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PROVISIONAL POPULATION TOTALS :
WORKERS AND THEIR DISTRIBUTION

N.C. DUTTA

of the Indian Administrative Service
DIRECTOR OF CENSUS OPERATIONS, ASSAM
G.S. ROAD, ULUBARI, GUWAHATI-781007

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FIGURES AT A GLANCE

CENSUS OF INDIA, 1991 - ASSAM

| | | |
|-------------------------|---|------------|
| TOTAL POPULATION | : | 22,294,562 |
| TOTAL WORKERS | : | 8,108,785 |
| TOTAL MAIN WORKERS | : | 7,068,363 |
| TOTAL MARGINAL WORKERS: | | 1,040,422 |

DISTRIBUTION OF MAIN
WORKERS AS -

| | | | | |
|---|---|---------|---|-----------|
| CULTIVATORS | : | Persons | : | 3,622,017 |
| | | Males | : | 2,819,201 |
| | | Females | : | 802,816 |
| AGRICULTURAL LABOURERS | : | Persons | : | 911,386 |
| | | Males | : | 700,736 |
| | | Females | : | 210,650 |
| HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY WORKERS | : | Persons | : | 177,149 |
| | | Males | : | 104,368 |
| | | Females | : | 72,781 |
| OTHER WORKERS | : | Persons | : | 2,357,811 |
| | | Males | : | 1,882,487 |
| | | Females | : | 475,324 |
| WORK PARTICIPATION RATE | : | Persons | : | 36.37 |
| (Percentage of Workers to Total Population) | | Males | : | 50.32 |
| | | Females | : | 21.29 |

PREFACE

With the sunrise of March 1, 1991 as the reference point, the last decennial Census enumeration commenced in Assam on February 9 and was concluded on March 5, 1991, including a revisional round conducted during March 1 - 5, 1991. During this period, enumeration was done by thousands of Enumerators under the supervision of Supervisors and Charge Officers. The district census machinery was headed by the Deputy Commissioners who were designated under the provisions of the Census Act, as the Principal Census Officers. The district hierarchy of the census monolith down below included Additional Deputy Commissioners, Sub-Divisional Officers and Extra Assistant Commissioners all of whom were appropriately designated and empowered under the Census Act. The Directorate of Census with the Director of Census Operations, Assam at the apex at the state level maintained overall supervision, imparted training to census officials, provided infrastructural support needed by the field officers, kept a close liaison with the State Government and thus steered the massive administrative operation within the given time frame.

A system of compilation of basic data right from the Enumerator's Block through the Charge, District and the State in record time was developed all over the country. Provisional population figures of 1991 Census up to the district level, growth rates, density of population and percentage of literates by sex were published in the Provisional Population Totals, Paper 1 soon after conclusion of the enumeration. In Paper 2, which is now under print, provisional figures relating to rural-urban

distribution of population, particularly sex-wise rural population and the number of literates up to the Revenue Circle level, population of towns, their growth rates and some other additional informations have been reflected. But for unexpected delay in the Government of India Press, Coimbatore, this paper could have been released within a few months after publication of Paper 1.

The present publication Paper 3 is the last of the series of the State level publications relating to provisional population totals of 1991 Census. The provisional figures of the broad work characteristics of the population have been presented in this publication in various tables. It contains information on rural-urban break up of main workers, marginal workers and their percentage to total population at the district level. Distribution of main workers and the rural urban break up of cultivators, agricultural labourers, workers in the household industries and other workers have also been shown in the present publication upto the district level.

The information collected during the Great Count in the shape of Individual Slips have been tabulated manually in the five Regional Tabulation Offices now functioning at Guwahati, Nagaon, Tezpur, Jorhat and Dhubri. The final figures will be presented, as on earlier occasions, in the District Census Handbooks, General Population Tables, General Economic Tables, Social and Cultural Tables, Migration Tables, Fertility Tables etc. Keeping pace with the advancement in technology, this Directorate is soon installing a data entry centre with twenty terminals for computerisation of a sizable part of the census data.

In fact, data obtained in the Houselisting operation conducted by this organisation in 1990, have been keyed-in through the Data Entry System of Assam Electronics Development Corporation (AMTRON) for final processing through computer. The data users may have a preliminary idea of the number of workers in some broad categories from these provisional data till the release of final figures of 1991 Census, after thorough scrutiny, edit and tabulation.

I owe a deep sense of gratitude to Shri A.R. Nanda, I.A.S., Registrar General and Census Commissioner, India for his guidance and unstinted support which have made it possible to accomplish this task of such national importance despite umpteem difficulties encountered by all those who were connected with the census operation. In the preparation of this paper I am particularly thankful to Shri J.C. Bhuyan, Deputy Director of Census Operations, Shri P.K. Barman, Assistant Director of Census Operations, Shri S.K. Baruah, Investigator and other officials of the Census Cell and the Map Section of the Directorate whose love for and dedication to work was the anchorhold of the valuable assistance rendered to me. Shri K.N. Gogoi, Senior Stenographer who was engaged in typing out the manuscript deserves special mention for his creditable performance.

N. C. DUTTA
DIRECTOR OF CENSUS OPERATIONS
ASSAM : GUWAHATI.

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

Presentation of data relating to economic activities of the individual censused in 1991 has a long history. A probe into economic activities of the individuals has been an essential part of the decennial censuses since its inception on modern lines in India. However, in the nineteenth and early part of this century when diversity of economic activities was not so pronounced, attempts were made to highlight only the broad avocations and the burden of the dependents on the workers/earners.

Scope of study of economic activities in earlier censuses:

1.2 During the first two censuses held in 1872 and 1881, enquiry about economic activities of an individual was confined only to 'occupation' which was classified under several heads. In 1891, the concept of means of subsistence was introduced as an alternate to 'occupation'. The aim was to net all those who had no regular work but earned their livelihood from house rent, pension etc. From 1901 to 1921 population was divided into 'actual workers' and 'dependents' in the decennial censuses. Actual workers included all persons who actually did some work and was in receipt of some income, or carried on some business whether personally or by means of service or who lived on house rent, pension etc. Those persons who were not actual workers were treated as

dependents. Some further elaboration was done in 1931 census when the population was classified under heads 'Earner', 'Working Dependent' and 'Non Working Dependent'. An 'Earner' was defined as a person with permanent and regular work for which return was obtained in cash or in kind which helped to augment the family income. A 'Working Dependent' was defined as a person who assisted with the work of the family and contributed to its support without actually earning any wage. The rest of the members of the family are non-earning dependents. This concept was again partially modified in 1941 census when an individual was classified under any of the three heads viz., 'Independent Worker', 'Wholly Dependent' and 'Partly Dependent'.

1.3 In 1951 decennial census the Individual Slip contained the following questions on economic activities of the person censused:

1. Economic Status
 - Part I : Dependency
 - Part II : Employment
2. Principal means of livelihood
3. Secondary means of livelihood

1.4 According to Indian Census Economic Classification Scheme, 1951, prepared by the Registrar General of India, livelihood pattern of the individual was divided into eight classes as shown below:-

Agricultural classes:

- I. Cultivators of land wholly or mainly owned;
and their dependents.
- II. Cultivators of land wholly or mainly not
owned and their dependents.
- III. Cultivating labourers; and their
dependents.
- IV. Non-Cultivating owners of land;
agricultural rent receivers and their
dependents.

Non-agricultural classes:

Persons (including dependents) who earned
their principal means of livelihood from -

- V. Production other than cultivation
- VI. Commerce
- VII. Transport
- VIII. Other services and miscellaneous sources.

1.5 Thus, till 1951, data on economic activities were based on income and dependency concept. There was a change in approach to the issues of economic activities in 1961 Census and thereafter. In accordance with the recommendations of the ILO which is generally followed in most of the countries, the concept of 'work' measured in terms of time or the labour force concept was introduced

since 1961 Census. Work included not only actual work but also effective supervision and direction of work. The classification of population as workers and non workers based on the concept of work was thus introduced in 1961 Census. The Individual Slip of 1961 Census contained the following questions in respect of economic activities.

1. Working as Cultivator
2. Working as Agricultural Labourer
3. Working at House Hold Industry
 - a. Nature of work
 - b. Nature of House Hold Industry
 - c. If Employee
4. Doing work other than above three categories.
 - a. Nature of work
 - b. Nature of Industry, Profession, Trade or Service
 - c. Class of work
 - d. Name of Establishment
 - e. Activity, if Not Working

1.6 In case of seasonal work the person is considered as a worker if he/she has some regular work more than one hour a day throughout the greater part of the working season. In the case of regular employment in any

Trade, Profession, Service, Business or Commerce the basis of work was a duration of fifteen days employment preceeding the day on which the person was enumerated.

1.7 The scope was further extended in 1971 Census when a number of questions were asked regarding main activity and secondary work. The questions contained in the Individual Slip of 1971 Census were as below:

1. Main activity

a) Broad category

i) Work (C, AL, HHI, OW)

ii) Non work (H, S, D, R, B, I, O)

(Note: Abbreviations imply C - Cultivator, AL - Agricultural Labourers, HHI - Household Industry, OW - Othr Works, H - Household duties, S - Students, D - Dependents, R - Retired persons or rentiers, B - Beggars etc., I - Inmates of institutions, O - Other non workers).

b) Place of work (Name of Village/town)

c) Name of Establishment

d) Nature of Industry, Trade, Profession or Service.

e) Description of work

f) Class of work

2. Secondary work

- a) Broad category (C,AL,HHI,OW)
- b) Place of work (Name of village/town)
- c) Name of Establishment
- d) Nature of Industry, Trade, Profession or Service
- e) Description of work
- f) Class of work

1.8 As per 1971 definition 'Worker' is a person whose main activity is participation in any economically productive work by his physical or mental activity. Work involves not only actual work but effective supervision and direction of work. A man or a woman who is engaged primarily in household duties such as cooking for own household or performing one's own household duties or a boy or a girl who is primarily a student attending an Institution, even if such a person helps in family economic activity but not as a full time workers was not treated as a worker for the main activity. On the other hand, if a person is primarily engaged in some economic activity but at the same time does also attend to some household chores or attends a night school etc., he or she was treated basically as a worker for main activity and was categorised as such.

1.9 However, a person whether he or she has returned some work as main activity or returned himself or

herself on any of the basically non working category was required to state his or her secondary work. Each person was asked if besides, the main activity the person has participated in any secondary work. With a restrictive connotation of the term 'Work', a sharp decline in the 'Work Participation Rate' (WPR) was registered in 1971 Census compared to that of 1961.

1.10 The decennial census was conducted throughout the country in 1981 except in Assam. In order to reflect more accurately the work participation rate (WPR), the concept of 'Marginal Workers' was introduced in 1981. During the census the population was divided into those who worked at any time at all during the year preceeding the census and those who had not worked at all during the year. The latter category was termed as 'Non-workers' while the former category was divided into two groups viz., 'Workers' and 'Marginal Workers'. Those who were engaged for a period of six months (183 days) or more in some economic activities were termed as 'Main Workers'. Those who had worked for some time during the preceeding year but not for the major part was termed as 'Marginal Workers'. Thus a trichotomy of persons into mutually exclusive groups of 'Main Workers', 'Marginal Workers' and 'Non-workers' was introduced in 1981 census.

1.11 In 1991 Census some further improvement was made over the concepts used in the previous censuses. Many persons specially women and children who are engaged in unpaid work in farm or in family enterprise was also included under the category of workers in 1991 Census.

1.12 Women are often classified as non-workers because of non reporting their work. It also happens that women who work for the major part of the year are reported as working less than six months. Special care was therefore taken at the time of enumeration for capturing women's work by asking probing questions. Attempts were made to elicit information on the type of economic activity in which the person is engaged. Activities like work on the family farm, sale of home-made diary products, rearing of poultry and sale of the products, sale of fish, fruits, vegetables etc. sale of food or snacks for festivals, running beauty parlour, running music, dance, cookery, arts, crafts etc. classes at home, and similar activities were also netted even if the person was engaged for a few days in the year. In respect of 'Non-workers', information was collected whether a non-worker is seeking/available for work for the first time. The questions included in the Individual Slip of 1991 Census in order to elicit information on economic characteristics of the population were as below:

Q. 14A Did you work any time at all last year?

(including unpaid work on farm or in family enterprise) Yes

No (H/ST/D/R/B/I/O)

Q.14B If 'Yes' in 14A, did you work for major part of last year? Yes(1)/No(2)

Q.15A Main activity last year?

'Yes' in 14B (C/AL/HHI/OW)

'No' in 14B (H/ST/D/R/B/I/O)

If HHI/OW in 15A

- (i) Name of establishment
- (ii) Nature of Industry, trade or service
- (iii) Description of work
- (iv) Class of worker

Q.15B 'Yes' in 14B-Any other work any time last year? Yes (C/AL/HHI/OW)/No

'No' in 14B-Work done any time last year?
(C/AL/HHI/OW)

If HHI/OW in 15B

- (i) Name of establishment
- (ii) Nature of Industry, trade or service
- (iii) Description of work
- (iv) Class of worker

Q.16A If 'No' in 14A, seeking/available for work? Yes(1)/No(2)

Q.16B If 'Yes' in 16A, have you ever worked before? Yes(1)/No(2)

1.13.1 The concepts adopted in 1991 Census are described below for better appreciation of the data incorporated in this publication.

Work:

1.13.2 Work has been defined as participation in any economically productive activity. Such participation may be physical or mental in nature. Work involves not only actual work but also effective supervision and direction of work. It also includes unpaid work on farm or in family enterprise.

Reference Period:

1.13.3 In all the questions except relating to non-worker the reference period is the year preceding the date of enumeration. Certain types of work such as agriculture, household industry like, gur making, etc., are carried on either throughout the year or only during 'certain seasons or parts of the year, depending on the local circumstances. In such cases the broad time-span of the agricultural seasons preceding the enumeration was the main criterion for determining the reference period.

Main Worker:

1.13.4 A person connected in one or more economic activities for a period of six months or 183 days or more during the reference period is termed as 'Main Worker'.

Marginal Worker:

1.13.5 Any person who was engaged in some economic activities during the reference period but did not work for the major part of the year, i.e., those who had worked for less than six months (183 days) in the year are termed as 'Marginal Workers'.

