

# CENSUS OF INDIA 1981

SERIES-26 CHANDIGARH

Paper I of 1981

PROVISIONAL POPULATION TOTALS

ARDAMAN SINGH

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#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The challenging task of 1981 Census could only be accomplished successfully due to able guidance of Shri P. Padmanabha, Registrar General, India, Shri K.K. Chakravorty, Deputy Registrar General (C&T) and Shri V.P. Pandey, Deputy Registrar General, India who were ever willing to lend their support and provide able guidance as and when sought for. I am grateful to them for generous help and guidance. The success of field operations could only be achieved due to co-operation and assistance provided by Shri B.S. Sarao, Chief Commissioner and Shri R.S. Mann, Home Secretary who were kind enough to promptly issue instructions to the district officers and heads of offices for attending census duties on priority basis and making available vehicles and staff for conducting actual operations. Shri Raghbir Singh, Deputy Commissioner-cum-Principal Census Officer and Shri Mohinder Singh Executive Magistrate-cum-District Census Officer had to labour hard for providing field agency, S/Shri Y.P. Chadha, J.C. Gupta, J.S. Walia and Jaswant Singh Charge Officers and S/Shri C.S. Kochhar, R.K. Dhawan, L.S. Pramar, O.P. Sharma, R.L. Bhandari, Ranjit Singh and P.L. Pathak, Assistant Charge Officers took all pains to ensure complete coverage in spite of their heavy normal duties. They attended to Census work from early hours in the morning till late hours at night. The heads of Central Government and U.T. Administration Offices, Educational Institutions and Semi Government Organisations were of great help in lending their staff for taking up field work of Census Operations. It would not have been possible to conduct the Census without their co-operation. The Enumerators and Supervisors who conducted the Census Operations deserve all praise for their devotion, sincerity and hard labour. They all toiled to successfully complete enumeration in their jurisdictions. In my own office every one irrespective of his status worked day and night for providing effective assistance, guidance and supervision to all persons engaged in field Operations. It was their devotion which created a tide of enthusiasm among enumerators, supervisors and others engaged in field work that we could complete this challenging task within stipulated time most successfully. We all owe our gratitude to all these persons for helping us to attend to this gigantic national task with sincerity.

We are also grateful to the Officers and staff of U.T. Administration Press especially Shri P. Oommen, Deputy Controller, for their efforts in getting this paper printed in shortest possible time.

Chandigarh: March 19, 1981.

ARDAMAN SINGH,

Director Census Operations, Union Territory Chandigarh.

#### **CONTENTS**

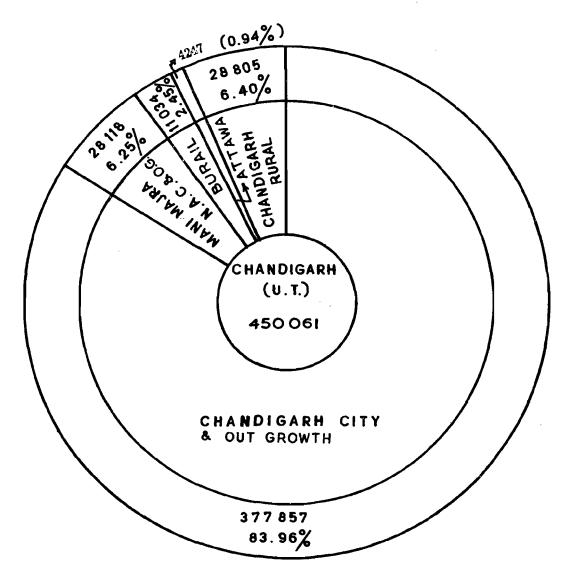
	Particulars Particulars		Page No.
1.	Figures at a glance		
2.	Statement No. 1 Comparative picture of the population		I
3.	Maps and Charts—		3—7
	(i) Pie Chart		3
	(ii) Decennial Population Growth Rates		4
	(iii) Density of Population, 1981		5
	(iv) Sex Ratio		6
	(v) Literacy		7
4.	(i) Introduction		11—13
	(ii) Appendix 1		14
	(iii) Appendix 2		15
5.	Analysis of results—		
	(i) Growth of Population		19
	(ii) Density		19
	(iii) Sex-ratio		19
	(iv) Literacy		20
6.	Provisional Population Tables.		
	1. Distribution of Population, Sex Ratio, Growth rate and density of population	ı	23
	2. Decadal variation in population since 1901		24
	3. Literacy-Chandigarh Union Territory		25
	4. Cities with a Population of 100,000 and above		26
	5. Literacy-India		27
	6. Sex Ratio-India		28

