,255.00	11,517	11,517	61,161	31,136	30,025
		Rural	1,252.00	10,121	10,121	53,483	26,662	26,821
		Urban	3.00	1,396	1,396	7,678	4,474	3,204
1.	Satakha	Total (R)	NA	2,075	2,075	11,143	5,737	5,406
2.	Satoi	Total (R)	NA	402	402	2,169	1,098	1,071
3.	Aghunato	Total (R)	NA	1,383	1,383	7,389	3,562	3,827
4.	Asuto	Total (R)	NA	827	827	4,736	2,384	2,352
5.	Suruhoto	Total (R)	NA	1,294	1,294	6,311	3,063	3,248
6.	Zunheboto Sadar	Total (R)	NA	1,263	1,263	6,650	3,217	3,433
7.	Atoizu	Total (R)	NA	1,412	1,412	7,493	3,735	3,758
8.	Akuluto	Total (R)	NA	820	820	4,428	2,283	2,145
9.	V. K.	Total (R)	NA	645	645	3,164	1,583	1,581
10.	Zunheboto Town	Total (U)	3.00	1,396	1,396	7,678	4,474	3,204

M A I N

Sl. No.	District/Circle/Town	Total/Rural/Urban	Cultivators (I)			Agricultural Labourers (II)			Household Industry, Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing & Repairs V (a)		
			P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
			22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1	2	3									
4.	ZUNHEBOTO DISTRICT	Total	21,683	9,309	12,374	97	53	44	103	58	45
		Rural	21,271	9,145	12,125	60	32	28	58	24	34
		Urban	412	164	248	37	21	16	45	34	11
1.	Satakha	Total (R)	3,880	1,619	2,261	2	1	1	10	3	7
2.	Satoi	Total (R)	868	385	483	4	4	...	...	...	...
3.	Aghunato	Total (R)	2,794	1,091	1,703	2	1	1	1	...	1
4.	Asuto	Total (R)	2,019	902	1,117	1	1	...	6	3	3
5.	Suruhoto	Total (R)	2,769	1,243	1,526	6	2	4	...	...	...
6.	Zunheboto Sadar	Total (R)	2,923	1,208	1,715	7	4	3	1	...	1
7.	Atoizu	Total (R)	3,224	1,423	1,801	26	9	17	16	8	8
8.	Akuluto	Total (R)	1,612	756	856	3	2	1	21	9	12
9.	V. K.	Total (R)	1,182	513	664	9	8	1	3	1	2
10.	Zunheboto Town	Total (U)	412	164	248	37	21	16	45	34	11

CENSUS ABSTRACT

Scheduled Castes			Scheduled Tribes			Literates			Total main wokers (I-IX)		
P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
...	58,249	28,959	29,290	27,883	16,444	11,439	27,872	14,726	13,146
...	52,466	25,900	26,566	22,801	13,236	9,565	25,192	12,494	12,698
...	5,783	3,059	2,724	5,082	3,208	1,874	2,680	2,232	448
...	10,666	5,372	5,294	5,600	3,361	2,239	5,021	2,654	2,367
...	2,145	1,078	1,067	820	510	310	995	497	498
...	7,276	3,477	3,799	3,141	1,773	1,368	3,291	1,518	1,773
...	4,731	2,379	2,352	1,630	980	650	2,214	1,065	1,149
...	6,260	3,020	3,240	1,985	1,143	842	3,118	1,531	1,587
...	6,617	3,196	3,421	2,703	1,510	1,193	3,252	1,487	1,765
...	7,395	3,671	3,724	3,052	1,773	1,279	3,851	1,900	1,951
...	4,293	2,177	2,116	2,269	1,275	994	1,988	1,074	914
...	3,083	1,530	1,553	1,601	911	690	1,462	768	694
...	5,783	3,059	2,724	5,082	3,208	1,874	2,680	2,232	448

WORKERS

Other workers (III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX)			Marginal works			Non - workers		
P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
5,989	5,306	683	404	193	211	32,885	16,217	16,668
3,803	3,293	510	399	191	208	27,892	13,977	13,915
2,186	2,013	173	5	2	3	4,993	2,240	2,753
1,129	1,031	98	12	9	3	6,110	3,074	3,036
123	108	15	86	32	54	1,088	569	519
494	426	68	...	...	...	4,098	2,044	2,054
188	159	29	...	...	...	2,522	1,319	1,203
343	286	57	62	8	54	3,131	1,524	1,607
321	275	46	58	34	24	3,340	1,696	1,644
585	460	125	2	...	2	3,640	1,835	1,805
352	307	45	...	...	...	2,440	1,209	1,231
268	241	27	179	108	71	1,523	707	816
2,186	2,013	173	5	2	3	4,993	2,240	2,753