Cultivator:

1.13.6 For purposes of the census a person is categorised as cultivator if he or she is engaged either as employer, single worker or family worker in cultivation of land owned or held from Government or held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share. Cultivation includes supervision or direction of cultivation. A person who has given out his/her land to another person or persons for cultivation for money, kind or share of crop and who does not even supervise or direct cultivation of land, will not be treated as cultivator. Similarly, a person working in another person's land for wages in cash or kind or a combination of both (agricultural labourer) will not be treated as cultivator in this question.

1.13.7 Cultivation involves ploughing, sowing and harvesting and production on cereals and millet crops such as wheat, paddy, jowar, bajra, ragi, etc., and other crops such as sugarcane, ground-nuts, topioca, etc., and pulses, raw jute and kindred fibre crop, cotton, etc., and does not include

fruit growing, vegetable growing or keeping orchards or groves or working on plantations like tea, coffee, rubber, canchona and other medicinal plantations.

Agricultural Labourer:

1.13.8 A person who works on another person's land for wages in money, kind or share should be regarded as an agricultural labourer. He or she has no risk in the cultivation, but he/she merely works on another person's land for wages. An agricultural labourer has no right of lease or contract on land on which he/she works.

1.13.9 A person is classified as 'Cultivator' or an 'Agricultural Labourer' on the basis of the crops grown. The growing of following crops is considered as cultivation:

- (i) **Cereal and millet crops:** Paddy, wheat, jowar, bajra, maize, ragi, barley, etc.
- (ii) **Pulses :** Arhar, gram, khēsari, moong, masur, urd, etc.
- (iii) **Fibre Crops :** Raw cotton, jute, mesta, sunhemp and kindred fibre crops.
- (iv) **Oil Seeds :** Sesamum, ground-nut, rapeseed, mustard, linseed, castor, etc.
- (v) **Cash Crop :** Sugarcane.

1.13.10 The growing of the following crops are not considered as cultivation:

- (i) **Plantation Crops** : Tea, coffee, rubber, tobacco, pepper, cardamom, etc.
- (ii) **Edible nuts (other than ground-nut)** : Walnut almond, cashewnut, etc.
- (iii) **Fruits** : Bananas, apples, grapes, mangoes, oranges, etc.
- (iv) **Coconut.**
- (v) **Ganja, cinchona, opium and medicinal plants.**
- (vi) **Betel-nuts (areca).**
- (vii) **Flowers.**
- (viii) **Roots and tubes, chillies and spices.**
- (ix) **Vegetables**
- (x) **Other crops not included under cultivation.**

Household Industry:

1.14.1 Household Industry is defined as an industry conducted by the head of the household himself/herself and or by the members of the household at home or within the village in rural areas and only within the precincts of the house where the household lives in urban areas. The larger proportion of workers in household industry should consist of members of the household including the head. The industry should not be run on the scale of a registered factory which would qualify or has to be registered under the Indian Factories Act.

1.14.2 The main criterion of a Household Industry is the participation of one or more members of a household. Even if the industry is not actually located at home in rural areas there is greater possibility of the members of the household participating even if it is located anywhere within the village limits. In the urban areas where organised industry takes greater prominence, the Household Industry should be confined to the precincts of the house where the participants live. In urban areas even if the members of the household by themselves run an industry but at a place away from the precincts of their home, it will not be considered as a Household Industry. It should be located within the precincts of the house where the members live in the case of urban areas.

1.14.3 Household industry relates to production, processing, servicing, repairing or making and selling (but not merely selling) of goods. It does not include professions such as a Pleader, Doctor, Barber, Musician, Dancer, Waterman, Dhobi, Astrologer, etc., or merely trade or business, even if such professions, trade or services are run at home by members of the household.

Other Workers:

1.15 All workers, i.e., those who have been engaged in some economic activity during the last one year,

who are not cultivators or agricultural labourers or in Household Industry, are classified as 'Other Workers'. The type of workers that come under this category include factory workers, plantation workers, those in trade, commerce, business, transport, mining, construction, political or social work, all government servants, municipal employees, teachers, priests, entertainment artists, etc. In effect, all those who work in any field of economic activity other than cultivator, agricultural labourer or household industry, are 'Other Workers'.

National Industrial Classification:

1.16.1 The Industrial Classifications are used in the classification of economically active population, in the presentation of statistics of industrial production and distribution, labour statistics and economic data like national income etc. However, the Industrial Classification used in population censuses have differed from Census to Census.

1.16.2 In the 1961 Census, the Indian Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC) evolved in 1958 by the Directorate General of Employment and Training was used. In 1971 and 1981 Censuses, the National Industrial Classification 1970 (NIC 1970) evolved by the Central Statistical Organisation (CSO) was used. This classification was adopted by the Census Organisation with suitable modifications. Since 1970, when the NIC 1970 was evolved, the structure and

organisation of industries have undergone considerable changes which necessitated a revision of the NIC 1970. Accordingly, the User Departments of the Government of India, including the Planning Commission, decided to revise the NIC 1970, and thus the National Industrial Classification 1987 was evolved, and has been adopted by the Census Organisation for the presentation of 1991 Census data.

Economic Census:

1.17.1 The Central Statistical Organisation conducted the first Economic Census in 1977. The second was conducted in collaboration with Census Organisation in 1980 along with the Houselisting operation. The third Economic Census, although approved by the Planning Commission for being conducted in 1986 could not be carried out by the Central Statistical Organisation due to some constraints. It was, however, synchronized with the Houselisting operation carried out by the Census Organisation in 1990. The Enumerators canvassed Enterprise List developed by the Central Statistical Organisation and the data so collected was processed by the Directorate of Economics and Statistics, Assam.

1.17.2 According to provisional results of the Economic Census in Assam, there are 4,80,622 enterprises in the State in which 13,25,547 persons are usually working. This work force includes 8,76,629 hired persons. The

number of enterprises varies from 2,455 in Dhemaji district to 56,004 in Kamrup district. About 63.09% of the entrepreneurial activity is carried out without employing any hired person, 13.40% without premises and 82.28% without power. In the State 23,794 enterprises constituting 4.95% are agricultural while 4,56,828 or 95.05% are non-agricultural enterprises. Of the agricultural enterprises 84.20% are in rural areas. In the case of non-agricultural enterprises 31.96% are in urban areas.

**Certain aspects of the study on Economic Activities
in 1991 Census:**

1.18.1 The concepts and definitions relating to economic question in general and 'work' in particular adopted in the 1981 Census were retained in 1991 for the sake of comparability. In order to help netting the unpaid workers on farm or in family enterprise and to ensure that economic activity of these categories viz., women and children who are the predominant constituents of this work force, emphasis was laid on putting probing questions regarding the work done at any time at all last year or any of the season in the reference period, in the case of women.

1.18.2 The question on seeking/available for work was asked in 1991 census only in respect of 'non-workers' and not for 'marginal workers' also as was done in the 1981 Census. Further, in case of those seeking/available for work,

a question whether they had ever worked before was asked. This will help to ascertain the number of fresh entrants to the labour force.

1.18.3 In order to provide more detailed tables on economic activity of the population, it is proposed to process in the 1991 Census all the Individual Slips relating to main workers (other than cultivators and agricultural labourers), marginal workers and those non-workers seeking/available for work. This is a deviation from the 1981 Census when this tabulation was based only on a 20% sample of Individual Slips.

CHAPTER 2

PROFILE OF WORKING POPULATION

2.1 Proportion of workers including both main and marginal workers, to total population in India is 37.64% as per 1991 Census, Provisional totals. Apparently, more than one third of our total population constitutes the work force. However, there is a difference between the male and female work force. The male workers are 51.52% to total male population whereas the proportion is just 22.69% of the total female population. The composition of the work force differs in rural and urban areas also, both total size and sex-wise. The total break up is given below:

STATEMENT 2:1
TOTAL WORKERS IN INDIA*, 1991

| Population/ Workers | Persons | Males | Females |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Total | | | |
| Population | 836,605,522 | 433,791,705 | 402,813,817 |
| Workers | 314,903,642 | 223,506,153 | 91,397,489 |
| Percentage of workers | 37.64 | 51.52 | 22.69 |
| Rural | | | |
| Population | 621,267,297 | 320,062,940 | 301,204,357 |
| Workers | 249,330,072 | 167,822,985 | 81,507,087 |
| Percentage of workers | 40.13 | 52.43 | 27.06 |
| Urban | | | |
| Population | 215,338,225 | 113,728,765 | 101,609,460 |
| Workers | 65,573,570 | 55,683,168 | 9,890,402 |
| Percentage of workers | 30.45 | 48.96 | 9.73 |

* Excludes Jammu & Kashmir where the 1991 Census has not been conducted.

Note: Workers include both main workers and marginal workers and figures are provisional.

2.2 Both in case of males and females the work participation rate is higher in the rural than in the urban areas. It is interesting to note that taking India as a whole, percentage of urban female workers to female urban population is nearly one-third of the proportion of female rural workers to female rural population. The percentage of total workers in the rural areas to the total workers in the country is 79.18 while the percentage of the population living in rural areas is 74.26. Sex-wise, 75.09 % of the male workers and 89.18% of the female workers in the country have been enumerated in the rural areas whereas 73.78% of the male population and 74.78% of the female population in the country have been counted in these areas.

2.3 On the basis of the information available in the Year Book of Labour Statistics, International Labour Office, Geneva, 1989-90 and some other data, the Registrar General, India has worked out the work participation rate of some selected countries in Asia. The work participation rate of the entire work force is as high as 49.77% in Japan followed by 49.12% in Hong Kong. With the work participation rate of 27.53% Pakistan occupies the lowest spot in this regard. The level of work participation rates for women is only 6.25% in case of Bangladesh. Again it is in Japan where this rate stands at 39.52% as against 36.73% in Hong Kong, 37.14% in Singapore and 33.38% in Indonesia. The Registrar General, India is of the view that the low work participation rates for women could be due to conceptual and measurement-related

problems implicit in the identification of women within the workforce or labourforce. (Provisional Population Totals : Workers And Their Distribution, Paper 3 of 1991, Page 10, Registrar General, India).

2.4 Since 1971, a rising trend has been noticed in case of work participation rate in India as shown below:

STATEMENT 2.2
WORK PARTICIPATION RATE IN INDIA, 1971-91

| Year | Total | Persons | Males | Females |
|------|----------------|---------|-------|---------|
| | Rural Urban | | | |
| | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 1971 | Total | 34.17 | 52.75 | 14.22 |
| | Rural | 35.33 | 53.78 | 15.92 |
| | Urban | 29.61 | 48.88 | 7.18 |
| 1981 | Total | 36.70 | 52.62 | 19.67 |
| | Rural | 38.79 | 53.77 | 23.06 |
| | Urban | 29.99 | 49.06 | 8.31 |
| 1991 | Total | 37.68 | 51.56 | 22.73 |
| | Rural | 40.24 | 52.50 | 27.20 |
| | Urban | 30.44 | 48.95 | 9.74 |

Notes : 1. Excludes Assam where the 1981 Census could not be held and Jammu & Kashmir where the 1991 Census has not been held.

2. The 1971 Census figures include workers and non-workers with secondary work. The 1981 and 1991 Census figures include main workers and marginal workers.

2.5 There is a wide difference in the work participation rates in different states of India as per provisional figures of 1991 Census. The position is shown below:

STATEMENT 3:2
PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL WORKERS OF SELECTED STATES IN 1991

| India/State | Percentage of workers, 1991 | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Persons | Males | Females |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| INDIA* | 37.64 | 51.56 | 22.69 |
| States | | | |
| 1. Andhra Pradesh | 45.27 | 55.44 | 34.81 |
| 2. Arunachal Pradesh | 47.46 | 54.21 | 39.61 |
| 3. Assam | 36.37 | 50.32 | 21.29 |
| 4. Bihar | 32.56 | 47.95 | 15.69 |
| 5. Goa | 35.22 | 49.51 | 20.48 |
| 6. Gujarat | 41.17 | 54.35 | 27.08 |
| 7. Haryana | 30.83 | 47.92 | 11.29 |
| 8. Himachal Pradesh | 42.27 | 49.72 | 34.79 |
| 9. Karnataka | 41.83 | 53.91 | 29.27 |
| 10. Kerala | 32.05 | 47.81 | 16.90 |
| 11. Madhya Pradesh | 42.70 | 52.17 | 32.53 |
| 12. Maharashtra | 42.84 | 52.03 | 33.02 |
| 13. Manipur | 41.51 | 45.36 | 37.50 |
| 14. Meghalaya | 43.06 | 49.09 | 36.69 |
| 15. Mizoram | 49.36 | 54.37 | 43.94 |
| 16. Nagaland | 44.20 | 48.61 | 39.25 |
| 17. Orissa | 37.53 | 53.74 | 20.85 |
| 18. Punjab | 31.44 | 53.34 | 6.78 |
| 19. Rajasthan | 38.54 | 49.07 | 27.01 |
| 20. Sikkim | 53.20 | 53.60 | 52.74 |
| 21. Tamil Nadu | 44.13 | 57.01 | 30.88 |
| 22. Tripura | 31.36 | 47.48 | 14.31 |
| 23. Uttar Pradesh | 32.27 | 49.37 | 12.87 |
| 24. West Bengal | 32.37 | 51.36 | 11.67 |

* Excluding Jammu & Kashmir where the 1991 Census has not been held.

2.6 From the above statement it appears that the proportion of total workers to total population in India is highest in Sikkim (53.20%) and lowest in Haryana (30.83%). Of course among the Union Territories there are still smaller proportion of total workers in Lakshadweep (26.19%). The proportion of the male workers among the major states in India is highest in Tamil Nadu where the figures stands at 57.01% of the total male population of the State. However, the Union Territory of Dadar and Nagar Haveli occupies the highest position in India in this regard having 57.66% of male workers. The proportion of male workers is the lowest in Manipur where the male workers constituted 45.36% of the total population. Although there has been a rise in the national level percentage of female workers to total female population from 19.67% in 1981 to 22.73% in 1991 still the proportion is much below than that of the female workers in Japan, Singapore, Indonesia and Hongkong. With 52.74% female workers, Sikkim is the State where the proportion of female workers is the highest in India. It is interesting to note that some major states like Punjab (6.78%), Haryana (11.29%), West Bengal (11.67%) & Uttar Pradesh (12.87%) have got small work force of female population. The proportion of male and female workers being 50.32% and 21.29% of the total male and female population Assam occupies a position higher than many of the States and Union Territories viewed from the proportion of the work force as per 1991 Census. However, the proportion of both male and female workers in Assam to total population is slightly lower than that of the national average.