# FIGURES AT A GLANCE

Census of India, 1981—Provisional Population Totals

A	POPULATION OF CHANDIGARH UNION TERRITORY	Total 4,50,061 Males 2,54,208 Females 1,95,853
В	DECENNIAL POPULATION GROWTH 1971—81	
	(I) Absolute	1,92,810
	(2) Percentage	74.95
С	DENSITY OF POPULATION	<b>3,948</b> per Sq. Km.
D	SEX RATIO	770 females per 1,000 males
E	LITERACY RATE	Total 64.68 per cent Males 68.82 per cent Females 59.30 per cent

# CHANDIGARH CHART SHOWING THE COMPARATIVE POPULATION SIZE BY UNITS 1981

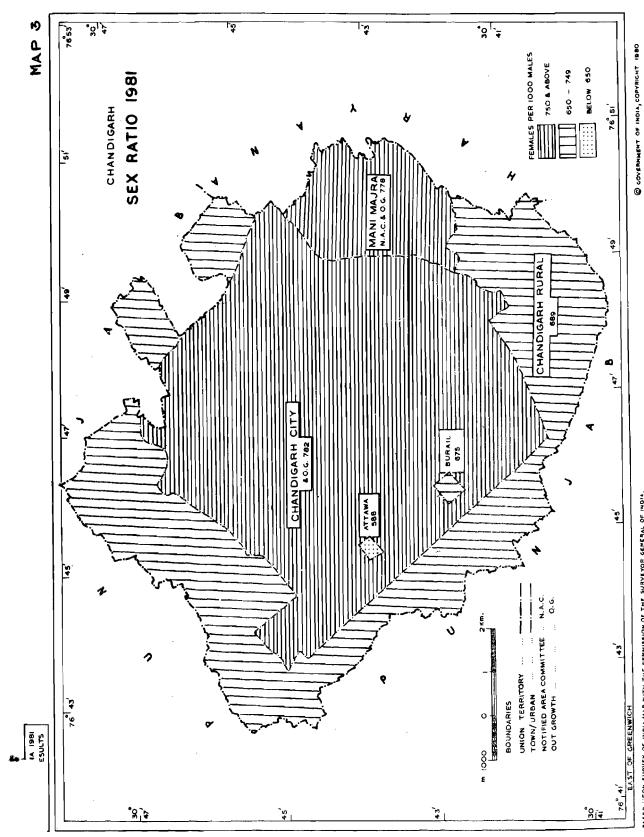


N.A.C. - NOTIFIED AREA COMMITTEE

O.G. - OUT GROWTH

BASED UPON SURVEY OF INDIA MAP WITH THE PERMISSION OF THE SURVEYOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

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BASED UPON SUBVEY OF INDIA MAP WITH THE PERMISSION OF THE SURVEYOR CENERAL OF INDIA.

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BASED UPON SURVEY OF INDIA MAP WITH THE PERMISSION OF THE SURVEYOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

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1981-Čensus (Provisional Figures) STATEMENT NO. 1 COMPARATIVE PICTURE OF THE POPULATION

States/Union Territories		Population in 1981	Rank in 1981	<b>Rank</b> in 1971
States	,			
1. Andhra Pradesh	• •	53,403,619	5	. 5
2. Assam*	• •	19,902,826	13	13
3. Bihar	••	69,823,154	2	2
4. Gujarat	• •	33,960,905	10	9
5. Haryana		12,850,902	15	15
6. Himachal Pradesh	• •	4,237,569	18	18
7. Jammu & Kashmir*	••	5,981,600	17	16
8. Karnataka	• •	37,043,451	8	8
9. Kerala	••	25,403,217	12	12
10. Madhya Pradesh	• •	52,131,717	6	6
11. Maharashtra	••	62,693,898	3	3
12. Manipur	••	1,433,691	20	20
13. Mehgalaya	• •	1,327,874	21	21
14. Nagaland	• •	773,281	23	23
15. Orissa	• •	26,272,054	11	11
16. Punjab	• •	16,669,755	14	14
17. Rajasthan	••	34,102,912	9	10
18. Sikkim	• •	315,682	28	28
19. Tamil Nadu	• •	48,297,456	7	7
20. Tripura	• •	2,060,189	19	19
21. Uttar Pradesh	••	110,858,019	1	1
22. West Bengal	••	54,485,560	4	4
Union Territories			•	
1. A. & N. Islands	• •	188,254	29	29
2. Arunachal Pradesh	••	628,050	24	25
3. Chandigarh	• •	450,061	27	27
4. Dadra & Nagar Haveli	• •	103,677	30	30
5. Delhi	• •	6,196,414	16	17
6. Goa, Daman & Diu	• •	1,082,117	22	22
7. Lakshadweep	••	40,237	31	31
8. Mizoram	••	487,774	26	26
9. Pondicherry	••	604,136	25	24