VILLAGE PRIMARY
SATAKHA

Location code No.	Name of Village Town/Ward	Area of Village in Hectares & of Town Ward in Km ²	No. of occupied Residential Houses	No. of House- holds	Total Population includ- ing Institutional & House- less Population			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
4/1	SATAKHA CIRCLE	NA	2,075	2,075	11,143	5,737	5,406	...	...	5,372	5,294
15/4/1/1	Satakha H.Q.	NA	416	416	2,264	1,308	956	...	...	987	844
15/4/1/2	Satakha Village	NA	63	63	374	173	201	...	...	173	201
15/4/1/3	Momi	NA	41	41	177	94	83	...	...	94	83
15/4/1/4	Shoipu	NA	95	95	476	244	232	...	...	244	232
15/4/1/5	Shena (New)	NA	71	71	517	266	251	...	...	266	251
15/4/1/6	Shena (Old)	NA	229	229	1,310	653	657	...	...	653	657
15/4/1/7	Saptika A.S. H.Q.	NA	19	19	121	69	52	...	...	66	52
15/4/1/8	Ustomi (Usukomi)	NA	188	188	990	473	517	...	...	473	517
15/4/1/9	Nunumi	NA	90	90	403	201	202	...	...	201	202
15/4/1/10	Tukunasami	NA	36	36	202	109	93	...	...	109	93
15/4/1/11	Hoishe	NA	56	56	259	123	136	...	...	123	136
15/4/1/12	Khukiye	NA	57	57	319	153	166	...	...	153	166
15/4/1/13	Lukhai	NA	53	53	282	137	145	...	...	137	145
15/4/1/14	Kilo Old	NA	35	35	172	89	83	...	...	89	83
15/4/1/15	Kivikhu	NA	76	76	428	228	200	...	...	194	200
15/4/1/16	Vishepu	NA	92	92	429	228	201	...	...	221	201
15/4/1/17	Sukhai	NA	79	79	414	198	216	...	...	198	216
15/4/1/18	Khuivi (Khivi)	NA	138	138	577	271	306	...	...	271	306
15/4/1/19	Chukhuyi (Ghukiyi)	NA	35	35	222	114	108	...	...	114	108
15/4/1/20	Zhekiye	NA	53	53	320	154	166	...	...	154	166
15/4/1/21	Kiyekhu	NA	72	72	400	197	203	...	...	197	203
15/4/1/22	Aghuito	NA	11	11	78	41	37	...	...	41	37
15/4/1/23	Shoikhe	NA	70	70	409	214	195	...	...	214	195

CENSUS ABSTRACT
CIRCLE 4/1

Literates		MAIN WORKERS										Marginal workers		Non-workers	
		Total main workers (I-IX)		Cultivators		Agricultural Labourers (II)		Household Industry Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs V (a)		Other workers (III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX)					
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
3,361	2,239	2,654	2,367	1,619	2,261	1	1	3	7	1,031	98	9	3	3,074	3,036
923	505	663	115	18	61	...	...	1	3	644	51	...	...	645	841
84	76	70	86	45	83	...	...	...	...	25	3	...	...	103	115
37	15	43	41	38	40	...	...	...	...	5	1	1	...	50	42
104	77	106	118	90	117	...	...	...	...	16	1	...	...	138	114
167	127	84	126	69	124	...	...	...	...	15	2	1	...	181	125
513	433	241	253	211	249	...	...	2	2	28	2	...	1	412	403
68	45	19	13	5	8	...	...	...	...	14	5	...	...	50	39
165	74	273	299	259	298	1	1	...	...	13	...	...	...	200	218
105	68	112	136	99	131	...	...	...	2	13	3	...	...	89	66
61	38	45	40	37	40	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	64	53
73	56	71	89	52	87	...	...	...	...	19	2	...	...	52	47
102	66	79	85	56	82	...	...	...	...	23	3	...	...	74	81
80	57	66	73	48	73	...	...	...	...	18	...	...	...	71	72
47	28	39	38	33	38	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	50	45
127	74	110	80	50	75	...	...	...	...	60	5	...	...	118	120
131	82	111	113	74	110	...	...	...	...	37	3	...	...	117	88
121	96	61	91	53	88	...	...	...	...	8	3	...	...	137	125
142	93	109	145	91	141	...	...	...	...	18	4	...	...	162	161
49	45	38	45	35	43	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	...	76	63
72	55	84	110	68	110	...	...	...	...	16	...	4	1	66	55
73	44	119	139	102	138	..	...	...	...	17	1	...	...	78	64
38	22	11	13	3	12	...	...	...	...	8	1	3	1	27	23
79	63	100	119	83	113	...	...	...	...	17	6	...	...	114	76

VILLAGE PRIMARY
SATOI

Location code No.	Name of village Town/Ward	Area of village in hect ares. & of town ward in Km ²	No. of occu- pied residen- tial houses	No. of house holds	Total population inclu- ding institutional & houseless population			Scheduled castes		Scheduled tribes		Literates	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
4/2	SATOI CIRCLE	NA	402	402	2,169	1,098	1,071	...	..	1,078	1,067	510	310
15/4/2/1	Satoi H.Q.	NA	42	42	231	131	100	...	...	111	96	92	51
15/4/2/2	Satoi Village	NA	30	30	180	78	102	...	...	78	102	26	39
15/4/2/3	Ghokhuvi	NA	69	69	358	187	171	...	...	187	171	81	32
15/4/2/4	Tsuruhumi (A)	NA	19	19	102	51	51	...	...	51	51	20	10
15/4/2/5	Tsuruhumi (B)	NA	17	17	98	54	44	...	...	54	44	27	13
15/4/2/6	Thakiye	NA	58	58	301	147	154	...	...	147	154	65	49
15/4/2/7	Khuvukhu	NA	24	24	106	56	50	...	...	56	50	23	10
15/4/2/8	Ikiye	NA	27	27	148	72	76	...	...	72	76	26	16
15/4/2/9	Hokiye	NA	35	35	198	106	92	...	...	106	92	48	25
15/4/2/10	Itovi	NA	13	13	88	41	47	...	...	41	47	19	14
15/4/2/11	Tsutoho	NA	68	68	359	175	184	...	...	175	184	83	51