STATEMENT 2:4
TOTAL WORKERS IN ASSAM 1991.

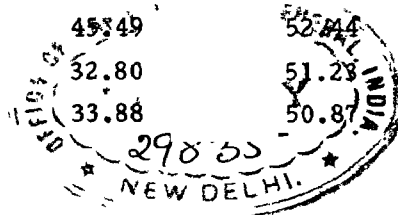
| Population/ Workers | Persons | Males | Females |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Total | | | |
| Population | 22,294,562 | 11,579,693 | 10,714,869 |
| Workers | 8,108,785 | 5,827,087 | 2,281,698 |
| Percentage of workers | 36.37 | 50.32 | 21.29 |
| Rural | | | |
| Population | 19,823,674 | 10,235,962 | 9,587,712 |
| Workers | 7,334,414 | 5,152,081 | 2,182,333 |
| Percentage of workers | 37.00 | 50.33 | 22.76 |
| Urban | | | |
| Population | 2,470,888 | 1,343,731 | 1,127,157 |
| Workers | 774,371 | 675,006 | 99,365 |
| Percentage of workers | 31.34 | 50.23 | 8.82 |

2.7 The percentage of total workers to total population varies from 40+ to 50% in Darrang, Sonitpur, Lakhimpur, Dhemaji, Golaghat, Sibsagar, Tinsukia and Karbi Anglong districts; 30+ to 40% in Kokrajhar, Bongaigaon, Goalpara, Nalbari, Kamrup, Marigaon, Nagaon, Jorhat, Dibrugarh, North Cachar Hills, Hailakandi, Cachar districts and 25+ to 30% in Dhubri, Barpeta and Karimganj districts. The percentage of male workers to total population varies from 50% and above in Kokrajhar, Darrang, Sonitpur, Lakhimpur, Dhemaji, Marigaon, Nagaon, Tinsukia, Karbi Anglong, North Cachar Hills, Hailakandi and Cachar districts and 40+ to 50% in Dhubri, Bongaigaon, Goalpara, Barpeta,

Nalbari, Kamrup, Golaghat, Jorhat, Sibsagar, Dibrugarh and Karimganj districts. The percentage of female workers to total population varies from 30+ to 40% in Sonitpur, Lakhimpur, Dhemaji, Golaghat, Sibsagar, Tinsukia and Karbi Anglong; 20+ to 30% in Kokrajhar, Darrang, Jorhat, Dibrugarh and North Cachar Hills districts; 10+ to 20% in Bongaigaon, Goalpara, Nalbari, Kamrup, Marigaon, Nagaon, Hailakandi and Cachar districts and 5+ to 10% in Dhubri, Barpeta and Karimganj districts. Table below shows the district-wise position of workers sex-wise in 1991 in Assam.

STATEMENT 2.5
PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL WORKERS IN 1991 BY SEX IN ALL AREAS

| State/District | Percentage of workers in 1991 | | |
|----------------|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Persons | Males | Females |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| ASSAM | 36.37 | 50.32 | 21.29 |
| 1. Dhubri | 28.72 | 49.44 | 6.94 |
| 2. Kokrajhar | 38.49 | 51.10 | 25.10 |
| 3. Bongaigaon | 34.10 | 49.81 | 17.40 |
| 4. Goalpara | 32.52 | 48.44 | 15.87 |
| 5. Barpeta | 29.20 | 47.96 | 9.22 |
| 6. Nalbari | 31.93 | 47.50 | 15.32 |
| 7. Kamrup | 30.86 | 47.80 | 11.64 |
| 8. Darrang | 43.50 | 56.27 | 29.91 |
| 9. Sonitpur | 43.33 | 54.42 | 31.15 |
| 10. Lakhimpur | 47.10 | 55.28 | 38.32 |
| 11. Dhemaji | 45.49 | 52.44 | 38.04 |
| 12. Marigaon | 32.80 | 51.28 | 13.20 |
| 13. Nagaon | 33.88 | 50.87 | 15.70 |



| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | |
|-----|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| 14 | Golaghat | 40.82 | 49.59 | 31.30 |
| 15. | Jorhat | 35.33 | 43.06 | 26.91 |
| 16. | Sibsagar | 41.45 | 49.01 | 33.19 |
| 17. | Dibrugarh | 39.81 | 48.78 | 29.94 |
| 18. | Tinsukia | 41.12 | 50.81 | 30.28 |
| 19. | Karbi Anglong | 42.83 | 52.26 | 32.44 |
| 20. | North Cachar Hills | 38,03 | 50.38 | 23,95 |
| 21. | Karimganj | 29.93 | 48.80 | 10.00 |
| 22. | Hailakandi | 35.87 | 52.66 | 17.84 |
| 23. | Cachar | 35.96 | 51.78 | 19.11 |

2.8 The percentage of total workers to total population is the highest in Lakhimpur (47.10%) and lowest in Dhubri district (28.72%). Similarly the percentage of male workers is highest in Darrang district (56.27%) and lowest in Jorhat district (43.06%). The percentage of female workers to total population is highest in Lakhimpur district (38.32%) and lowest in Dhubri district (6.94%).

2.9 In 1971 proportion of total workers to total population in Assam was 28.35% which has shown a rise by 8% during the last 20 years and the figure stands at 36.37% in 1991. The proportion of male workers has shown only a marginal rise during this period from 48.88% in 1971 to 50.32% in 1991. However, in case of female workers a significant rise has been noticed during this two decades. The proportion of female workers to total population is 21.29% as per 1991 Census as against a mere 5.45% in 1971. The inclusion of unpaid work in farm and in household units have

increased scope of enumeration of female workers in 1991. The proportion of total non-workers to total population in Assam was 71.65% in 1971. This has been reduced to 63.62% in 1991. However, the comparability of the two pictures of 1971 and 1991 has been slightly obliterated by the fact that Mizoram was also included in 1971 Census as a part of Assam, when the North Cachar Hills returned district-wise highest percentage of total workers (41.91%) and male workers (56.88%).

CHAPTER 3

MAIN WORKERS AND MARGINAL WORKERS.

3.1 As mentioned earlier the total strength of workers including both main and marginal is 8,108,785 out of a total population of 22,294,562 in Assam. 7,068,363 persons have returned themselves as main workers while 1,040,422 are marginal workers. The position is indicated in the Statement below:

STATEMENT 3:1
TOTAL WORKERS, MAIN WORKERS AND MARGINAL WORKERS IN ASSAM, 1991.

| Persons | Total/Main/ Marginal workers | Percentage to total population |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Total Workers | | |
| Persons | 8,108,785 | 36.37 |
| Males | 5,827,087 | 50.32 |
| Females | 2,281,698 | 21.29 |
| Main Workers | | |
| Persons | 7,068,363 | 31.70 |
| Males | 5,506,792 | 47.55 |
| Females | 1,561,571 | 14.57 |
| Marginal Workers | | |
| Persons | 1,040,422 | 4.67 |
| Males | 320,295 | 2.77 |
| Females | 720,127 | 6.72 |

3.2 The rural-urban distribution of workers shows that urban areas have a much smaller strength of marginal workers compared to that of the rural areas. Urban areas have only about 9.05% of total workers of the state. The number of male marginal workers is quite small in urban areas. There are 7,941 male marginal workers in urban areas as against 312,354 male marginal workers in rural areas. Another interesting feature to note is that in rural areas the number of female marginal workers is more than double the number of male marginal workers in the rural areas. Thus as against 705,703 female marginal workers there are 312,354 male marginal workers in the rural areas of Assam.

3.3 Main workers have been divided into four categories, i.e. cultivators, agricultural labourers and household industry workers and other workers. The breakup is given in the following table:

STATEMENT 3:2
DISTRIBUTION OF MAIN WORKERS AS CULTIVATORS AND OTHER CATEGORIES OF WORKERS IN ASSAM, 1991

| | Persons Total main Males workers Females | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Household Industry Workers | Other workers |
|---------|--|-------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | | Total | | |
| Persons | 7,068,363 | 3,622,017 | 911,386 | 177,149 | 2,357,811 |
| Males | 5,506,792 | 2,819,201 | 700,736 | 104,368 | 1,882,487 |
| Females | 1,561,571 | 802,816 | 210,650 | 72,781 | 475,324 |
| | | | Rural | | |
| Persons | 6,316,357 | 3,591,254 | 895,723 | 144,790 | 1,684,590 |
| Males | 4,839,727 | 2,793,522 | 688,052 | 80,420 | 1,277,733 |
| Females | 1,476,630 | 797,732 | 207,671 | 64,370 | 406,857 |
| | | | Urban | | |
| Persons | 752,006 | 30,763 | 15,663 | 32,359 | 673,221 |
| Males | 667,065 | 25,679 | 12,684 | 23,948 | 604,754 |
| Females | 84,941 | 5,084 | 2,979 | 8,411 | 68,467 |

3.4 The proportion of the above categories of workers is shown in the statement below:

STATEMENT 3:3
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF MAIN WORKERS AS CULTIVATORS, AGRICULTURAL LABOURERS, HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY WORKERS AND OTHER WORKERS IN ASSAM, 1991.

| Persons | Cultivators' | Agricultural | Household | Other |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|---------|
| Males | | Labourers | Industry | Workers |
| Females | | | Workers | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Total | | | | |
| Persons | 51.24 | 12.89 | 2.51 | 33.36 |
| Males | 51.20 | 12.72 | 1.90 | 34.18 |
| Females | 51.41 | 13.49 | 4.66 | 30.44 |
| Rural | | | | |
| Persons | 56.86 | 14.18 | 2.29 | 26.67 |
| Males | 57.72 | 14.22 | 1.66 | 26.40 |
| Females | 54.02 | 14.07 | 4.36 | 27.55 |
| Urban | | | | |
| Persons | 4.09 | 2.08 | 4.30 | 89.53 |
| Males | 3.85 | 1.90 | 3.59 | 90.66 |
| Females | 5.98 | 3.51 | 9.90 | 80.61 |

3.5 Since 1971 there has been a slight fall in the proportion of cultivators who then constituted 56.85% of the total workers. But in 1991 this proportion has gone down to 51.24% of the main workers. Similarly the percentage of agricultural labourers was only 9.58% in 1971. This has registered a growth by over 3% during the last two decades. It is but natural that the proportion of both the cultivators

and agricultural labourers is much higher in the rural sector than in the urban sector. Similarly, the workers in manufacturing, processing, servicing and repairs in household industry has increased from 1.35% to 2.51% during the last two decades. The proportion of household industry workers is much higher in the urban areas than in the rural areas. The composition of other workers that include five categories of workers will be available after the completion of the P.C.A. work. Only then it will be possible to make an assessment to what extent there has been rise or fall of the proportion of workers in different fields of activities.

3.6 The proportion of male agricultural workers including both cultivators and agricultural labourers to the total male main workers is 70% or less in Nalbari, Kamrup, Sonitpur, Golaghat, Jorhat, Sibsagar, Dibrugarh, Tinsukia, N.C. Hills, Karimganj and Cachar districts and between 70 to 80% in Bongaigaon, Goalpara, Darrang, Lakhimpur, Nagaon, and Hailakandi districts. Their proportion is between 80 to 90% in Dhubri, Kokrajhar, Barpeta, Dhemaji, Marigaon and Karbi Anglong districts.

3.7 The proportion of female agricultural workers to main female workers in rural areas is 70% or less in Dhubri, Nalbari, Kamrup, Darrang, Sonitpur, Golaghat, Jorhat, Sibsagar, Dibrugarh, Tinsukia, Karimgang, Hailakandi and Cachar districts, between 70 to 80% in Goalpara, Barpeta and Nagaon districts and ranges between 80 to 90% in Kokrajhar, Bongaigaon, Lakhimpur, Marigaon and N.C. Hills. In two districts of Assam the female agricultural workers constitute 90 to 95% of the female main workers in rural areas. These districts are Dhemaji and Karbi Anglong districts.