<sup>\*</sup>Projected figures

CENSUS 1981 INTRODUCTION

#### INTRODUCTION

This Union Territory was formed on 1st November, 1966 and had its first Census as a separate Administrative unit in 1971. Prior to 1971 the area forming this Union Territory was covered alongwith Ambala District of erstwhile State of Punjab. The present Census is the second after formation of this Union Territory.

On the basis of elaborate deliberations and discussions in the meetings and conferences with data users, the schedules to be canvassed during 1981 Census, various concepts and procedure for collection and processing of data were finalised in 1980 by the Registrar General, India. It was decided to collect data relating to type of houses and various household characteristics in household schedule and limit the scope of houselist to serve as a frame for enumeration. It was also decided to collect data on totally blind, totally crippled and totally dumb through houselists. On the request of Department of Statistics alongwith houselist an enterprise list was also canvassed which gave a frame for all kinds of enterprises. Accordingly 1971 Census Establishment Schedule was not canvassed as the desired data was collected through the Enterprise list. Questions contained in both Houselist and Enterprise list are reproduced below:—

#### HOUSELIST

- 1. Line No.
- 2. Building No. (Municipal or local authority or census No.)
- 3. Census house No.
- 4. Purpose for which census house is used (if wholly or partly non-residential, fill Enterprise List).
- 5. Household No.
- 6. Name of the head of household.
- 7. Is the household engaged in an enterprise outside this census house and without premises? If yes, fill Enterprise List.
- 8. Number of persons normally residing in census household.
- 9. Is there a physically handicapped person in the household? If so, indicate number of those who are totally blind, crippled, dumb.
- 10. Remarks

#### ENTERPRISE LIST

- 1. Line number of Houselist
- 2. Census House No.
- 3. Sl. No. of enterprise
- 4. Description of activity of enterprise
- 5. Classification of enterprise
- 6. Nature of operation
- 7. Type of ownership
- 8. Social group of owner
- 9. Power/fuel used for activity

- 10. Number of persons usually working daily with details of total and hired workers seperately for Non-Agricultural enterprises or Agricultural enterprises.
- 11. Remarks

During actual enumeration household schedule was canvassed for every household and Individual Slip (Universal) and (Sample) was canvassed for each person in this Union Territory. In most of the States Individual Slip (sample) was canvassed on 20% area sample basis. Questions contained in these schedules are reproduced below:—

#### UNIVERSAL

- 1. Name
- 2. Relationship to head
- 3. Male/Female
- 4. Age
- 5. Marital status
- 6. Mother-tongue

- 8, Religion
- 9. Whether Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe
- 10. Name of Caste/Tribe
- 11. Literate/Illiterate
- 12. Educational attainment
- 13. Attending school/college
- 7. Two other languages known
- 14A. Worked any time at all last year?
- 14B. If yes in 14 A, did you work for major part of last year?
- 15A. Main activity last year.

If household industry/other work in 15A

- (i) name of establishment
- (ii) description of work
- (iii) nature of industry, trade or service
- (iv) class of worker
- 15B. If yes in 14B, any other work any time last year?

  If No in 14B, work done any time last year?

  If household industry/other work in 15B,
  - (i) name of establishment
  - (ii) description of work
  - (iii) nature of industry, trade or service
  - (i v) class of worker
- 16. : If No in 14A or 14B, seeking/available for work?