CENSUS ABSTRACT

CIRCLE 4/2

M A I N W O R K E R S													
Total main workers (I-IX)		Cultivators (I)		Agricultural labourers (II)		Household industry, Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs V (a)		Other workers (III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX)		Marginal workers		Non-workers	
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
497	498	385	483	4	...	...	..	108	15	32	54	569	519
68	30	8	23	3	...	...	...	57	7	...	16	63	54
33	35	29	35	1	...	...	...	3	...	8	22	37	45
90	88	85	87	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	2	97	81
17	17	15	16	...	...	...	...	2	1	13	10	21	24
23	23	19	23	...	...	...	...	4	...	10	4	21	17
65	83	56	81	...	...	...	...	9	2	...	...	82	71
27	32	24	30	...	...	..	...	3	2	1	...	28	18
34	39	31	38	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	38	37
64	52	49	51	...	...	...	..	15	1	...	...	42	40
14	23	12	23	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	27	24
62	76	57	76	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	113	108

VILLAGE PRIMARY
AGHUNATO

Location code No.	Name of village Town/Ward	Area of village in hect ares & of town ward in Km ²	No. of occu- pied reside- ntial houses	No. of house holds	Total population inclu- ding institutional & houseless population			Scheduled castes		Scheduled tribes		Literates	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
4/3	AGHUNATO CIRCLE	NA	1,383	1,383	7,389	3,562	3,827	...	...	3,477	3,799	1,773	1,368
15/4/3/1	Aghunato H.Q.	NA	160	160	844	453	386	...	...	389	360	237	199
15/4/3/2	Lukikhe	NA	35	35	215	109	106	...	...	103	105	41	29
15/4/3/3	Keltomi	NA	46	46	344	159	185	...	...	159	185	90	77
15/4/3/4	Zheishe	NA	34	34	183	93	90	...	...	93	90	41	19
15/4/3/5	Phuleshetomi	NA	46	46	262	122	140	...	...	122	140	55	40
15/4/3/6	Lutsumi	NA	82	82	443	203	240	...	...	203	240	107	86
15/4/3/7	Lukhuyimi	NA	46	46	241	117	124	...	...	117	124	65	39
15/4/3/8	Lower Akuba	NA	13	13	56	31	25	...	...	31	25	29	22
15/4/3/9	Akubami village	NA	46	46	232	110	122	...	...	110	122	59	52
15/4/5/10	Thokihimi	NA	72	72	369	171	198	...	...	171	198	65	64
15/4/3/11	Shevishe	NA	43	43	228	110	118	...	...	110	118	36	16
15/4/3/12	Ghokishe	NA	12	12	68	36	32	...	...	36	32	14	3
15/4/3/13	Luvishhe (Old)	NA	19	19	104	41	63	...	...	41	63	23	23
15/4/3/14	Luvishhe (New)	NA	24	24	114	58	56	...	...	58	56	40	29
15/4/3/15	Tsukomi	NA	51	51	297	149	148	...	...	149	148	68	47
15/4/3/16	Viyilho	NA	45	45	233	100	133	...	...	100	133	58	42
15/4/3/17	Viyikhe	NA	45	45	207	93	114	...	...	92	113	61	39
15/4/3/18	Khukishe	NA	106	106	594	282	312	...	...	282	312	153	124
15/4/3/19	Aghuyilimi	NA	27	27	149	83	66	...	...	83	66	32	11
15/4/3/20	Yezhshimi	NA	54	54	231	113	118	...	...	113	118	45	26
15/4/3/21	Tokiye	NA	58	58	309	165	144	...	...	158	144	103	89
15/4/3/22	Khetoi	NA	93	93	514	247	267	...	...	247	267	119	99
15/4/3/23	Khewoto	NA	48	48	241	105	136	...	...	105	136	61	62
15/4/3/24	Hoshepu	NA	74	74	406	183	223	...	...	183	223	86	71
15/4/3/25	Hoshepu A.S.H.Q.	NA	7	7	35	17	18	...	...	17	18	13	10
15/4/3/26	Khekiye	NA	60	60	301	124	177	...	...	124	177	27	32
15/4/3/27	Nihoshe (South)	NA	26	26	131	61	70	...	...	61	70	31	12
15/4/3/28	Hosepu M.S.	NA	11	11	38	22	16	...	...	20	16	14	6

CENSUS ABSTRACT

CIRCLE 4/3

Literates		MAIN - WORKERS										Marginal workers		Non-workers	
		Total main' workers (I-IX)		Cultivators		Agricul- tural Labourers (II)		Household Indus- try Manufac- turing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs V (a)		Other workers (III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX)					
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
1,518	1,773	1,091	1,703	1	1	...	1	426	68	...	...	2,044	2,054		
183	100	31	74	...	...	...	...	152	26	...	...	275	286		
59	57	34	54	...	...	...	...	25	3	...	...	50	49		
57	75	39	70	...	...	...	...	18	5	...	...	102	110		
48	47	47	47	...	...	...	...	1	..	...	...	45	43		
45	47	31	47	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	77	93		
98	119	82	117	1	1	...	...	15	1	...	...	105	121		
59	68	54	68	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	58	56		
15	6	2	5	...	...	...	...	1	13	...	...	16	19		
43	57	36	56	...	...	...	...	7	1	...	...	67	65		
68	82	58	80	...	...	...	...	10	2	...	...	103	119		
50	64	37	61	...	...	...	...	13	3	...	...	60	54		
22	19	18	19	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	14	13		
18	29	10	28	...	...	...	...	8	1	...	...	23	34		
23	26	18	25	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	35	30		
49	55	35	53	...	...	...	...	14	2	...	...	100	93		
39	60	33	59	...	...	...	...	6	1	...	...	61	73		
42	53	28	52	...	...	...	...	14	1	...	...	51	61		
121	168	110	165	...	...	...	...	11	3	...	...	161	144		
36	40	32	40	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	47	26		
49	70	44	67	...	...	...	...	5	3	...	...	64	48		
55	52	23	45	...	...	...	...	32	7	...	...	110	92		
122	145	117	144	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	125	122		
48	72	37	70	...	...	...	...	11	2	...	...	57	64		
69	110	65	110	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	114	113		
8	10	2	8	...	...	...	...	6	2	...	...	9	8		
60	92	52	91	...	...	...	...	8	1	...	...	64	85		
20	39	15	38	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	41	31		
12	11	1	10	...	...	...	...	11	1	...	...	10	5		