C H A R T S

Chart - 1

WORK PARTICIPATION RATE IN SOME SELECTED STATES OF INDIA 1991

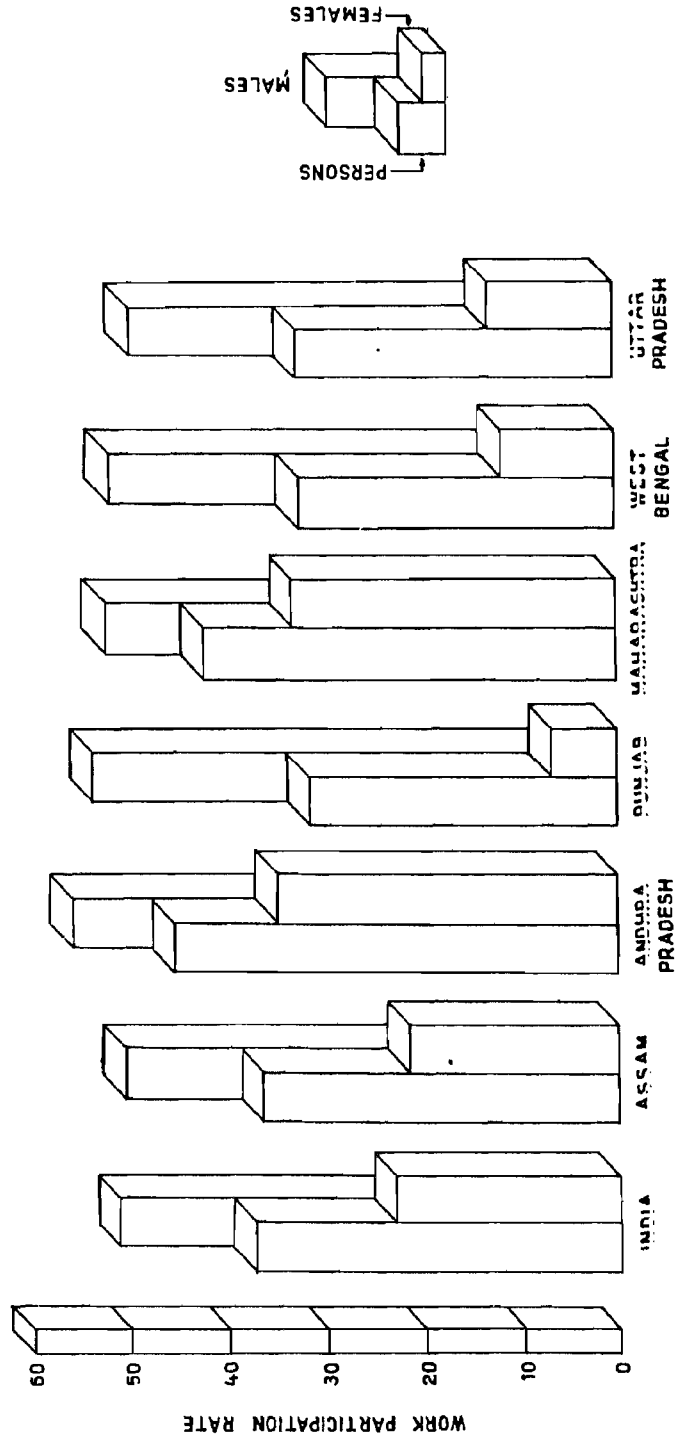


Chart - 2

DISTRIBUTION OF MAIN WORKERS IN SOME SELECTED DISTRICTS OF ASSAM
1971-1991

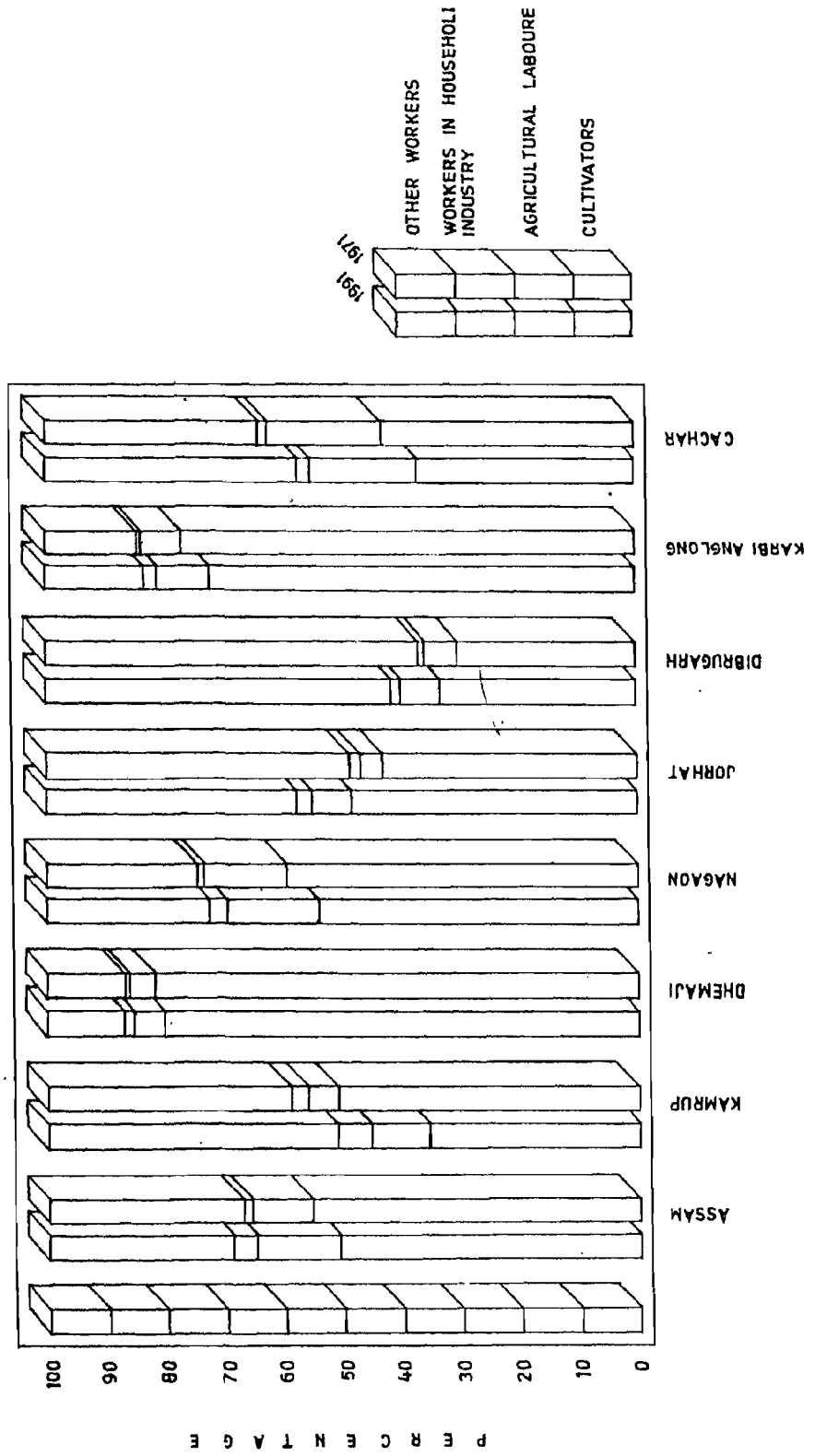
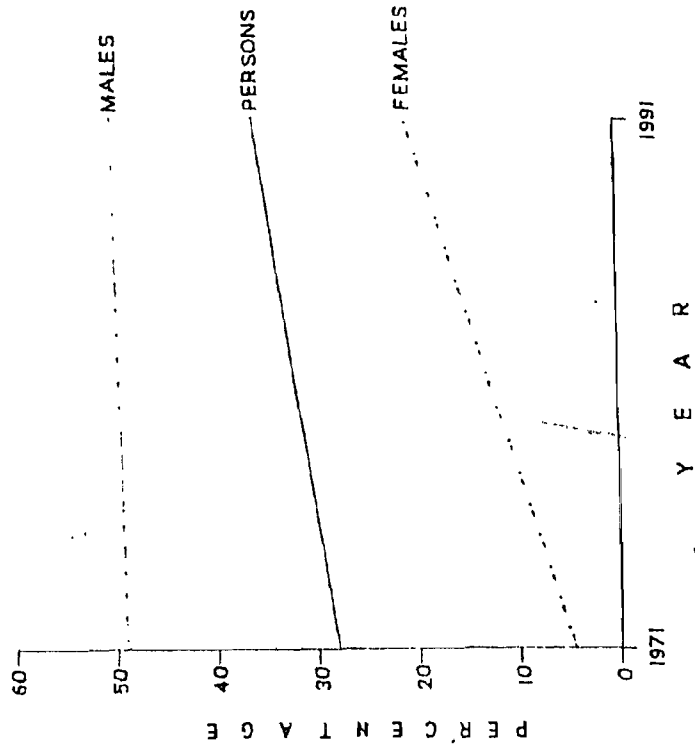
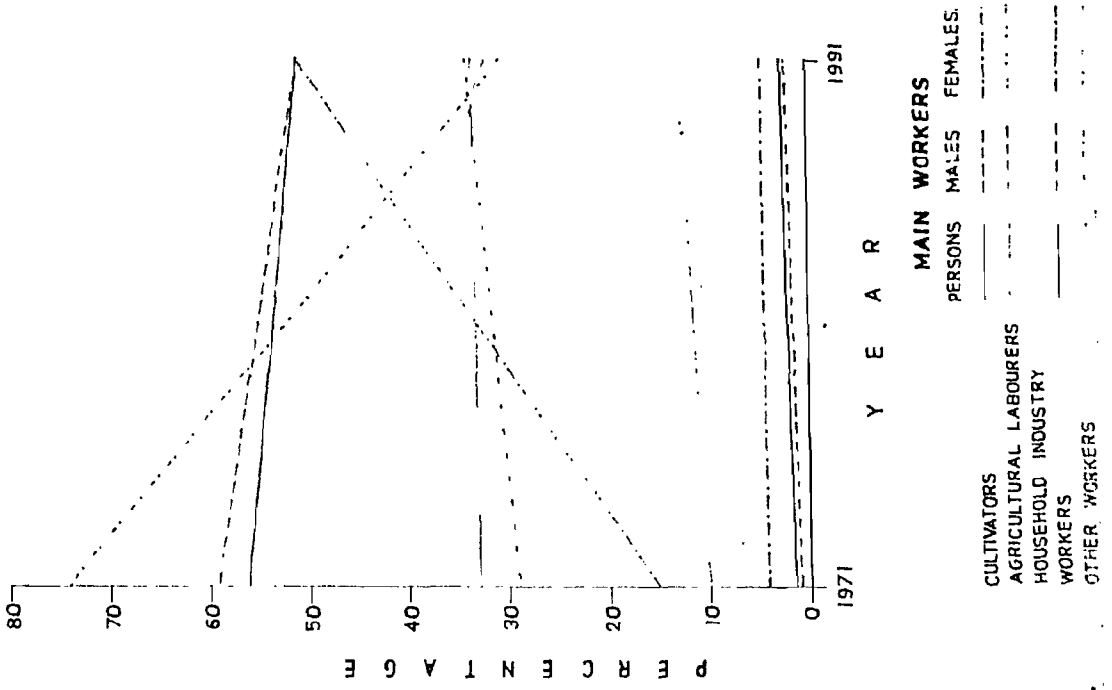


Chart - 3

ASSAM
TREND IN WORK PARTICIPATION RATE
1971—1991



ASSAM
DISTRIBUTION OF MAIN WORKERS
1971—1991



PROVISIONAL POPULATION TABLES

TABLE - 1

1991 CENSUS
(Provisional Figures)

Total Workers, Main Workers, and Marginal Workers

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Total | | | | | |
| A S S A M | Persons | 22,294,562 | 8,108,785 | 7,068,363 | 1,040,422 |
| | Males | 11,579,693 | 5,827,087 | 5,506,792 | 320,295 |
| | Females | 10,714,869 | 2,281,698 | 1,561,571 | 720,127 |
| Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 19,823,674 | 7,334,414 | 6,316,357 | 1,018,057 |
| | Males | 10,235,962 | 5,152,081 | 4,839,727 | 312,354 |
| | Females | 9,587,712 | 2,182,333 | 1,476,630 | 705,703 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 2,470,888 | 774,371 | 752,006 | 22,365 |
| | Males | 1,343,731 | 675,006 | 667,065 | 7,941 |
| | Females | 1,127,157 | 99,365 | 84,941 | 14,424 |
| ----- | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | |
| 1. Dhubri District | Persons | 1,325,653 | 380,772 | 361,692 | 19,080 |
| | Males | 679,335 | 335,892 | 333,489 | 2,403 |
| | Females | 646,318 | 44,880 | 28,203 | 16,677 |
| Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 1,164,012 | 337,348 | 319,430 | 17,918 |
| | Males | 595,499 | 296,653 | 294,685 | 1,968 |
| | Females | 568,513 | 40,695 | 24,745 | 15,950 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 161,641 | 43,424 | 42,262 | 1,162 |
| | Males | 83,836 | 39,239 | 38,804 | 435 |
| | Females | 77,805 | 4,185 | 3,458 | 727 |

TABLE - 1 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| | | Total | | | |
| 2. Kokrajhar District | Persons | 796,880 | 306,697 | 280,633 | 26,064 |
| | Males | 410,272 | 209,645 | 205,678 | 3,967 |
| | Females | 386,608 | 97,052 | 74,955 | 22,097 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 746,198 | 291,130 | 265,839 | 25,291 |
| | Males | 383,431 | 196,197 | 192,295 | 3,902 |
| | Females | 362,767 | 94,933 | 73,544 | 21,389 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 50,682 | 15,567 | 14,794 | 773 |
| | Males | 26,841 | 13,448 | 13,383 | 65 |
| | Females | 23,841 | 2,119 | 1,411 | 708 |
| | | Total | | | |
| 3. Bongaigaon District | Persons | 806,472 | 275,037 | 248,049 | 26,988 |
| | Males | 415,635 | 207,037 | 201,796 | 5,241 |
| | Females | 390,837 | 68,000 | 46,253 | 21,747 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 732,639 | 253,132 | 226,680 | 26,452 |
| | Males | 375,951 | 187,281 | 182,148 | 5,133 |
| | Females | 356,688 | 65,851 | 44,532 | 21,319 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 73,833 | 21,905 | 21,369 | 536 |
| | Males | 39,684 | 19,756 | 19,648 | 108 |
| | Females | 34,149 | 2,149 | 1,721 | 428 |

TABLE - 1 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| | | Total | | | |
| 4. Goalpara District: | Persons | 661,801 | 215,223 | 192,984 | 22,239 |
| | Males | 338,323 | 163,888 | 159,196 | 4,692 |
| | Females | 323,478 | 51,335 | 33,788 | 17,547 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 613,602 | 202,581 | 180,964 | 21,617 |
| | Males | 313,350 | 153,045 | 148,539 | 4,506 |
| | Females | 300,252 | 49,536 | 32,425 | 17,111 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 48,199 | 12,642 | 12,020 | 622 |
| | Males | 24,973 | 10,843 | 10,657 | 186 |
| | Females | 23,226 | 1,799 | 1,363 | 436 |
| | | ----- | | | |
| | | Total | | | |
| 5. BARPETA District | Persons | 1,382,715 | 403,707 | 369,847 | 33,860 |
| | Males | 712,861 | 341,923 | 336,732 | 5,191 |
| | Females | 669,854 | 61,784 | 33,115 | 28,669 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 1,285,455 | 377,724 | 344,781 | 32,943 |
| | Males | 662,158 | 318,147 | 313,458 | 4,689 |
| | Females | 623,297 | 59,577 | 31,323 | 28,254 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 97,260 | 25,983 | 25,066 | 917 |
| | Males | 50,703 | 23,776 | 23,274 | 502 |
| | Females | 46,557 | 2,207 | 1,792 | 415 |