#### SAMPLE

- 1. Birth place
  - (a) place of birth
  - (b) rural/urban
  - (c) district
  - (d) state/country

- 2. Last residence
  - (a) place of last residence, a
  - (b) rural/urban
  - (c) district
  - (d) state/country

- 3. Reasons for migration from place of last residence
- 5. For all ever married women only
- (a) Age at marriage
- (b) Number of children surviving at present Male/female/total
- Duration of residence at the village or town of enumeration
- (c) Number of children ever born alive Male/female/total
- 6. For currently married women only
  Any child born alive during last one year?

#### HOUSEHOLD SCHEDULE

Part I-Household Particulars

- 1. Name of head of household.
- 2. Religion of the head of household.
- 3. Whether head of household belongs to Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe.
- 4. Name of Caste/Tribe of head of household.
- 5. Language mainly spoken in the household.
- 6. Does the household live in owned house?
- 7. If 'No' in 6, does the household own a house or house site in the village or town of enumeration?
- 8. Predominant construction material of the house occupied by household;
  - (a) wall;
  - (b) roof;
  - (c) floor.
- 9. Facilities available to the household;
  - (a) Drinking Water-Supply (i) Source
    - (ii) within premises/outside premises
  - (b) Electricity.
  - (c) Toilet (for urban areas only).
- 10. Number of living rooms in occupation of household.
- 11. Number of married couples usually living in the household.
- 12. Does the household cultivate land?
- 13. If 'Yes' in 12, whether owned/rented/owned and rented.
- 14. If rented, enter local name of tenancy.
- 15. Total population of household.

Part II—Population Record

- 1. Name
- 2. Relationship to head (indicate serial number of mother within brackets if present in the household for children up to ten years).
- 3. Sex.
- 4. Age.
- 5. Marital Status.

In addition to five items listed above, Part-II—Population Record contained basic data for each member of the household compiled from individual slip which enabled the enumerator to strike totals for each household. These totals were compiled by the enumerator in his working sheets and totals for each block were struck. The data being given in this paper are based on the compilation done by the enumerators and are therefore, provisional.

#### APPENDIX 1

#### LIST OF OFFICERS OF THE DIRECTORATE

Name of the Officer	Designation
1	2
1. Shri Ardaman Singh	Director
2. Shri B. D. Sharma	Assistant Director
3. Shri G. D. Singla	Assistant Director

#### APPENDIX 2

## OFFICIALS WHO WORKED IN THE "PROVISIONAL POPULATION TOTALS 1981 CENSUS—PROJECT"

#### **COMPILATION**

- 1. Shri K. B. Lakhanpal, Investigator.
- 2. Shri Raj Kumar, Tabulation Officer.
- 3. Shri Y. R. Grover, Tabulation Officer.
- 4. Shri M. S. Bhatnagar, Statistical Assistant.
- 5. Shri A. S. Thakur, Statistical Assistant.
- 6. Shri Azad Kumar, Statistical Assistant.
- 7. Shri Mansha Ram, Computor.
- 8. Shri Vinod Mamik, Computor
- 9. Shri Anadi Kumar, Assistant Compiler.
- 10. Shri Rajinder Kumar, Assistant Compiler.
- 11. Miss Neelam Dhar, Assistant Compiler.

#### **MAPPING**

- 1. Shri Surinderjit Singh, Geographer.
- 2. Shri Devinder Singh Sulhen, Artist.
- 3. Shri P. K. Ghosh, Draftsman.

#### **PRINTING**

- 1. Shri K. B. Lakhanpal, Investigator.
- 2. Shri Raj Kumar, Tabulation Officer.
- 3. Shri Y. R. Grover, Tabulation Officer.
- 4. Shri M. S. Bhatnagar, Statistical Assistant.
- 5. Shri A. S. Thakur, Statistical Assistant.