VILLAGE PRIMARY

ASUTO

Location code No.	Name of Village Town/Ward	Area of Village in Hectares & of Town Ward in Km ²	No. of occupied Residential Houses	No of House- holds	Total Population includ- ing Institutional & House- less Population			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
4/4	ASUTO CIRCLE	NA	827	827	4,736	2,384	2,352	...	...	2,379	2,352
15/4/4/1	Asuto H. Q.	NA	36	36	189	100	89	...	...	100	89
15/4/4/2	Asuto Village	NA	19	19	98	54	44	...	...	54	44
15/4/4/3	Achikuchu (B)	NA	30	30	134	74	60	...	...	74	60
15/4/4/4	Achikuchu (A)	NA	59	59	279	142	137	...	...	140	137
15/4/4/5	Yeshito	NA	18	18	100	47	53	...	...	47	53
15/4/4/6	Katha	NA	37	37	176	94	82	...	...	94	82
15/4/4/7	Khumishi (B)	NA	37	37	337	159	178	...	...	159	178
15/4/4/8	Khumishi (A)	NA	64	64	355	173	182	...	...	173	182
15/4/4/9	T. Island M.E. School	NA	5	5	25	16	9	...	...	13	9
15/4/4/10	Khumishi (C)	NA	19	19	118	59	59	...	...	59	59
15/4/4/11	Khumishi (D)	NA	22	22	184	95	89	...	...	95	89
15/4/4/12	Tizuhumi	NA	38	38	160	83	77	...	...	83	77
15/4/4/13	Kitahumi	NA	23	23	123	63	60	...	...	63	60
15/4/4/14	Nihoshe North	NA	9	9	75	37	38	...	...	37	38
15/4/4/15	Koibotomi	NA	32	32	180	88	92	...	...	88	92
15/4/4/16	Satami	NA	130	130	800	401	399	...	...	401	399
15/4/4/17	Sahuboto M.E. School	NA	10	10	62	32	30	...	...	32	30
15/4/4/18	Aghulitomi	NA	46	46	267	134	133	...	...	134	133
15/4/4/19	Melahumi	NA	53	53	340	163	177	...	...	163	177
15/4/4/20	Ngozubomi	NA	52	52	312	156	156	...	...	156	156
15/4/4/21	Lizutomi	NA	88	88	422	214	208	...	...	214	208

CENSUS ABSTRACT

CIRCLE 4/4

Literates		MAIN - WORKERS										Marginal workers		Non-workers	
		Total main workers (I-IX)		Cultivators		Agricultural Labourers (II)		Household Industry Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs V (a)		Other workers (III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX)					
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
980	680	1,065	1,149	902	1,117	1	...	3	3	159	29	...	...	1,319	1,203
65	35	34	38	15	33	...	...	1	...	18	5	...	...	66	51
28	20	21	23	14	23	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	33	21
15	5	54	50	53	50	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	20	10
36	27	65	69	50	66	1	...	...	...	14	3	...	...	77	68
9	8	22	22	20	22	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	25	31
47	32	39	41	34	41	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	55	41
74	73	81	76	74	76	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	78	102
65	39	74	78	64	77	...	...	...	...	10	1	...	...	99	104
8	5	11	3	6	3	...	...	...	...	5	..	...	...	5	6
12	12	22	31	20	31	...	...	...	...	2	...	..	...	37	28
39	21	37	37	33	37	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	58	52
20	7	57	50	53	50	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	26	27
30	18	22	32	20	32	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	41	28
27	18	11	16	11	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	22
30	18	49	49	43	47	...	...	...	...	6	2	...	...	39	43
168	126	127	147	105	138	...	...	2	...	20	9 ^f	...	...	274	252
14	15	10	6	1	3	...	...	...	2	9	1	...	...	22	24
80	47	66	79	52	76	...	...	...	1	14	2	...	...	68	54
72	55	63	87	55	85	...	...	...	...	8	2	...	...	100	90
87	76	55	59	41	56	...	...	...	...	14	3	...	...	101	97
54	23	145	156	138	153	...	...	...	...	7	1	...	...	69	52