TABLE - 1 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| | | Total | | | |
| 6. Nalbari District | Persons | 1,012,608 | 323,311 | 285,912 | 37,399 |
| | Males | 522,655 | 248,274 | 236,579 | 11,695 |
| | Females | 489,953 | 75,037 | 49,333 | 25,704 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 989,369 | 316,387 | 279,013 | 37,374 |
| | Males | 510,047 | 242,176 | 230,501 | 11,675 |
| | Females | 479,322 | 74,211 | 48,512 | 25,699 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 23,239 | 6,924 | 6,899 | 25 |
| | Males | 12,608 | 6,098 | 6,078 | 20 |
| | Females | 10,631 | 826 | 821 | 5 |
| | | ----- | | | |
| | | Total | | | |
| 7. Kamrup District | Persons | 1,987,662 | 613,340 | 581,302 | 32,038 |
| | Males | 1,056,525 | 504,980 | 497,213 | 7,767 |
| | Females | 931,137 | 108,360 | 84,089 | 24,271 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 1,339,393 | 398,674 | 369,768 | 28,906 |
| | Males | 694,634 | 322,479 | 315,939 | 6,540 |
| | Females | 644,759 | 76,195 | 53,829 | 22,366 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 648,269 | 214,666 | 211,534 | 3,132 |
| | Males | 361,891 | 182,501 | 181,274 | 1,227 |
| | Females | 286,378 | 32,165 | 30,260 | 1,905 |
| | | ----- | | | |

TABLE - 1 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| Guwahati | Persons | 577,591 | 194,161 | 192,023 | 2,138 |
| (M.Corp.) | Males | 323,986 | 166,173 | 165,233 | 940 |
| | Females | 253,605 | 27,988 | 26,790 | 1,198 |
| ----- | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | |
| 8. Darrang District | Persons | 1,286,633 | 559,748 | 420,891 | 138,857 |
| | Males | 663,596 | 373,375 | 330,393 | 42,982 |
| | Females | 623,037 | 186,373 | 90,498 | 95,875 |
| Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 1,222,679 | 534,579 | 396,492 | 138,087 |
| | Males | 629,089 | 350,215 | 307,502 | 42,713 |
| | Females | 593,590 | 184,364 | 88,990 | 95,374 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 63,954 | 25,169 | 24,399 | 770 |
| | Males | 34,507 | 23,160 | 22,891 | 269 |
| | Females | 29,447 | 2,009 | 1,508 | 501 |
| ----- | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | |
| 9. Sonitpur District | Persons | 1,418,484 | 614,562 | 490,532 | 124,030 |
| | Males | 742,455 | 404,011 | 353,309 | 50,702 |
| | Females | 676,029 | 210,551 | 137,223 | 73,328 |
| Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 1,314,914 | 582,223 | 458,567 | 123,656 |
| | Males | 685,833 | 374,969 | 324,412 | 50,557 |
| | Females | 629,081 | 207,254 | 134,155 | 73,099 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 103,570 | 32,339 | 31,965 | 374 |
| | Males | 56,622 | 29,042 | 28,897 | 145 |
| | Females | 46,948 | 3,297 | 3,068 | 229 |
| ----- | | | | | |

TABLE - 1 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Total | | | | | |
| 10. Lakhimpur District | Persons | 749,675 | 353,090 | 265,394 | 87,696 |
| | Males | 387,942 | 214,465 | 177,581 | 36,884 |
| | Females | 361,733 | 138,625 | 87,813 | 50,812 |
| Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 701,125 | 337,733 | 250,472 | 87,261 |
| | Males | 360,793 | 201,265 | 164,500 | 36,765 |
| | Females | 340,332 | 136,468 | 85,972 | 50,496 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 48,550 | 15,357 | 14,922 | 435 |
| | Males | 27,149 | 13,200 | 13,081 | 119 |
| | Females | 21,401 | 2,157 | 1,841 | 316 |
| ----- | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | |
| 11. Dhemaji District | Persons | 472,183 | 214,816 | 177,629 | 37,187 |
| | Males | 244,467 | 128,199 | 114,370 | 13,829 |
| | Females | 227,716 | 86,617 | 63,259 | 23,358 |
| Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 463,357 | 210,037 | 174,115 | 35,922 |
| | Males | 239,328 | 125,192 | 111,808 | 13,384 |
| | Females | 224,029 | 84,845 | 62,307 | 22,538 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 8,826 | 4,779 | 3,514 | 1,265 |
| | Males | 5,139 | 3,007 | 2,562 | 445 |
| | Females | 3,687 | 1,772 | 952 | 820 |
| ----- | | | | | |

TABLE - 1 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| | | Total | | | |
| 12. Marigaon District | Persons | 640,376 | 210,022 | 187,673 | 22,349 |
| | Males | 329,977 | 169,034 | 166,829 | 2,205 |
| | Females | 310,399 | 40,988 | 20,844 | 20,144 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 605,758 | 198,493 | 176,521 | 21,972 |
| | Males | 311,266 | 159,016 | 156,863 | 2,153 |
| | Females | 294,492 | 39,477 | 19,658 | 19,819 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 34,618 | 11,529 | 11,152 | 377 |
| | Males | 18,711 | 10,018 | 9,966 | 52 |
| | Females | 15,907 | 1,511 | 1,186 | 325 |
| | | ----- | | | |
| | | Total | | | |
| 13. Nagaon District | Persons | 1,892,087 | 641,133 | 564,911 | 76,222 |
| | Males | 978,220 | 497,663 | 478,642 | 19,021 |
| | Females | 913,867 | 143,470 | 86,269 | 57,201 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 1,686,493 | 582,640 | 508,140 | 74,500 |
| | Males | 868,913 | 444,599 | 426,130 | 18,469 |
| | Females | 817,580 | 138,041 | 82,010 | 56,031 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 205,594 | 58,493 | 56,771 | 1,722 |
| | Males | 109,307 | 53,064 | 52,512 | 552 |
| | Females | 96,287 | 5,429 | 4,259 | 1,170 |

TABLE - 1 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| | | Total | | | |
| 14. Golaghat District | Persons | 801,740 | 327,254 | 287,415 | 39,839 |
| | Males | 417,234 | 206,903 | 199,194 | 7,709 |
| | Females | 384,506 | 120,351 | 88,221 | 32,130 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 753,821 | 310,646 | 271,445 | 39,201 |
| | Males | 390,269 | 192,333 | 184,707 | 7,626 |
| | Females | 363,552 | 118,313 | 86,738 | 31,575 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 47,919 | 16,608 | 15,970 | 638 |
| | Males | 26,965 | 14,570 | 14,487 | 83 |
| | Females | 20,954 | 2,038 | 1,483 | 555 |
| | | Total | | | |
| 15. Jorhat District | Persons | 868,445 | 306,852 | 279,732 | 27,120 |
| | Males | 453,001 | 195,047 | 185,643 | 9,404 |
| | Females | 415,444 | 111,805 | 94,089 | 17,716 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 735,920 | 263,295 | 237,679 | 25,616 |
| | Males | 380,505 | 158,689 | 149,980 | 8,709 |
| | Females | 355,415 | 104,606 | 87,699 | 16,907 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 132,525 | 43,557 | 42,053 | 1,504 |
| | Males | 72,496 | 36,358 | 35,663 | 695 |
| | Females | 60,029 | 7,199 | 6,390 | 809 |

TABLE - 1 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| Jorhat (U.A.) | Persons | 111,584 | 36,362 | 35,638 | 724 |
| | Males | 60,993 | 30,179 | 29,750 | 429 |
| | Females | 50,591 | 6,183 | 5,888 | 295 |
| ----- | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | |
| 16. Sibsagar District | Persons | 895,112 | 371,061 | 331,402 | 39,659 |
| | Males | 467,610 | 229,156 | 214,872 | 14,284 |
| | Females | 427,502 | 141,905 | 116,530 | 25,375 |
| Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 830,301 | 349,617 | 310,421 | 39,196 |
| | Males | 431,838 | 210,243 | 196,210 | 14,033 |
| | Females | 398,463 | 139,374 | 114,211 | 25,163 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 64,811 | 21,444 | 20,981 | 463 |
| | Males | 35,772 | 18,913 | 18,662 | 251 |
| | Females | 29,039 | 2,531 | 2,319 | 212 |
| ----- | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | |
| 17. Dibrugarh District | Persons | 1,038,090 | 413,315 | 370,877 | 42,438 |
| | Males | 544,141 | 265,423 | 251,946 | 13,477 |
| | Females | 493,949 | 147,892 | 118,931 | 28,961 |
| Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 856,600 | 357,467 | 316,727 | 40,740 |
| | Males | 445,074 | 216,536 | 203,399 | 13,137 |
| | Females | 411,526 | 140,931 | 113,328 | 27,603 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 181,490 | 55,848 | 54,150 | 1,698 |
| | Males | 99,067 | 48,887 | 48,547 | 340 |
| | Females | 82,423 | 6,961 | 5,603 | 1,358 |
| ----- | | | | | |

TABLE - 1 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| Dibrugarh (U.A.) | Persons | 123,885 | 38,264 | 36,858 | 1,406 |
| | Males | 67,540 | 33,143 | 32,860 | 283 |
| | Females | 56,345 | 5,121 | 3,998 | 1,123 |
| | | ----- | | | |
| Dibrugarh (M.B.) | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 118,374 | 36,527 | 35,181 | 1,346 |
| | Males | 64,585 | 32,000 | 31,735 | 265 |
| | Females | 53,789 | 4,527 | 3,446 | 1,081 |
| | | ----- | | | |
| | | Total | | | |
| 18. Tinsukia District | Persons | 963,176 | 396,073 | 355,062 | 41,011 |
| | Males | 508,703 | 258,460 | 245,483 | 12,977 |
| | Females | 454,473 | 137,613 | 109,579 | 28,034 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 804,772 | 343,317 | 304,615 | 38,702 |
| | Males | 420,096 | 211,095 | 198,866 | 12,229 |
| | Females | 384,676 | 132,222 | 105,749 | 26,473 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 158,404 | 52,756 | 50,447 | 2,309 |
| | Males | 88,607 | 47,365 | 46,617 | 748 |
| | Females | 69,797 | 5,391 | 3,830 | 1,561 |

TABLE - 1 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Total | | | | | |
| 19. Karbi Anglong District | Persons | 655,415 | 280,736 | 258,526 | 22,210 |
| | Males | 343,649 | 179,605 | 174,055 | 5,550 |
| | Females | 311,766 | 101,131 | 84,471 | 16,660 |
| Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 585,129 | 257,878 | 236,600 | 21,278 |
| | Males | 304,688 | 160,018 | 154,816 | 5,202 |
| | Females | 280,441 | 97,860 | 81,784 | 16,076 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 70,286 | 22,858 | 21,926 | 932 |
| | Males | 38,961 | 19,587 | 19,239 | 348 |
| | Females | 31,325 | 3,271 | 2,687 | 584 |
| ----- | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | |
| 20. North Cachar Hills Districts | Persons | 149,346 | 56,791 | 55,754 | 1,037 |
| | Males | 79,536 | 40,069 | 39,871 | 198 |
| | Females | 69,810 | 16,722 | 15,883 | 839 |
| Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 115,140 | 46,197 | 45,484 | 713 |
| | Males | 60,341 | 31,205 | 31,162 | 43 |
| | Females | 54,799 | 14,992 | 14,322 | 670 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 34,206 | 10,594 | 10,270 | 324 |
| | Males | 19,195 | 8,864 | 8,709 | 155 |
| | Females | 15,011 | 1,730 | 1,561 | 169 |
| ----- | | | | | |

TABLE - 1 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| | | Total | | | |
| 21. Karimganj District | Persons | 825,551 | 247,086 | 222,708 | 24,378 |
| | Males | 424,118 | 206,952 | 199,107 | 7,845 |
| | Females | 401,433 | 40,134 | 23,601 | 16,533 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 765,438 | 230,158 | 206,234 | 23,924 |
| | Males | 392,849 | 192,161 | 184,492 | 7,669 |
| | Females | 372,589 | 37,997 | 21,742 | 16,255 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 60,113 | 16,928 | 16,474 | 454 |
| | Males | 31,269 | 14,791 | 14,615 | 176 |
| | Females | 28,844 | 2,137 | 1,859 | 278 |
| | | ----- | | | |
| | | Total | | | |
| 22. Hailakandi District | Persons | 448,506 | 160,876 | 128,449 | 32,427 |
| | Males | 232,236 | 122,295 | 110,721 | 11,574 |
| | Females | 216,270 | 38,581 | 17,728 | 20,853 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 414,400 | 150,844 | 119,146 | 31,698 |
| | Males | 214,683 | 114,064 | 102,670 | 11,394 |
| | Females | 199,717 | 36,780 | 16,476 | 20,304 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 34,106 | 10,032 | 9,303 | 729 |
| | Males | 17,553 | 8,231 | 8,051 | 180 |
| | Females | 16,553 | 1,801 | 1,252 | 549 |

TABLE - 1 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| | | Total | | | |
| 23. Cachar District | Persons | 1,215,952 | 437,283 | 350,989 | 86,294 |
| | Males | 627,202 | 324,791 | 294,093 | 30,698 |
| | Females | 588,750 | 112,492 | 56,896 | 55,596 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 1,097,159 | 402,314 | 317,224 | 85,090 |
| | Males | 565,327 | 294,503 | 264,645 | 29,858 |
| | Females | 531,832 | 107,811 | 52,579 | 55,232 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 118,793 | 34,969 | 33,765 | 1,204 |
| | Males | 61,875 | 30,288 | 29,448 | 840 |
| | Females | 56,918 | 4,681 | 4,317 | 364 |
| | | ----- | | | |
| | | Urban | | | |
| Silchar (MB) | Persons | 115,045 | 33,983 | 32,782 | 1,201 |
| | Males | 59,941 | 29,368 | 28,531 | 837 |
| | Females | 55,104 | 4,615 | 4,251 | 364 |

Note: M.Corp. stands for Municipal Corporation
U.A. stands of Urban Agglomeration
M.B. stands for Municipal Board