ANALYSIS OF RESULTS

#### **GROWTH OF POPULATION**

Chandigarh Union Territory has recorded a population of 4,50,061 persons consisting of 2,54,208 males and 1,95,853 females against 2,57,251 persons, 1,47,080 males and 1,10,171 females in 1971 Census. Chandigarh urban agglomeration has recorded 4,21,256 persons as against 2,32,940 persons in 1971. Two new places viz.; Burail and Attawa have been treated as towns for the first time. These towns have recorded a population of 11,034 and 4,227 persons respectively. Mani Majra Town and its outgrowth have recorded 28,118 persons as against 14,197 persons during 1971 Census. The Union Territory has recorded a decennial growth rate of 74.95 per cent during the decade 1971—81, as against a growth rate of 114.59 per cent during last decade (1961—71). Growth rate recorded by this Union Territory was the highest during the decade, 1961—71 (394.13 per cent). Growth rate of Union Territory is the highest amongst states and Union Territories and is three times of growth rate recorded for the country as a whole. The growth rate of 18.57 per cent recorded by rural areas during this decade is higher than the growth rate of 17.91 per cent recorded during last decade. Amongst towns growth recorded by Mani Majra town including its outgrowth is almost double than what was recorded during last decade. Growth rate of 70.95 per cent recorded during this decade for Chandigarh City including outgrowth is almost half than what was recorded during last decade. The comparative figures are given in Table 1.

Comparing with other States and Union Territories it is observed from Statement No. 1 that Chandigarh retains its 27th rank in population. Uttar Pradesh retains its first rank while Lakshadweep retains last rank in total population. Even amongst 9 Union Territories Chandigarh occupies 6th rank. Chandigarh has recorded more population than Union Territories of Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Lakshadweep and Sikkim State all other States and Union Territories have more population than this Union Territory.

#### DENSITY

Density of Chandigarh Union Territory has gone up to 3,948 persons per sq. kilometer during 1981 Census as compared to a density of 2,257 in 1971. Burail Town has the highest density of 13,622 persons per sq. kilometer in this Union Territory followed by Chandigarh City including its outgrowth which has a density of 6,445 persons. Chandigarh rural areas have recorded a density of 767 persons which is quite high as compared with the rest of the country. Table-1 gives us density for towns, rural areas and Union Territory for 1971 and 1981.

Density of 3,948 persons per sq. kilometer recorded in this Union Territory is second highest as compared to other states and Union Territories. Highest density of 4,178 persons per sq. kilometer has been recorded in Delhi. All India density per sq. kilometer excluding Jammu & Kashmir is 221 persons.

#### SEX RATIO

In spite of improvement in sex ratio over 1971 Census, sex ratio (770) recorded for the Union Territory in 1981 is still very low. Sex ratio (689) for rural areas is even lower than that of Union Territory as a whole which is quite contrary to the position for the rest of the country. Sex ratio (782) recorded for Chandigarh City including its outgrowth is highest amongst all other towns in the Union Territory. There is a steep fall in sex ratio (778) recorded for Mani Majra including its outgrowth. This is mainly due to settlement of labourers in this area who are mostly living without their families.

Chandigarh with 770 females per 1000 males occupies 2nd lowest rank among states and Union Territories in India. Lowest rank is occupied by Andaman & Nicobar Islands with 761 females per 1000 males. Sex ratio for all India is 935. Among States and Union Territories Kerala alone has recorded more females than males while all other States and Union Territories have recorded less than 1000 females per 1000 males. Sex ratio recorded in Kerala is 1034 females per 1000 males. Sex ratio of neighbouring states of Punjab and Haryana though higher than Chandigarh is quite low as compared with the country's sex ratio.

#### LITERACY

A reference to Table-3 shows that amongst 450,061 persons, 291,091 are literates, while out of 254,208 males, 174,953 are literates and out of 195,853 females, 116,138 are literates. Observing literacy percentages we find that there is an over all improvement in literacy amongst persons, males and females which have risen to 64.68% for persons 68.82% for males and 59.30% for females in 1981 Census as against 61.56%, 66.97% and 54.35% respectively in 1971 Census. It is interesting to observe that position in Chandigarh urban agglomeration has remained static for males literacy during the decade while that of females has improved a lot. Literacy percentages of persons, males and females have been recorded lowest in Attawa town as compared with percentage of all other towns in this Union Territory. Percentages of literates in this town are even lower than that recorded for rural areas of the Union Territory. It is mainly due to concentration of market labour in this town who are by and large illiterates.

Growth in literacy rates recorded in 1971 Census as compared to 1961 Census were 20.5%, for persons 17.54% for males and 29.52% for females. These rates recorded during 1981 over 1971 are 5.07% for persons 2.76% for males and 9.11% for females.