VILLAGE PRIMARY
SURUHOTO

Location code No.	Name of Village Town/Ward	Area of Village in Hectares & of Town Ward in Km ²	No. of occupied Residential Houses	No. of House- holds	Total Population includ- ing Institutional & House- less Population			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
4/5	SURUHOTO CIRCLE	NA	1,294	1,294	6,311	3,063	3,248	...	...	3,020	3,240
15/4/5/1	Suruhoto H.Q.	NA	158	158	817	428	389	...	...	418	389
15/4/5/2	Yehemi	NA	159	159	749	355	394	...	...	355	394
15/4/5/3	Kiyetha	NA	22	22	100	50	50	...	...	50	50
15/4/5/4	Tichipami	NA	155	155	836	396	440	...	...	376	436
15/4/5/5	Aghungu (Kukuto)	NA	19	19	85	46	39	...	...	46	39
15/4/5/6	Sapotimi	NA	68	68	284	130	154	...	...	118	150
15/4/5/7	Kholeboto	NA	23	23	109	61	48	...	...	61	48
15/4/5/8	Surumi	NA	301	301	1400	677	723	...	...	677	723
15/4/5/9	Phuyemi (Old)	NA	75	75	390	195	195	...	...	195	195
15/4/5/10	Aichisanghemi (N)	NA	74	74	415	201	214	...	...	201	214
15/4/5/11	Aichisanghemi (S)	NA	147	147	686	315	371	...	...	314	371
15/4/5/12	Vedami	NA	31	31	141	66	75	...	...	66	75
15/4/5/13	Phuyetomi (New)	NA	62	62	299	143	156	...	...	143	156

CENSUS ABSTRACT
CIRCLE 4/5

Literates		MAIN - WORKERS										Marginal workers		Non-workers	
		Total main workers (I-IX)		Cultivators		Agricultural Labourers (II)		Household Industry Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs V (a)		Other workers (III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX)					
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
1,143	842	1,531	1,587	1,243	1,526	2	4	...	...	286	57	8	54	1,524	1,607
227	151	172	112	46	84	...	...	...	...	126	28	...	...	256	277
135	94	178	201	166	200	...	...	...	...	12	1	4	13	173	180
13	8	27	24	26	22	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	23	26
143	121	190	209	150	208	...	...	...	...	40	1	...	...	206	231
29	10	16	21	15	21	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	30	18
72	80	65	84	44	76	1	...	...	...	20	8	...	...	65	70
33	21	33	28	25	28	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	28	20
196	122	355	422	328	413	1	4	...	...	26	5	...	...	322	301
84	61	93	55	86	53	...	...	...	...	7	2	...	...	102	140
77	51	94	105	79	105	...	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	107	109
67	53	195	223	173	219	...	...	...	...	22	4	2	11	118	137
19	16	38	44	35	42	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	...	28	31
48	54	75	59	70	55	...	...	...	...	5	4	2	30	66	67

VILLAGE PRIMARY
ZUNHEBOTO SADAR

Location code No.	Name of village Town/Ward	Area of village in hect ares & of town ward in Km ²	No. of occu- pied reside- ntial houses	No. of house holds	Total population inclu- ding institutional & houseless population			Scheduled castes		Scheduled tribes		Literates	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
4/6	ZUNHEBOTO SADAR CIRCLE	NA	1,263	1,263	6,650	3,217	3,433	...	...	3,196	3,421	1,510	1,193
15/4/6/1	Asukhomi	NA	162	162	783	373	410	...	...	373	410	214	190
15/4/6/2	Leçhomi (New)	NA	57	57	301	148	153	...	...	148	153	59	43
15/4/6/3	Yezami	NA	124	124	590	280	310	...	...	279	310	116	64
15/4/6/4	Locho (C)	NA	12	12	93	46	47	...	...	45	42	27	22
15/4/6/5	Lizuavikato	NA	65	65	347	171	176	...	...	169	175	81	67
15/4/6/6	Lizunaghuto	NA	25	25	160	63	97	...	...	63	97	44	47
15/4/6/7	Baimho	NA	71	71	374	178	196	...	...	178	196	52	45
15/4/6/8	Shotomi	NA	39	39	221	124	97	...	...	124	97	56	38
15/4/6/9	Sheipu	NA	66	66	378	170	208	...	...	170	208	71	59
15/4/6/10	Sukhalu	NA	67	67	348	171	177	...	...	160	173	96	75
15/4/6/11	Yemishe	NA	75	75	361	182	179	...	...	182	179	73	58
15/4/6/12	Zungti	NA	52	52	280	138	142	...	...	138	142	59	43
15/4/6/13	Natha Old	NA	41	41	237	110	127	...	...	107	125	45	45
15/4/6/14	Natha New	NA	57	57	393	200	193	...	...	200	193	106	94
15/4/6/15	Khikhepu	NA	45	45	255	116	139	...	...	116	139	68	59
15/4/6/16	Lizu Phutheu	NA	51	51	264	135	129	...	...	135	129	73	39
15/4/6/17	Lizu Phutheu (Old)	NA	60	60	293	134	159	...	...	131	159	59	50
15/4/6/18	Nikoto	NA	27	27	142	71	71	...	...	71	71	27	20
15/4/6/19	Kulhopu	NA	43	43	249	118	131	...	...	118	131	41	34
15/4/6/20	Ghukiye	NA	124	124	581	289	292	...	...	289	292	143	101