T A B L E S

1991 CENSUS
(Provisional Figures)

TABLE - 2

Distribution of Main Workers as Cultivators, Agricultural Labourers, Workers in the Household Industry and Other Workers

| State/District/ U.A./City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Main Workers | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in House- hold Industry | Other Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| A S S A M | Persons | 22,294,562 | 7,068,363 | 3,622,017 | 911,386 | 177,149 | 2,357,811 |
| | Males | 11,579,693 | 5,506,792 | 2,819,201 | 700,736 | 104,368 | 1,882,487 |
| | Females | 10,714,869 | 1,561,571 | 802,816 | 210,650 | 72,781 | 475,324 |
| Rural | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 19,823,674 | 6,316,357 | 3,591,254 | 895,723 | 144,790 | 1,684,590 |
| | Males | 10,235,962 | 4,839,727 | 2,793,522 | 688,052 | 80,420 | 1,277,733 |
| | Females | 9,587,712 | 1,476,630 | 797,732 | 207,671 | 64,370 | 406,857 |
| Urban | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 2,470,888 | 752,006 | 30,763 | 15,663 | 32,359 | 673,221 |
| | Males | 1,343,731 | 667,065 | 25,679 | 12,684 | 23,948 | 604,754 |
| | Females | 1,127,157 | 84,941 | 5,084 | 2,979 | 8,411 | 68,467 |
| ----- | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| 1. Dhubri | Persons | 1,325,653 | 361,692 | 184,507 | 80,669 | 9,210 | 87,306 |
| District | Males | 679,335 | 333,489 | 175,171 | 72,803 | 6,470 | 79,045 |
| | Females | 646,318 | 28,203 | 9,336 | 7,866 | 2,740 | 8,261 |
| Rural | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 1,164,012 | 319,430 | 181,610 | 79,358 | 6,602 | 51,860 |
| | Males | 595,499 | 294,685 | 172,320 | 71,676 | 4,544 | 46,145 |
| | Females | 568,513 | 24,745 | 9,290 | 7,682 | 2,058 | 5,715 |
| Urban | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 161,641 | 42,262 | 2,897 | 1,311 | 2,608 | 35,446 |
| | Males | 83,836 | 38,804 | 2,851 | 1,127 | 1,926 | 32,900 |
| | Females | 77,805 | 3,458 | 46 | 184 | 682 | 2,546 |

TABLE - 2 (Contd.)

| State/District/ U.A./City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Main Workers | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in House- hold Industry | Other Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| 2. Kokrajhar | Persons | 796,880 | 280,633 | 185,395 | 45,274 | 5,768 | 44,196 |
| District | Males | 410,272 | 205,678 | 133,419 | 31,873 | 2,051 | 38,335 |
| | Females | 386,608 | 74,955 | 51,976 | 13,401 | 3,717 | 5,861 |
| Rural | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 746,198 | 265,839 | 184,581 | 44,605 | 5,479 | 31,174 |
| | Males | 383,431 | 192,295 | 132,698 | 31,328 | 1,823 | 26,446 |
| | Females | 362,767 | 73,544 | 51,883 | 13,277 | 3,656 | 4,728 |
| Urban | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 50,682 | 14,794 | 814 | 669 | 289 | 13,022 |
| | Males | 26,841 | 13,383 | 721 | 454 | 228 | 11,889 |
| | Females | 23,841 | 1,411 | 93 | 124 | 61 | 1,133 |
| ----- | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| 3. Bongaigaon | Persons | 806,472 | 248,049 | 137,517 | 43,823 | 5,365 | 61,344 |
| District | Males | 415,635 | 201,796 | 112,090 | 31,122 | 2,951 | 55,633 |
| | Females | 390,837 | 46,253 | 25,427 | 12,701 | 2,414 | 5,711 |
| Rural | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 732,639 | 226,680 | 137,158 | 43,657 | 4,561 | 41,304 |
| | Males | 375,951 | 182,148 | 111,780 | 30,993 | 2,313 | 37,062 |
| | Females | 356,688 | 44,532 | 25,378 | 12,664 | 2,248 | 4,242 |
| Urban | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 73,833 | 21,369 | 359 | 166 | 804 | 20,040 |
| | Males | 39,684 | 19,648 | 310 | 129 | 638 | 18,571 |
| | Females | 34,149 | 1,721 | 49 | 37 | 166 | 1,469 |
| ----- | | | | | | | |

TABLE - 2 (Contd.)

| State/District/ U.A./City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Main Workers | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in House- hold Industry | Other Workers | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|--|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | |
| | | | Total | | | | | |
| 4. Goalpara District | Persons | 661,801 | 192,984 | 106,074 | 38,027 | 6,062 | 42,821 | |
| | Males | 338,323 | 159,196 | 90,924 | 27,449 | 3,020 | 37,803 | |
| | Females | 323,478 | 33,788 | 15,150 | 10,578 | 3,042 | 5,018 | |
| | | | Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 613,602 | 180,964 | 104,899 | 37,575 | 5,698 | 32,792 | |
| | Males | 313,350 | 148,539 | 89,847 | 27,068 | 2,761 | 28,863 | |
| | Females | 300,252 | 32,425 | 15,052 | 10,507 | 2,937 | 3,929 | |
| | | | Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 48,199 | 12,020 | 1,175 | 452 | 364 | 10,029 | |
| | Males | 24,973 | 10,657 | 1,077 | 381 | 259 | 8,940 | |
| | Females | 23,226 | 1,363 | 98 | 71 | 105 | 1,089 | |
| | | | Total | | | | | |
| 5. Barpeta District | Persons | 1,382,715 | 369,847 | 216,212 | 62,586 | 7,997 | 83,052 | |
| | Males | 712,861 | 336,732 | 200,855 | 53,410 | 5,413 | 77,054 | |
| | Females | 669,854 | 33,115 | 15,357 | 9,176 | 2,584 | 5,998 | |
| | | | Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 1,285,455 | 344,781 | 214,557 | 62,001 | 6,241 | 61,982 | |
| | Males | 662,158 | 313,458 | 199,353 | 52,903 | 3,904 | 57,298 | |
| | Females | 623,297 | 31,323 | 15,204 | 9,098 | 2,337 | 4,684 | |
| | | | Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 97,260 | 25,066 | 1,655 | 585 | 1,756 | 21,070 | |
| | Males | 50,703 | 23,274 | 1,502 | 507 | 1,509 | 19,756 | |
| | Females | 46,557 | 1,792 | 153 | 78 | 247 | 1,314 | |

TABLE - 2 (Contd.)

| State/District/ U.A./City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Main Workers | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in House- hold Industry | Other Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| 6. Nalbari | Persons | 1,012,608 | 285,912 | 135,370 | 57,003 | 12,060 | 81,479 |
| District | Males | 522,655 | 236,579 | 118,631 | 41,881 | 6,284 | 69,783 |
| | Females | 489,953 | 49,333 | 16,739 | 15,122 | 5,776 | 11,696 |
| Rural | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 989,369 | 279,013 | 135,263 | 56,812 | 11,717 | 75,221 |
| | Males | 510,047 | 230,501 | 118,529 | 41,723 | 5,966 | 64,283 |
| | Females | 479,322 | 48,512 | 16,734 | 15,089 | 5,751 | 10,938 |
| Urban | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 23,239 | 6,899 | 107 | 191 | 343 | 6,258 |
| | Males | 12,608 | 6,078 | 102 | 158 | 318 | 5,500 |
| | Females | 10,631 | 821 | 5 | 33 | 25 | 758 |
| ----- | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| 7. Kamrup | Persons | 1,987,662 | 581,302 | 207,874 | 55,866 | 33,273 | 284,289 |
| District | Males | 1,056,525 | 497,213 | 184,252 | 41,130 | 18,733 | 253,098 |
| | Females | 931,137 | 84,089 | 23,622 | 14,736 | 14,540 | 31,191 |
| Rural | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 1,339,393 | 369,768 | 202,517 | 51,428 | 20,980 | 94,843 |
| | Males | 694,634 | 315,939 | 179,879 | 37,776 | 10,830 | 87,454 |
| | Females | 644,759 | 53,829 | 22,638 | 13,652 | 10,150 | 7,389 |
| Urban | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 648,269 | 211,534 | 5,357 | 4,438 | 12,293 | 189,446 |
| | Males | 361,891 | 181,274 | 4,373 | 3,354 | 7,903 | 165,644 |
| | Females | 286,378 | 30,260 | 984 | 1,084 | 4,390 | 23,802 |

TABLE - 2 (Contd.)

| State/District/ U.A./City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Main Workers | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in House- hold Industry | Other Workers | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|--|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | |
| | | | Urban | | | | | |
| Guwahati Municipal Corporation | Persons | 577,591 | 192,023 | 4,076 | 3,732 | 7,603 | 176,612 | |
| | Males | 323,986 | 165,233 | 3,232 | 2,769 | 5,238 | 153,994 | |
| | Females | 253,605 | 26,790 | 844 | 963 | 2,365 | 22,618 | |
| | | | ----- | | | | | |
| | | | Total | | | | | |
| 8. Darrang District | Persons | 1,286,633 | 420,891 | 247,077 | 60,638 | 8,137 | 105,039 | |
| | Males | 663,596 | 330,393 | 200,353 | 45,976 | 3,747 | 80,317 | |
| | Females | 623,037 | 90,498 | 46,724 | 14,662 | 4,390 | 24,722 | |
| | | | Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 1,222,679 | 396,492 | 246,206 | 60,310 | 7,564 | 82,412 | |
| | Males | 629,089 | 307,502 | 199,558 | 45,730 | 3,283 | 58,931 | |
| | Females | 593,590 | 88,990 | 46,648 | 14,580 | 4,281 | 23,481 | |
| | | | Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 63,954 | 24,399 | 871 | 328 | 573 | 22,627 | |
| | Males | 34,507 | 22,891 | 795 | 246 | 464 | 21,386 | |
| | Females | 29,447 | 1,508 | 76 | 82 | 109 | 1,241 | |
| | | | ----- | | | | | |
| | | | Total | | | | | |
| 9. Sonitpur District | Persons | 1,418,484 | 490,532 | 237,952 | 63,537 | 9,069 | 179,974 | |
| | Males | 742,455 | 353,309 | 176,426 | 42,366 | 5,852 | 128,665 | |
| | Females | 676,029 | 137,223 | 61,526 | 21,171 | 3,217 | 51,309 | |
| | | | Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 1,314,914 | 458,567 | 237,197 | 62,778 | 7,813 | 150,779 | |
| | Males | 685,833 | 324,412 | 175,748 | 41,726 | 4,890 | 102,048 | |
| | Females | 629,081 | 134,155 | 61,449 | 21,052 | 2,923 | 48,731 | |
| | | | Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 103,570 | 31,965 | 755 | 759 | 1,256 | 29,195 | |
| | Males | 56,622 | 28,897 | 678 | 640 | 962 | 26,617 | |
| | Females | 46,948 | 3,068 | 77 | 119 | 294 | 2,578 | |
| | | | ----- | | | | | |

TABLE - 2 (Contd.)

| State/District/ U.A./City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Main Workers | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in House- hold Industry | Other Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | | | Total | | | | |
| 10. Lakhimpur | Persons | 749,675 | 265,394 | 187,212 | 17,139 | 3,047 | 57,996 |
| District | Males | 387,942 | 177,581 | 116,025 | 12,611 | 1,874 | 47,071 |
| | Females | 361,733 | 87,813 | 71,187 | 4,528 | 1,173 | 10,925 |
| | | | Rural | | | | |
| | Persons | 701,125 | 250,472 | 185,991 | 16,720 | 2,578 | 45,183 |
| | Males | 360,793 | 164,500 | 115,143 | 12,306 | 1,469 | 35,582 |
| | Females | 340,332 | 85,972 | 70,848 | 4,414 | 1,109 | 9,601 |
| | | | Urban | | | | |
| | Persons | 48,550 | 14,922 | 1,221 | 419 | 469 | 12,813 |
| | Males | 27,149 | 13,081 | 882 | 305 | 405 | 11,489 |
| | Females | 21,401 | 1,841 | 339 | 114 | 64 | 1,324 |
| | | | ----- | | | | |
| | | | Total | | | | |
| 11. Dhemaji | Persons | 472,183 | 177,629 | 143,142 | 9,397 | 1,835 | 23,255 |
| District | Males | 244,467 | 114,370 | 86,297 | 6,686 | 1,101 | 20,286 |
| | Females | 227,716 | 63,259 | 56,845 | 2,711 | 734 | 2,969 |
| | | | Rural | | | | |
| | Persons | 463,357 | 174,115 | 142,370 | 9,314 | 1,686 | 20,745 |
| | Males | 239,328 | 111,808 | 85,975 | 6,626 | 1,041 | 18,166 |
| | Females | 224,029 | 62,307 | 56,395 | 2,688 | 645 | 2,579 |
| | | | Urban | | | | |
| | Persons | 8,826 | 3,514 | 772 | 83 | 149 | 2,510 |
| | Males | 5,139 | 2,562 | 322 | 60 | 60 | 2,120 |
| | Females | 3,687 | 952 | 450 | 23 | 89 | 390 |

TABLE - 2 (Contd.)

| State/District/ U.A./City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Main Workers | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in House- hold Industry | Other Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | | | Total | | | | |
| 12. Marigaon | Persons | 640,376 | 187,673 | 129,255 | 23,446 | 2,308 | 32,664 |
| District | Males | 329,977 | 166,829 | 115,303 | 20,647 | 1,482 | 29,397 |
| | Females | 310,399 | 20,844 | 13,952 | 2,799 | 826 | 3,267 |
| | | | Rural | | | | |
| | Persons | 605,758 | 176,521 | 127,300 | 23,123 | 2,126 | 23,972 |
| | Males | 311,266 | 156,863 | 113,731 | 20,419 | 1,341 | 21,372 |
| | Females | 294,492 | 19,658 | 13,569 | 2,704 | 785 | 2,600 |
| | | | Urban | | | | |
| | Persons | 34,618 | 11,152 | 1,955 | 323 | 182 | 8,692 |
| | Males | 18,711 | 9,966 | 1,572 | 228 | 141 | 8,025 |
| | Females | 15,907 | 1,186 | 383 | 95 | 41 | 667 |
| | | | ----- | | | | |
| | | | Total | | | | |
| 13. Nagaon | Persons | 1,892,087 | 564,911 | 306,479 | 89,158 | 15,641 | 153,633 |
| District | Males | 978,220 | 478,642 | 262,205 | 75,414 | 10,016 | 131,007 |
| | Females | 913,867 | 86,269 | 44,274 | 13,744 | 5,625 | 22,626 |
| | | | Rural | | | | |
| | Persons | 1,686,493 | 508,140 | 303,936 | 87,510 | 12,616 | 104,078 |
| | Males | 868,913 | 426,130 | 259,820 | 73,870 | 7,258 | 85,182 |
| | Females | 817,580 | 82,010 | 44,116 | 13,640 | 5,358 | 18,896 |
| | | | Urban | | | | |
| | Persons | 205,594 | 56,771 | 2,543 | 1,648 | 3,025 | 49,555 |
| | Males | 109,307 | 52,512 | 2,385 | 1,544 | 2,758 | 45,825 |
| | Females | 96,287 | 4,259 | 158 | 104 | 267 | 3,730 |
| | | | ----- | | | | |