Chandigarh has lost its first position in General Literacy to Kerala which now occupies 1st rank. Chandigarh with 64.68% literates ranks 2nd closely followed by Delhi with 61.06% literates. Comparing male and female literate percentages separately also Chandigarh ranks 2nd in India. Fall in rank of Chandigarh is due to influx of unskilled labour from U.P., Bihar, Kerala etc. All India General Literacy percentage is 36.17 excluding Assam and Jammu & Kashmir. Literacy in neighbouring states is 35.84% for Haryana 40.74% for Punjab, 41.94% for Himachal Pradesh, 27.38% for Uttar Pradesh and 61.06% for Union Territory of Delhi.

PROVISIONAL POPULATION TABLES

1981-CENSUS
(Provisional Figures)

Distribution of Population, Sex Ratio, Growth Rate and Density of Population

U.T./District/ Tehsil/U.A./City/ ,Town	P	Population 1981			Sex-ratio (females per 1000 males)		Density of Population per sq. Km.		Decennial growth rate of population	
-	Persons	Males	Females	1971	1981	1971	1981	1961-71	1971-81	
1	2	3,	14	5	6	7	8	9	10	
	,									
Chandigarh U.T.	4,50,061	2,54,208	1,95,853	749	<b>77</b> 0	2,257	3,948	+114.59	+74.95	
Chandigarh District	4,50,061	2,54,208	1,95,853	749	770	2,257	3,948	+114 ·59	+74.95	
Chandigarh Tehsil	4,50,06,1	2,54,208	1,95,853	749	770	2,257	3,948	+114 ·59	+74·95	
Chandigarh U.A.	4,21,256	2,37,153	1,84,103	756	776	4,044	5,879	+134 ·67	+80.84	
Chandigarh City,+O. C	3. 3,77,857	2,12,080	1,65,777	752	782	4,687	6,445	+143 ·50	+70 .95	
Mani Majra NAC+O.G:	28,118	15,812	12,306	817	778	1,299	2,573	+42.81	+98.06	
Burail Town	11,034	6,58 <b>4</b>	4,448	N.A.	۰67 <b>5</b>	N.A.	13,622	N.A.	N.A.	
Attawa Town	4,2 <b>4</b> 7	2,675	1,572	N.A.	588	N.A.	3,302	N.A.	N.A.	
Chandigarh Rural	28,805	17,055	11,750	683	689	431	767	+17 ·91	+18.57	

O.G.-Out Growth.

U.A.—Urban Agglomeration.

TABLE-2

1981—CENSUS
(Provisional Figures)

#### Decadal Variation in Population since 1901

	Percentage decadal variation in population										
U.T./District/Tehsil/U.A./ City/Town	1901—11	191121	1921—31	1931—41	1941—51	1951—61	1961—71	1971—81			
í	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
Chandigarh Union Territory	16·0 <b>7</b>	-1 65	+9.10	+14.11	+7:47	+ 394 ·13	+114.59	+ 74 .95			
Chandigarh District	<b>—16</b> ∙07	1 -65	+9.10	+14.11	+7.47	+ 394 ·13	+114.59	+74 .95			
Chandigarh Tehsil	—16·07	-1.65	+9.10	+14.11	+7.47	+394 ·13	+114 ·59	+ 74 .95			
Chandigarh U.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.Á.	N.A. '	N.A. '	+ 134 ·67	+80 ⋅84			
Chandigarh City+O.Gs.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	+143 ·50	+70.95			
Mani Majra NAC+O.G.	,, N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.Å.	N.Á.	N.A.	+42.81	+ 98 ∙06			
Burail Town	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.Á.	N.À.	N.A.	Ň.A.	N.A.			
Attawa Town	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.Ą.	N.A.			
Chandigarh Rural	ŇÄ.	³N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	<b>№.</b> Ą.	N,Ą;	+17.91	+18.57			

<sup>(-)</sup> Indicates decrease in population.

<sup>(+)</sup> Indicates increase in population.

O.G.—Outgrowth.

U.A.—Urban Agglomeration.