CENSUS ABSTRACT
CIRCLE 4/6

M A I N — W O R K E R S													
Total main workers (I-IX)		Cultivators (I)		Agricultural labourers (II)		Household industry, Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs V (a)		Other workers (III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX)		Marginal workers		Non-workers	
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
1,487	1,765	1,208	1,715	4	3	...	1	275	46	34	24	1,696	1,644
198	261	131	252	...	...	...	...	67	9	...	...	175	149
61	73	53	71	...	...	...	...	8	2	33	24	54	56
152	193	148	193	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	128	117
15	18	8	18	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	31	29
71	72	50	69	...	...	...	...	21	3	...	...	100	104
34	50	34	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	47
80	93	70	91	...	...	...	...	10	2	...	...	98	103
46	53	37	51	...	...	...	...	9	2	...	...	78	44
79	105	63	103	...	...	...	...	16	2	...	...	91	103
74	89	61	86	...	1	...	1	12	2	1	...	96	88
82	93	76	90	...	...	...	...	6	3	...	...	100	86
70	72	64	71	...	...	...	...	6	1	...	...	68	70
44	50	28	47	...	...	...	...	16	3	...	...	66	77
72	61	45	51	3	3	...	...	24	7	...	...	128	132
52	65	45	63	...	...	...	...	7	2	...	...	64	74
56	60	44	60	...	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	79	69
61	77	44	75	...	...	...	...	17	2	...	...	73	82
41	44	34	42	...	...	...	...	7	2	...	...	30	27
64	75	63	74	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	54	56
135	161	110	158	...	...	...	...	25	3	...	...	154	131

VILLAGE PRIMARY
ATOIZU

Location code No.	Name of Village Town/Ward	Area of Village in Hectares & of Town Ward in Km ²	No. of occupied Residential Houses	No. of House-holds	Total Population including Institutional & House-less Population			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
4/7	ATOIZU CIRCLE	NA	1,412	1,412	7,493	3,735	3,758	...	...	3,671	3,724
15/4/7/1	Atoizu H. Q.	NA	84	84	447	222	225	...	...	220	225
15/4/7/2	Naghutomi Old	NA	96	96	454	226	228	...	...	226	228
15/4/7/3	Naghutomi New	NA	29	29	140	67	73	...	...	67	73
15/4/7/4	Awotsakili	NA	59	59	329	163	166	...	...	162	166
15/4/7/5	Apukito	NA	14	14	102	54	48	...	...	54	48
15/4/7/6	Lokobomi	NA	63	63	366	182	184	...	...	182	184
15/4/7/7	Aizuto Mission Centres	NA	30	30	169	77	92	...	...	74	87
15/4/7/8	Mapulumi	NA	99	99	510	249	261	...	...	249	261
15/4/7/9	Akuhaito	NA	29	29	163	85	78	...	...	85	78
15/4/7/10	Rotomi Old	NA	131	131	706	342	364	...	...	342	364
15/4/7/11	Rotomi New	NA	57	57	295	156	139	...	...	156	139
15/4/7/12	Philimi	NA	98	98	474	223	251	...	...	223	251
15/4/7/13	Sukomi	NA	60	60	323	172	151	...	...	172	151
15/4/7/14	Litsami	NA	119	119	668	331	337	...	...	331	337
15/4/7/15	Emlomi	NA	55	55	309	159	150	...	...	159	150
15/4/7/16	Yesholtomi	NA	76	76	414	222	192	...	...	202	189
15/4/7/17	Asukhuto Polytechnic	NA	77	77	318	165	153	...	...	127	127
15/4/7/18	Khromtomi	NA	99	99	543	270	273	...	...	270	273
15/4/7/19	Asukhuto Vill.	NA	14	14	69	33	36	...	...	33	36
15/4/7/20	Vekuho Old	NA	60	60	348	165	183	...	...	165	183
15/4/7/21	Vekuho New	NA	63	63	346	172	174	...	...	172	174

CENSUS ABSTRACT
CIRCLE 4/7

Literates		MAIN - WORKERS										Marginal workers		Non-workers	
		Total main workers (I-IX)		Cultivators		Agricultural Labourers (II)		Household Industry Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs V (a)		Other workers (III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX)					
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
1,773	1,279	1,900	1,951	1,423	1,801	9	17	8	8	460	125	...	2	1,835	1,805
144	102	95	81	23	64	...	...	...	...	72	17	...	...	127	144
103	94	117	125	99	122	...	...	...	1	18	2	...	...	109	103
34	20	33	37	19	35	...	...	...	...	14	2	...	..	34	36
68	42	81	78	73	71	1	...	...	...	7	7	...	1	82	87
45	38	14	17	2	10	...	...	...	...	12	7	...	...	40	31
91	74	98	98	57	84	..	...	8	4	33	10	...	...	84	86
65	65	33	34	4	5	8	17	...	3	21	9	...	...	44	58
113	116	122	131	104	128	...	...	...	...	18	3	...	...	127	130
43	29	27	28	12	22	...	...	...	...	15	6	...	...	58	50
173	87	161	188	161	188	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	181	176
11	4	73	73	73	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	83	66
71	67	109	135	89	133	...	...	...	...	20	2	...	...	114	116
95	56	86	79	63	75	...	...	...	...	23	4	...	...	86	72
158	129	186	198	160	188	...	...	...	...	26	10	...	...	145	139
103	59	76	87	62	85	...	...	...	...	14	2	...	...	83	63
114	55	125	94	78	92	...	...	...	...	47	2	...	...	97	98
118	89	91	64	15	28	...	...	...	...	76	36	...	...	74	89
43	19	188	207	186	207	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	82	66
18	12	19	17	15	17	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	14	19
92	82	74	78	51	73	...	...	...	...	23	5	...	...	91	105
71	40	92	102	77	101	...	...	...	...	15	1	...	1	80	71