TABLE - 2 (Contd.)

| State/District/ U.A./City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Main Workers | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in House- hold Industry | Other Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| 14. Golaghat | Persons | 801,740 | 287,415 | 157,108 | 25,079 | 3,917 | 101,311 |
| District | Males | 417,234 | 199,194 | 107,590 | 16,796 | 2,651 | 72,157 |
| | Females | 384,506 | 88,221 | 49,518 | 8,283 | 1,266 | 29,154 |
| Rural | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 753,821 | 271,445 | 156,444 | 24,979 | 3,531 | 86,491 |
| | Males | 390,269 | 184,707 | 107,061 | 16,725 | 2,397 | 58,524 |
| | Females | 363,552 | 86,738 | 49,383 | 8,254 | 1,134 | 27,967 |
| Urban | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 47,919 | 15,970 | 664 | 100 | 386 | 14,820 |
| | Males | 26,965 | 14,487 | 529 | 71 | 254 | 13,633 |
| | Females | 20,954 | 1,483 | 135 | 29 | 132 | 1,187 |
| ----- | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| 15. Jorhat | Persons | 868,445 | 279,732 | 134,972 | 18,196 | 8,679 | 117,885 |
| District | Males | 453,001 | 185,643 | 83,039 | 11,413 | 5,221 | 85,970 |
| | Females | 415,444 | 94,089 | 51,933 | 6,783 | 3,458 | 31,915 |
| Rural | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 735,920 | 237,679 | 133,762 | 17,654 | 7,630 | 78,633 |
| | Males | 380,505 | 149,980 | 82,220 | 10,998 | 4,484 | 52,278 |
| | Females | 355,415 | 87,699 | 51,542 | 6,656 | 3,146 | 26,355 |
| Urban | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 132,525 | 42,053 | 1,210 | 542 | 1,049 | 39,252 |
| | Males | 72,496 | 35,663 | 819 | 415 | 737 | 33,692 |
| | Females | 60,029 | 6,390 | 391 | 127 | 312 | 5,560 |
| ----- | | | | | | | |

TABLE - 2 (Contd.)

| State/District/ U.A./City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Main Workers | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in House- hold Industry | Other Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | | | Urban | | | | |
| Jorhat U.A. | Persons | 111,584 | 35,638 | 1,197 | 532 | 964 | 32,945 |
| | Males | 60,993 | 29,750 | 807 | 408 | 661 | 27,874 |
| | Females | 50,591 | 5,888 | 390 | 124 | 303 | 5,071 |
| | | | Urban | | | | |
| (a) Jorhat | Persons | 57,998 | 18,727 | 93 | 95 | 339 | 18,200 |
| (M.B.) | Males | 32,436 | 16,760 | 77 | 79 | 274 | 16,330 |
| | Females | 25,562 | 1,967 | 16 | 16 | 65 | 1,870 |
| | | | Urban | | | | |
| (b) Outgrowth | Persons | 46,919 | 14,909 | 992 | 412 | 617 | 12,888 |
| | Males | 24,721 | 11,456 | 623 | 322 | 382 | 10,129 |
| | Females | 22,198 | 3,453 | 369 | 90 | 235 | 2,759 |
| | | | Urban | | | | |
| (c) Senchoa- gaon (C.T.) | Persons | 6,667 | 2,002 | 112 | 25 | 8 | 1,857 |
| | Males | 3,836 | 1,534 | 107 | 7 | 5 | 1,415 |
| | Females | 2,831 | 468 | 5 | 18 | 3 | 442 |
| | | | Total | | | | |
| 6. Sibsagar | Persons | 895,112 | 331,402 | 152,330 | 22,460 | 8,973 | 147,639 |
| District | Males | 467,610 | 214,872 | 92,204 | 15,182 | 5,170 | 102,316 |
| | Females | 427,502 | 116,530 | 60,126 | 7,278 | 3,803 | 45,323 |
| | | | Rural | | | | |
| | Persons | 830,301 | 310,421 | 151,742 | 22,105 | 7,167 | 129,407 |
| | Males | 431,838 | 196,210 | 91,702 | 14,889 | 3,871 | 85,748 |
| | Females | 398,463 | 114,211 | 60,040 | 7,216 | 3,296 | 43,659 |
| | | | Urban | | | | |
| | Persons | 64,811 | 20,981 | 588 | 355 | 1,806 | 18,232 |
| | Males | 35,772 | 18,662 | 502 | 293 | 1,299 | 16,568 |
| | Females | 29,039 | 2,319 | 86 | 62 | 507 | 1,664 |

TABLE - 2 (Contd.)

| State/District/ U.A./City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Main Workers | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in House- hold Industry | Other Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| 17. Dibrugarh | Persons | 1,038,090 | 370,877 | 123,058 | 25,705 | 6,287 | 215,827 |
| District | Males | 544,141 | 251,496 | 77,304 | 16,465 | 4,197 | 153,980 |
| | Females | 493,949 | 118,931 | 45,754 | 9,240 | 2,090 | 61,847 |
| Rural | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 856,600 | 316,727 | 122,431 | 25,129 | 4,864 | 164,303 |
| | Males | 445,074 | 203,399 | 76,822 | 16,002 | 3,038 | 107,537 |
| | Females | 411,526 | 113,328 | 45,609 | 9,127 | 1,826 | 56,766 |
| Urban | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 181,490 | 54,150 | 627 | 576 | 1,423 | 51,524 |
| | Males | 99,067 | 48,547 | 482 | 463 | 1,159 | 46,443 |
| | Females | 82,423 | 5,603 | 145 | 113 | 264 | 5,081 |
| ----- | | | | | | | |
| Urban | | | | | | | |
| Dibrugarh | Persons | 123,885 | 36,858 | 356 | 439 | 1,073 | 34,990 |
| U.A. | Males | 67,540 | 32,860 | 282 | 350 | 930 | 31,298 |
| | Females | 56,345 | 3,998 | 74 | 89 | 143 | 3,692 |
| ----- | | | | | | | |
| Urban | | | | | | | |
| (a) Dibrugarh | Persons | 118,374 | 35,181 | 301 | 406 | 1,058 | 33,416 |
| (M.B.) | Males | 64,585 | 31,735 | 237 | 322 | 916 | 30,260 |
| | Females | 53,789 | 3,446 | 64 | 84 | 142 | 3,156 |
| ----- | | | | | | | |
| Urban | | | | | | | |
| (b) Barbari | Persons | 5,511 | 1,677 | 55 | 33 | 15 | 1,574 |
| Assam | Males | 2,955 | 1,125 | 45 | 28 | 14 | 1,038 |
| Medical | Females | 2,556 | 552 | 10 | 5 | 1 | 536 |
| College | | | | | | | |
| area | | | | | | | |
| (C.T.) | | | | | | | |
| ----- | | | | | | | |

TABLE - 2 (Contd.)

| State/District/ U.A./City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Main Workers | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in House- hold Industry | Other Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| 18. Tinsukia | Persons | 963,176 | 355,062 | 126,029 | 22,945 | 5,583 | 200,505 |
| District | Males | 508,703 | 245,483 | 82,005 | 14,570 | 4,007 | 144,901 |
| | Females | 454,473 | 109,579 | 44,024 | 8,375 | 1,576 | 55,604 |
| Rural | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 804,772 | 304,615 | 124,850 | 22,084 | 4,334 | 153,347 |
| | Males | 420,096 | 198,866 | 81,119 | 13,835 | 3,027 | 100,885 |
| | Females | 384,676 | 105,749 | 43,731 | 8,249 | 1,307 | 52,462 |
| Urban | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 158,404 | 50,447 | 1,179 | 861 | 1,249 | 47,158 |
| | Males | 88,607 | 46,617 | 886 | 735 | 980 | 44,016 |
| | Females | 69,797 | 3,830 | 293 | 126 | 269 | 3,142 |
| ----- | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| 19. Karbi Anglong | Persons | 655,415 | 258,526 | 187,194 | 23,405 | 5,596 | 42,331 |
| District | Males | 343,649 | 174,055 | 121,820 | 13,787 | 2,412 | 36,036 |
| | Females | 311,766 | 84,471 | 65,374 | 9,618 | 3,184 | 6,295 |
| Rural | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 585,129 | 236,600 | 183,345 | 22,420 | 5,176 | 25,659 |
| | Males | 304,688 | 154,816 | 118,671 | 13,083 | 2,099 | 20,963 |
| | Females | 280,441 | 81,784 | 64,674 | 9,337 | 3,077 | 4,696 |
| Urban | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 70,286 | 21,926 | 3,849 | 985 | 420 | 16,672 |
| | Males | 38,961 | 19,239 | 3,149 | 704 | 313 | 15,073 |
| | Females | 31,325 | 2,687 | 700 | 281 | 107 | 1,599 |
| ----- | | | | | | | |

TABLE - 2 (Contd.)

| State/District/ U.A./City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Main Workers | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in House- hold Industry | Other Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| 20. North Cachar | | | | | | | |
| Hills District | Persons | 149,346 | 55,754 | 32,433 | 1,502 | 596 | 21,223 |
| | Males | 79,536 | 39,871 | 19,801 | 1,157 | 353 | 18,560 |
| | Females | 69,810 | 15,883 | 12,632 | 345 | 243 | 2,663 |
| | Rural | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 115,140 | 45,484 | 31,663 | 1,377 | 433 | 12,011 |
| | Males | 60,341 | 31,162 | 19,325 | 1,043 | 200 | 10,594 |
| | Females | 54,799 | 14,322 | 12,338 | 334 | 233 | 1,417 |
| | Urban | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 34,206 | 10,270 | 770 | 125 | 163 | 9,212 |
| | Males | 19,195 | 8,709 | 476 | 114 | 153 | 7,966 |
| | Females | 15,011 | 1,561 | 294 | 11 | 10 | 1,246 |
| ----- | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| 21. Karimganj | Persons | 825,551 | 222,708 | 95,913 | 38,029 | 6,988 | 81,778 |
| District | Males | 424,118 | 199,107 | 90,895 | 35,058 | 4,164 | 68,990 |
| | Females | 401,433 | 23,601 | 5,018 | 2,971 | 2,824 | 12,788 |
| | Rural | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 765,438 | 206,234 | 95,615 | 37,872 | 6,680 | 66,067 |
| | Males | 392,849 | 184,492 | 90,600 | 34,912 | 3,897 | 55,083 |
| | Females | 372,589 | 21,742 | 5,015 | 2,960 | 2,783 | 10,984 |
| | Urban | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 60,113 | 16,474 | 298 | 157 | 308 | 15,711 |
| | Males | 31,269 | 14,615 | 295 | 146 | 267 | 13,907 |
| | Females | 28,844 | 1,859 | 3 | 11 | 41 | 1,804 |
| ----- | | | | | | | |

TABLE - 2 (Contd.)

| State/District/ U.A./City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Main Workers | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in House- hold Industry | Other Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| 22. Hailakandi | Persons | 448,506 | 128,449 | 58,918 | 22,482 | 2,763 | 44,286 |
| District | Males | 232,236 | 110,721 | 54,742 | 19,861 | 1,747 | 34,371 |
| | Females | 216,270 | 17,728 | 4,176 | 2,621 | 1,016 | 9,915 |
| Rural | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 414,400 | 119,146 | 58,077 | 22,251 | 2,368 | 36,450 |
| | Males | 214,683 | 102,670 | 54,001 | 19,639 | 1,452 | 27,578 |
| | Females | 199,717 | 16,476 | 4,076 | 2,612 | 916 | 8,872 |
| Urban | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 34,106 | 9,303 | 841 | 231 | 395 | 7,836 |
| | Males | 17,553 | 8,051 | 741 | 222 | 295 | 6,793 |
| | Females | 16,553 | 1,252 | 100 | 9 | 100 | 1,043 |
| ----- | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| 23. Cachar | Persons | 1,215,952 | 350,989 | 129,996 | 65,020 | 7,995 | 147,978 |
| District | Males | 627,202 | 294,093 | 117,850 | 53,079 | 5,452 | 117,712 |
| | Females | 588,750 | 56,896 | 12,146 | 11,941 | 2,543 | 30,266 |
| Rural | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 1,097,159 | 317,224 | 129,740 | 64,661 | 6,946 | 115,877 |
| | Males | 565,327 | 264,645 | 117,620 | 52,782 | 4,532 | 89,711 |
| | Females | 531,832 | 52,579 | 12,120 | 11,879 | 2,414 | 26,166 |
| Urban | | | | | | | |
| | Persons | 118,793 | 33,765 | 256 | 359 | 1,049 | 32,101 |
| | Males | 61,875 | 29,448 | 230 | 297 | 920 | 28,001 |
| | Females | 56,918 | 4,317 | 26 | 62 | 129 | 4,100 |
| ----- | | | | | | | |

TABLE - 2 (Contd.)

| State/District/ U.A./City | Persons Males Females | Total Population | Total Main Workers | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in House- hold Industry | Other Workers |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | | | Urban | | | | |
| Silchar (M.B.) | Persons | 115,045 | 32,782 | 216 | 289 | 1,005 | 31,272 |
| | Males | 59,941 | 28,531 | 193 | 231 | 879 | 27,228 |
| | Females | 55,104 | 4,251 | 23 | 58 | 126 | 4,044 |