TABLE-3

1981—CENSUS
(Provisional Figures)

Literacy (Including Population in age group 0-4)

U.T./District/ Tehsil/U.A. City/Town	Total Population 1981			Liter	Literate Population 1981			Percentage of literat			ites to total Population		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Per- sons	Male	s Fe- males	Per- sons	Males	Females	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	) 11	12	13	
Chandigarh U.T.	4,50,061	2,54.208	1,95,853	2,91,091	1,74,953	1,16,138	61 -56 (	56·97	54 · 35	64 68	3 68·82°	59 · 30	
Chandigarh District	4,50,061	2,54,208	1,95,853	2,91,091	1,74,953	1,16,138	61 -56 6	56 ·97	54 ·35	64 ·68	8 68 82	59 ·30	
Chandigarh Tehsil	4,50,061	2,54,208	1,95,853	2,91,091	1,74,953	1,161,38	61 ·56 (	56 ·97	54 -35	64 -68	68-82	59 -30	
Chandigarh U.A.	4,21,256	2,37,153	1,84,103	2,78,241	1,66,072	1,12,169 6	54 ·80 70	03	57 ·89	66 -05	70 ·03	60 ·93	
Chandigarh City+O.G.	3,77,857	2,12,080	£1,65,777	2,57,794	1,52,455	<b>1,05,339</b>	66 ·31 <i>7</i>	1 ·26	59 ·73	68 -23	71 -89	63 ·54	
Mani Majra NAC+O.G.	28,118	15,812	12,306	13,291	8,511	4,780	41 ·57 5	0 -35	30 ·81	47 ·2 <b>7</b>	53 ·83	38 ·84	
Burail Town	11,034	6,586	4,448	5,816	4,068	1,748	N.A. 1	N.A.	N.A.	52.71	61 ·77	39 -30	
Attawa Town	4,247	2,675	1,572	1,340	1,038	302	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	31 -55	38 ·80	19 -21	
Chandigarh Rufal	28,805	17,055	11,750	12,850	8,881	3,969	30 ·53 3	8 •84	18 -36	<b>44</b> ·61	52 -07	33 ·78	

U.A.—Urban Agglomeration

O.G.-Outgrowth

### TABLE-4

1981-CENSUS

(Provisional Figures)

#### Cities with a population of 100,000 and above

SI. No.	Name of City/U.A.	Provis	ional Popul 1981	ation	Sex Ratio	Total Literates		Li	Literacy rates		
		Persons	Males	Females		Persons	Males	Females	Per-	Males	Fe- males
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Chandigarh U.A.	421,256	237,153	184,103	776	278,241	166,072	112,169	66 .05	70.03	60.93

U.A.—Urban Agglomeration.

1981—CENSUS (Provisional Figures)