VILLAGE PRIMARY
AKULUTO

Location code No.	Name of Village Town/Ward	Area of Village in Hectares & of Town Ward in Km ²	No. of occupied Residential Houses	No. of House- holds	Total Population includ- ing Institutional & House- less Population			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
4/8	AKULUTO CIRCLE	NA	820	820	4,428	2,282	2,145	...	...	2,177	2,116
15/4/8/1	Akuluto H. Q.	NA	156	156	1032	594	438	...	...	493	413
15/4/8/2	Sutemi	NA	90	90	459	239	220	...	...	234	216
15/4/8/3	Lotisami	NA	93	93	444	215	229	...	...	215	229
15/4/8/4	Shichima	NA	38	38	240	130	110	...	...	130	110
15/4/8/5	Lumthsami	NA	105	105	491	250	241	...	...	250	241
15/4/8/6	Alaphumi	NA	106	106	490	227	263	...	...	227	263
15/4/8/7	Limami	NA	112	112	627	310	317	...	...	310	317
15/4/8/8	Zaphumi	NA	37	37	168	91	77	...	...	91	77
15/4/8/9	Shitshami	NA	83	83	477	227	250	...	...	227	250

CENSUS ABSTRACT

CIRCLE 4/8

Literates		MAIN - WORKERS										Marginal workers		Non-workers	
		Total main workers (I-IX)		Cultivators		Agricultural Labourers (II)		Household Industry Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs V (a)		Other workers (III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX)					
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
1,275	994	1,074	914	756	856	2	1	9	12	307	45	...	...	1,209	1,231
384	271	243	48	48	19	...	...	5	2	190	27	...	...	351	390
142	112	94	84	72	79	2	...	...	...	20	5	...	...	145	136
121	79	119	120	110	119	...	...	...	...	9	1	...	...	96	109
88	62	54	38	41	33	...	...	...	...	13	5	...	...	76	72
150	96	122	138	79	126	...	...	3	9	41	3	...	...	128	103
123	134	116	129	99	128	...	...	1	...	16	1	...	...	111	134
99	94	182	191	176	188	...	...	1	...	5	3	...	...	128	126
41	34	43	40	40	40	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	48	37
127	112	101	126	91	124	...	1	...	1	10	...	...	...	126	124

VILLAGE PRIMARY

V. K.

Location code No.	Name of Village Town/Ward	Area of Village in Hectares & of Town Ward in Km ²	No. of occupied Residential Houses	No. of House- holds	Total Population includ- ing Institutional & House- less Population			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
4/9	V. K. CIRCLE	NA	645	645	3,164	1,583	1,581	...	...	1,507	1,553
15/4/9/1	V. K. H. Q.	NA	127	127	538	272	266	...	...	240	247
15/4/9/2	Littami (Old)	NA	93	93	455	245	210	...	...	244	210
15/4/9/3	Izheto	NA	23	23	105	44	61	...	...	43	58
15/4/9/4	Sasatami	NA	100	100	506	249	257	...	...	208	251
15/4/9/5	Ajiqami	NA	34	34	201	105	96	...	...	105	96
15/4/9/6	Maromi	NA	69	69	373	190	183	...	...	189	183
15/4/9/7	Littami (New)	NA	55	55	297	144	153	...	...	144	153
15/4/9/8	Phisumi	NA	93	93	449	223	226	...	...	223	226
15/4/9/9	Mukhami	NA	51	51	240	111	129	...	...	111	129

CENSUS ABSTRACT

CIRCLE 4/9

Literates		MAIN - WORKERS										Marginal workers		Non-workers	
		Total main workers (I-IX)		Cultivators		Agricultural Labourers (II)		Household Industry Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs V (a)		Other workers (III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX)					
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
911	690	768	694	518	664	8	1	1	2	241	27	108	71	707	816
177	136	131	99	42	90	...	...	...	...	89	9	43	37	98	130
138	85	132	109	109	107	...	...	...	...	23	2	13	10	100	91
27	26	20	25	17	23	...	1	...	...	3	1	...	...	24	36
150	118	127	93	63	88	5	...	...	...	59	5	1	4	121	160
66	53	46	41	37	38	...	...	...	...	9	3	15	8	44	47
132	112	96	88	81	85	...	...	...	1	15	2	...	...	94	95
79	65	58	59	31	55	...	...	1	1	26	3	...	...	86	94
89	51	100	115	87	114	3	...	...	...	10	1	22	12	101	99
53	44	58	65	51	64	...	...	...	...	7	1	14	...	39	64

VILLAGE PRIMARY
ZUNHEBOTO

Location code No.	Name of village Town/Ward	Area of village in hectares & of town ward in Km ²	No. of occupied residential houses	No. of house holds	Total population including institutional & houseless population			Scheduled castes		Scheduled tribes		Literates	
					P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
4/I	ZUNHEBOTO TOWN	3.00	1,396	1,396	7,678	4,474	3,204	...	...	3,059	2,724	3,208	1,874
15/4/I/1	Khowoboto	NA	159	159	859	485	374	...	...	421	359	343	206
15/4/I/2	Old Zunheboto	NA	425	425	2,434	1,503	931	...	...	778	658	1,122	546
15/4/I/3	New Colony	NA	177	177	1,047	574	473	...	...	455	441	421	293
15/4/I/4	Project Colony	NA	273	273	1,384	759	625	...	...	549	558	486	344
15/4/I/5	South Point	NA	331	331	1,772	1,054	718	...	...	764	631	759	437
15/4/I/6	Kowoto Colony	NA	31	31	182	99	83	...	...	92	83	77	48

CENSUS ABSTRACT

TOWN 4/1.