F. 1. 1States Winion	Total population 1981			, 80, To	1981	Percentage literacy rates 1981			
India/States/Union - Territories	Persons	Males	Females 4	Persons 5	Males 6	Females	Persons		Female
<u> </u>	2	3					8	9	10
India	683,810,051	353,347,249	330,462,802	237,991,932	158,837,215	79,154,717	36 ·17†	46 ·74†	24 .88†
States									-
1. Andhra Pradesh	53,403,619	27,035,531	26,368,088	15,989,266	10,578,388	5,410,878	29 •94	39 ·13	20 ·52
2. Assam*	19,902,826	10,472,712	9,430,114	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
3. Bihar	69,823,154	35,865,467	33,957,687	18,163,410	13,551,736	4,611,674	<b>26</b> ·01	37.·78	13 ·58
4. Gujarat	33,960,905	17,484,540	16,476,365	14,858,075	9,534,470	5,323,605	43 -75	54 ·53	32 ·31
5. Haryana	12,850,902	6,846,153	6,004,749	4,605,649	3,271,047	1,334,602	35 ·84	47 ·78	22 ·23
6. Himachal Pradesh	4,237,569	2,131,312	2,106,257	1,777,201	1,115,973	661,228	.41 ·94	52 ·36	31 ·39
7. Jammu & Kashmir	<b>5,981,600</b>	3,062,200	2,91 <b>9,</b> 400	N.A.	N.A.	·N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Ŋ.A.
8. Karnataka	37,043,451	18,869,494	18,173,957	14,228,947	9,171,677	5,057,270	38 ·41	48 ·61	27 ·83
9. Kerala	25,403,217	12,487,961	12,915,256	17,571,819	9,244,609	8,327,210	69 ·17	74 ·03	64 ·48
10. Madhya Pradesh	52,131,717	26,856,752	25,274,965	14,502,063	10,574,919	3,927,144	27 ·82	39 -38	15 ·54
11. Maharashtra	62,693,898	32,341,115	30,352,783	29,695,721	19,046,963	10,648,758	47 ·37	58 -89	35 ⋅08
12. Manipur	1,433,691	727,108	706,583	601,943	385,123	216,820	41 -99	52 ·97	30 ·69
13. Meghalaya	1,327,874	678,883	648,991	441,077	251,056	190,021	33 -22	36 98	29 ·28
14. Nagaland	773,281	414,231	359,050	324,700	203,643	121,057	41 ·99	49 ·16	5 33·72
15. Orissa	26,272,054	13,253,523	13,018,531	8,964,625	6,216,037	2,748,588	34 ·12	46 •90	21 ·11
16. Punjab	16,669,755	8,840,234	7,829,521	6,791,547	4,118,415	2,673,132	40 ·74	46 • 59	34 ·14
17. Rajasthan	34,102,912	17,749,282	16,353,630	8,201,615	6,350,945	1,850,670	24 .05	35 ⋅78	11 ·32
18. Sikkim	315,682	171,959	143,723	106,780	75,066	31,714	33 -83	43 *65	22 ·07
19. Tamil Nadu	48,297,456	24,420,228	23,877,228	22,111,593	13,965,132	8,146,461	45 · 78	57 · 19	34 ·12
20. Tripura	2,060,189	1,057,714	1,002,475	856,688	539,932	316,756	41 58	5 <b>1</b> ·05	31 ·60
21. Uttar Pradesh	110,858,019	58,780,640	52,077,379	30,358,013	22,845,887	7,512,126	27 ·38	38 ⋅87	14 ·42
22. West Bengal	54,485,560	28,505,151	25,980,409	22,271,867	14,391,808	7,880,059	40 ⋅88	50 ·49	30 ·33
Union Territories									
Andaman and     Nicobar Islands	188,254	106,889	81,365	96, 520	62,470	34,050	51 ·27	58 ·44	41 ·85
2. Arunachal Pradesh	628,050	335,941	292,109	126,185	94,002	32,183	20 -09	27 ·98	11 .02
3. Chandigarh	450,061	254,208	195,853	291,091	174,953	116,138	64 ·68	68 ·8 <b>2</b>	59 -30
4. Dadra and Nagar Haveli	103,677	52,514	51,163	27,578	19,007	8,571	26 ·60	36 ⋅19	16 .75
5. Delhi	6,196,414	3,422,550	2,773,864	3,783,611	2,325,804	1,457,807	61 •06	67 - 96	52 .56
6. Goa, Daman & Diu	1,082,117	546,260	535,857	604,489	353,832	250,657	55 ·86	64 ·77	46 -78
7. Lakshadweep	40,23	7 20,367	19,870	22,018	13,233	8,785	54 ·72	64 -97	44 .21
8. Mizoram	487,774	251,988	235,786	290,241	166,296	123,945	59 ·50	65 .99	52 .5
9. Pondicherry	604,136	304,342	299,794	327,600	194,792	132,808	54 -23	64.00	44 • 30

<sup>†</sup>Excludes Assam and Jammu & Kashmir \*Projected Figures

#### TABLE 6

## PROVISIONAL POPULATION TOTALS

#### 1981-CENSUS

#### Sex Ratio

Serial No-	India/States/U.T.		Sex Ratio
	INDIA	••	935
	STATES		975
1	Andhra Pradesh	• •	900*
2	Assam	• •	947
3	Bihar	• •	942
4	Gujarat	••	877
5	Haryana	••	988
6	Himachal Pradesh	• •	953*
7	Jammu & Kashmir	••	963
8	Karnataka	• •	1034
9	Kerala	••	941
10	Madhya Pradesh		939
11	Maharashtra		972
12	Manipur	• •	956
13	Meghalaya	**	867
	Nagalaad	• •	982
15	Orissa	• •	886
	Punjab	••	921
17	Rajasthan	• •	836
18	Sikkim	• •	978
19	Tamil Nadu	••	948
20	Tripura	••	886
21	Uttar Pradesh	• •	911
22	West Bengal	- •	
	UNION TERRITORIES		
1	A. & N. Islands	• •	761
2	Art nachal Pradesh		870
3	Chandigarh		770
	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	••	974
4		• •	810
5	Delhi	••	981
6	Goa, Daman & Diu	••	976
7	Lakshadweep		936
8	Mizoram	••	985
9	Pondicherry		

\*Based on projected population