M A I N W O R K E R S													
Total main workers (I-IX)		Cultivators (I)		Agricultural labourers (II)		Household industry, Manufacturing, Processing, Servicing and Repairs V (a)		Other workers (III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX)		Marginal workers		Non-workers	
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
2,232	448	164	248	21	16	34	11	2,013	173	2	3	2,240	2,753
224	81	37	57	1	4	...	...	186	20	1	2	260	291
831	152	46	92	9	6	18	8	758	46	...	...	672	779
256	70	38	49	1	...	...	...	217	21	...	1	318	402
344	50	8	15	10	6	16	...	310	29	1	...	414	575
541	61	12	6	...	...	...	...	529	55	...	...	513	657
36	34	23	29	...	...	...	3	13	2	...	...	63	49

URBAN/VILLAGE PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

APPENDIX

Total, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Population - Urban Block Wise

Location code No.	Name of Town Ward/Urban Block	Total Population	Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes
1	2	3	4	5
15/4/I	Zunheboto Town	7,678	...	5,783
15/4/I/1	Ward—1 Khuwoboto	859	...	774
15/4/I/1 (1)	Block No. 1	859	...	774
15/4/I/2	Ward—II Old Zunheboto	2,434	...	1,436
15/4/I/2 (2)	Block No. 2	881	...	842
15/4/I/2 (3)	Block No. 3	1,553	...	594
15/4/I/3	Ward No.—III New/Colony	1,047	...	896
15/4/I/3 (4)	Block No. 4	606	...	540
15/4/I/3 (5)	Block No. 5	441	...	356
15/4/I/4	Ward—IV Project Colony	1,384	...	1,107
15/4/I/4 (6)	Block No. 6	837	...	609
15/4/I/4 (7)	Block No. 7	547	...	498
15/4/I/5	Ward—V South Point	1,772	...	1,395
15/4/I/5 (8)	Block No. 8	867	...	605
15/4/I/5 (9)	Block No. 9	905	...	790
15/4/I/6	Ward—VI Kowoto Colony	182	...	175
15/4/I/6 (10)	Block No. 10	182	...	175

**PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT FOR
SCHEDULED TRIBES**

PRIMARY CENSUS ABSTRACT

Sl. No.	District/Circle/Town	Total/Rural/Urban	No. of Households with S.T. members	Total scheduled tribes population			Literates			M A I N --		
				Total main workers (I-IX)								
				P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
4.	ZUNHEBOTO DISTRICT	T	10,659	58,249	28,959	29,290	25,949	14,806	11,143	26,128	13,034	13,094
		R	9,844	52,466	25,900	26,566	22,212	12,745	9,467	24,557	11,894	12,663
		U	815	5,783	3,059	2,724	3,737	2,061	1,676	1,571	1,140	431
1.	Satakha Circle	T(R)	1,944	10,666	5,372	5,294	5,275	3,082	2,193	4,718	2,357	2,361
2.	Satoi Circle	T(R)	395	2,145	1,078	1,067	804	496	308	979	482	497
3.	Aghunato Circle	T(R)	1,362	7,276	3,477	3,799	3,087	1,726	1,361	3,231	1,462	1,769
4.	Asuto Circle	T(R)	825	4,731	2,379	2,352	1,625	975	650	2,209	1,060	1,149
5.	Suruhoto Circle	T(R)	1,244	6,260	3,020	3,240	1,968	1,128	840	3,091	1,507	1,584
6.	Zunheboto Sadar Circle	T(R)	1,268	6,617	3,195	3,421	2,696	1,506	1,190	3,233	1,470	1,763
7.	Atoizu Circle	T(R)	1,388	7,395	3,671	3,724	2,987	1,722	1,265	3,787	1,849	1,938
8.	Akuluto Circle	T(R)	795	4,293	2,177	2,116	2,193	1,217	976	1,893	985	908
9.	V. K. Circle	T(R)	623	3,083	1,530	1,553	1,577	893	684	1,416	722	694
10.	Zunheboto Town	T(U)	815	5,783	3,059	2,724	3,737	2,061	1,676	1,571	1,140	431

FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

W R K E R S												Marginal workers			Non workers		
Cultivators			Agricultural labourers (II)			Household industry, manufacturing, processing, servicing and repairs (V) (a)			Other workers (III, IV, V (b) & VI to IX)								
P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F	P	M	F
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
21,620	9,267	12,353	86	47	39	64	24	40	4,358	3,696	662	416	194	222	31,705	15,731	15,974
21,220	9,109	12,111	56	29	27	50	21	29	3,231	2,735	496	414	193	221	27,495	13,813	13,682
400	158	242	30	18	12	14	3	11	1,127	961	166	2	1	1	4,210	1,918	2,292
3,878	1,617	2,261	2	1	1	7	2	5	831	737	94	12	9	3	5,936	3,006	2,930
868	385	483	2	2	...	...	...	...	109	95	14	86	32	54	1,080	564	516
2,785	1,086	1,699	2	1	1	1	...	1	443	375	68	1	1	...	4,044	2,014	2,030
2,019	902	1,117	1	1	...	6	3	3	183	154	29	...	...	...	2,522	1,319	1,203
2,757	1,232	1,525	6	2	4	...	...	...	328	273	55	62	8	54	3,107	1,505	1,602
2,913	1,199	1,714	6	3	3	...	...	..	314	268	46	58	34	24	3,326	1,692	1,634
3,215	1,420	1,795	26	9	17	15	8	7	531	412	119	2	...	2	3,606	1,822	1,784
1,608	754	854	3	2	1	18	7	11	264	222	42	2	...	2	2,398	1,192	1,206
1,177	514	663	8	8	...	3	1	2	228	199	29	191	109	82	1,476	699	777
400	158	242	30	18	12	14	3	11	1,127	961	166	2	1	1	4,210	1,918	2,292