Note: U.A. stands for Urban Agglomeration

M.B. stands for Municipal Borad

C.T. stands for Census Town

1991 CENSUS
TABLE - 3
(Provisional Figures)

Proportion of Total Workers, Main Workers, Marginal Workers to Total Population

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males | Percentage of Total Population | | |
|------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | | Females | Total Workers | Main Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Total | | | | |
| A S S A M | Persons | 36.37 | 31.37 | 4.67 |
| | Males | 50.32 | 47.55 | 2.77 |
| | Females | 21.29 | 14.57 | 6.72 |
| Rural | | | | |
| | Persons | 37.00 | 31.86 | 5.14 |
| | Males | 50.33 | 47.28 | 3.05 |
| | Females | 22.76 | 15.40 | 7.36 |
| Urban | | | | |
| | Persons | 31.34 | 30.43 | 0.91 |
| | Males | 50.23 | 49.64 | 0.59 |
| | Females | 8.82 | 7.54 | 1.28 |
| ----- | | | | |
| Total | | | | |
| 1. Dhubri District | Persons | 28.72 | 27.28 | 1.44 |
| | Males | 49.44 | 49.09 | 0.35 |
| | Females | 6.94 | 4.36 | 2.58 |
| Rural | | | | |
| | Persons | 28.98 | 27.44 | 1.54 |
| | Males | 49.82 | 49.49 | 0.33 |
| | Females | 7.16 | 4.35 | 2.81 |
| Urban | | | | |
| | Persons | 26.86 | 26.14 | 0.72 |
| | Males | 46.80 | 46.28 | 0.52 |
| | Females | 5.38 | 4.45 | 0.93 |
| ----- | | | | |

TABLE - 3 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Percentage of Total Population | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--|
| | | Total Workers | Main workers | Marginal workers | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | |
| | | Total | | | |
| 2. Kokrajhar District | Persons | 38.49 | 35.22 | 3.27 | |
| | Males | 51.10 | 50.13 | 0.97 | |
| | Females | 25.10 | 19.39 | 5.71 | |
| | | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 39.02 | 35.63 | 3.39 | |
| | Males | 51.17 | 50.15 | 1.02 | |
| | Females | 26.17 | 20.27 | 5.90 | |
| | | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 30.72 | 29.19 | 1.53 | |
| Males | 50.10 | 49.86 | 0.24 | | |
| Females | 8.89 | 5.92 | 2.97 | | |
| | | ----- | | | |
| | | Total | | | |
| 3. Bongaigaon District | Persons | 34.10 | 30.76 | 3.34 | |
| | Males | 49.81 | 48.55 | 1.26 | |
| | Females | 17.40 | 11.84 | 5.56 | |
| | | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 34.55 | 30.94 | 3.61 | |
| | Males | 49.82 | 48.45 | 1.37 | |
| | Females | 18.46 | 12.48 | 5.98 | |
| | | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 29.67 | 28.94 | 0.73 | |
| Males | 49.78 | 49.51 | 0.27 | | |
| Females | 6.29 | 5.04 | 1.25 | | |
| | | ----- | | | |

TABLE - 3 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Percentage of Total Population | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main workers | Marginal workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Total | | |
| 4. Goalpara District | Persons | 32.52 | 29.16 | 3.36 |
| | Males | 48.44 | 47.05 | 1.39 |
| | Females | 15.87 | 10.45 | 5.42 |
| | | | Rural | |
| | Persons | 33.02 | 29.49 | 3.53 |
| | Males | 48.84 | 47.40 | 1.44 |
| | Females | 16.50 | 10.80 | 5.70 |
| | | | Urban | |
| | Persons | 26.23 | 24.94 | 1.29 |
| Males | 43.42 | 42.67 | 0.75 | |
| Females | 7.75 | 5.87 | 1.88 | |
| | | ----- | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 5. Barpeta District | Persons | 29.20 | 26.75 | 2.45 |
| | Males | 47.96 | 47.23 | 0.73 |
| | Females | 9.22 | 4.94 | 4.28 |
| | | | Rural | |
| | Persons | 29.38 | 26.82 | 2.56 |
| | Males | 48.05 | 47.34 | 0.71 |
| | Females | 9.56 | 5.03 | 4.53 |
| | | | Urban | |
| | Persons | 26.71 | 25.77 | 0.94 |
| Males | 46.89 | 45.90 | 0.99 | |
| Females | 4.74 | 3.85 | 0.89 | |
| | | ----- | | |

TABLE - 3 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Percentage of Total Population | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--|
| | | Total Workers | Main workers | Marginal workers | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | |
| | | Total | | | |
| 6. Nalbari District | Persons | 31.93 | 28.24 | 3.69 | |
| | Males | 47.50 | 45.26 | 2.24 | |
| | Females | 15.32 | 10.07 | 5.25 | |
| | | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 31.98 | 28.20 | 3.78 | |
| | Males | 47.48 | 45.19 | 2.29 | |
| | Females | 15.48 | 10.12 | 5.36 | |
| | | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 29.79 | 29.69 | 0.10 | |
| Males | 48.37 | 48.21 | 0.16 | | |
| Females | 7.77 | 7.72 | 0.05 | | |
| | | ----- | | | |
| | | Total | | | |
| 7. Kamrup District | Persons | 30.86 | 29.25 | 1.61 | |
| | Males | 47.80 | 47.06 | 0.74 | |
| | Females | 11.64 | 9.03 | 2.61 | |
| | | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 29.77 | 27.61 | 2.61 | |
| | Males | 46.42 | 45.48 | 0.94 | |
| | Females | 11.82 | 8.35 | 3.47 | |
| | | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 33.11 | 32.63 | 0.48 | |
| Males | 50.43 | 50.09 | 0.34 | | |
| Females | 11.23 | 10.57 | 0.66 | | |
| | | ----- | | | |

TABLE - 3 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Percentage of Total Population | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main workers | Marginal workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Urban | | |
| Guwahati (M.Corp.) | Persons | 33.62 | 33.25 | 0.37 |
| | Males | 51.29 | 51.00 | 0.29 |
| | Females | 11.04 | 10.57 | 0.47 |
| | | ----- | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 8. Darrang District | Persons | 43.50 | 32.71 | 10.79 |
| | Males | 56.27 | 49.79 | 6.48 |
| | Females | 29.91 | 14.52 | 15.39 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 43.72 | 32.43 | 11.29 |
| | Males | 55.67 | 48.88 | 6.79 |
| | Females | 31.06 | 14.99 | 16.07 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 39.35 | 38.15 | 1.20 |
| | Males | 67.12 | 66.34 | 0.78 |
| | Females | 6.82 | 5.12 | 1.70 |
| | | ----- | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 9. Sonitpur District | Persons | 43.33 | 34.58 | 8.75 |
| | Males | 54.42 | 47.59 | 6.83 |
| | Females | 31.15 | 20.30 | 10.85 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 44.28 | 34.88 | 9.40 |
| | Males | 54.67 | 47.30 | 7.37 |
| | Females | 32.95 | 21.33 | 11.62 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 31.22 | 30.86 | 0.36 |
| | Males | 51.29 | 51.03 | 0.26 |

TABLE - 3 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Percentage of Total Population | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main workers | Marginal workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Total | | |
| 10. Lakhimpur District | Persons | 47.10 | 35.40 | 11.70 |
| | Males | 55.28 | 45.77 | 9.51 |
| | Females | 38.32 | 24.27 | 14.05 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 48.17 | 35.72 | 12.45 |
| | Males | 55.78 | 45.59 | 10.19 |
| | Females | 40.10 | 25.26 | 14.84 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 31.63 | 30.73 | 0.90 |
| Males | 48.62 | 48.18 | 0.44 | |
| Females | 10.08 | 8.60 | 1.48 | |
| | | ----- | | |
| 11. Dhemaji District | | Total | | |
| | Persons | 45.49 | 37.62 | 7.87 |
| | Males | 52.44 | 46.78 | 5.66 |
| | Females | 38.04 | 27.78 | 10.26 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 45.33 | 37.58 | 7.75 |
| | Males | 52.31 | 46.72 | 5.59 |
| | Females | 37.87 | 27.81 | 10.06 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 54.15 | 39.82 | 14.33 |
| | Males | 58.51 | 49.85 | 8.66 |
| | Females | 48.06 | 25.82 | 22.24 |
| | | ----- | | |

TABLE - 3 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons, Males Females | Percentage of Total Population | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--|
| | | Total Workers | Main workers | Marginal workers | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | |
| | | Total | | | |
| 12. Marigaon District | Persons | 32.80 | 29.31 | 3.49 | |
| | Males | 51.23 | 50.56 | 0.67 | |
| | Females | 13.20 | 6.71 | 6.49 | |
| | | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 32.77 | 29.14 | 3.63 | |
| | Males | 51.09 | 50.40 | 0.69 | |
| | Females | 13.41 | 6.68 | 6.73 | |
| | | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 33.30 | 32.21 | 1.09 | |
| Males | 53.54 | 53.26 | 0.28 | | |
| Females | 9.50 | 7.46 | 2.04 | | |
| | | ----- | | | |
| | | Total | | | |
| 13. Nagaon District | Persons | 33.88 | 29.85 | 4.03 | |
| | Males | 50.87 | 48.93 | 1.94 | |
| | Females | 15.70 | 9.44 | 6.26 | |
| | | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 34.55 | 30.13 | 4.42 | |
| | Males | 51.17 | 49.04 | 2.13 | |
| | Females | 16.88 | 10.03 | 6.85 | |
| | | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 28.45 | 27.61 | 0.84 | |
| Males | 48.55 | 48.04 | 0.51 | | |
| Females | 5.64 | 4.42 | 1.22 | | |

TABLE - 3 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Percentage of Total Population | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main workers | Marginal workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Total | | |
| 14. Golaghat District | Persons | 40.82 | 35.85 | 4.97 |
| | Males | 49.59 | 47.74 | 1.85 |
| | Females | 31.30 | 22.94 | 8.36 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 41.21 | 36.01 | 5.20 |
| | Males | 49.28 | 47.33 | 1.95 |
| | Females | 32.54 | 23.86 | 8.68 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 34.66 | 33.33 | 1.33 |
| Males | 54.03 | 53.72 | 0.31 | |
| Females | 9.73 | 7.08 | 2.65 | |
| | | ----- | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 15. Jorhat District | Persons | 35.33 | 32.21 | 3.12 |
| | Males | 43.06 | 40.98 | 2.08 |
| | Females | 26.91 | 22.65 | 4.26 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 35.78 | 32.30 | 3.48 |
| | Males | 41.70 | 39.41 | 2.29 |
| | Females | 29.43 | 24.67 | 4.76 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 32.87 | 31.73 | 1.14 |
| Males | 50.15 | 49.19 | 0.96 | |
| Females | 11.99 | 10.64 | 1.35 | |
| | | ----- | | |

TABLE - 3 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Percentage of Total Population | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main workers | Marginal workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Urban | | |
| Jorhat (U.A.) | Persons | 32.59 | 31.94 | 0.65 |
| | Males | 49.48 | 48.78 | 0.70 |
| | Females | 12.22 | 11.64 | 0.58 |
| | | ----- | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 16. Sibsagar District | Persons | 41.45 | 37.02 | 4.43 |
| | Males | 49.01 | 45.95 | 3.06 |
| | Females | 33.19 | 27.26 | 5.93 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 42.11 | 37.39 | 4.72 |
| | Males | 48.69 | 45.44 | 3.25 |
| | Females | 34.98 | 28.66 | 6.32 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 33.09 | 32.37 | 0.72 |
| | Males | 52.87 | 52.17 | 0.70 |
| | Females | 8.72 | 7.99 | 0.73 |
| | | ----- | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 17. Dibrugarh District | Persons | 39.81 | 35.72 | 4.09 |
| | Males | 48.78 | 46.30 | 2.48 |
| | Females | 29.94 | 24.08 | 5.86 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 41.73 | 36.97 | 4.76 |
| | Male | 48.65 | 45.70 | 2.95 |
| | Female | 34.25 | 27.54 | 6.71 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 30.77 | 29.84 | 0.93 |
| | Males | 49.35 | 49.01 | 0.34 |
| | Females | 8.45 | 6.80 | 1.65 |

TABLE - 3 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Percentage of Total Population | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main workers | Marginal workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Urban | | |
| Dibrugarh (U.A.) | Persons | 30.89 | 29.75 | 1.14 |
| | Males | 49.07 | 48.65 | 0.42 |
| | Females | 9.09 | 7.10 | 1.99 |
| | | ----- | | |
| | | Urban | | |
| Dibrugarh (M.B.) | Persons | 30.85 | 29.72 | 1.13 |
| | Males | 49.55 | 49.14 | 0.41 |
| | Females | 8.41 | 6.40 | 2.01 |
| | | ----- | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 18. Tinsukia District | Persons | 41.12 | 36.86 | 4.26 |
| | Males | 50.81 | 48.26 | 2.55 |
| | Females | 30.28 | 24.11 | 6.17 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 42.66 | 37.85 | 4.81 |
| | Males | 50.25 | 47.34 | 2.91 |
| | Females | 34.37 | 27.49 | 6.88 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 33.30 | 31.84 | 1.44 |
| | Males | 53.46 | 52.61 | 0.85 |
| | Females | 7.72 | 5.49 | 2.23 |
| | | ----- | | |

TABLE - 3 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Percentage of Total Population | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main workers | Marginal workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Total | | |
| 19. Karbi Anglong District | Persons | 42.83 | 39.44 | 3.39 |
| | Males | 52.26 | 50.65 | 1.61 |
| | Females | 32.44 | 27.10 | 5.34 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 44.07 | 40.43 | 3.64 |
| | Males | 52.52 | 50.81 | 1.71 |
| | Females | 34.90 | 29.17 | 5.73 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 32.52 | 31.19 | 1.33 |
| Males | 50.27 | 49.38 | 0.89 | |
| Females | 10.44 | 8.58 | 1.86 | |
| | | ----- | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 20. North Cachar Hills District | Persons | 38.03 | 37.33 | 0.70 |
| | Males | 50.38 | 50.13 | 0.25 |
| | Females | 23.95 | 22.75 | 1.20 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 40.12 | 39.50 | 0.62 |
| | Males | 51.71 | 51.64 | 0.07 |
| | Females | 27.36 | 26.14 | 1.22 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 30.97 | 30.02 | 0.95 |
| Males | 46.18 | 45.37 | 0.81 | |
| Females | 11.52 | 10.40 | 1.12 | |
| | | ----- | | |

TABLE - 3 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Percentage of Total Population | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main workers | Marginal workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Total | | |
| 21. Karimganj District | Persons | 29.93 | 26.98 | 2.95 |
| | Males | 48.80 | 46.95 | 1.85 |
| | Females | 10.00 | 5.88 | 4.12 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 30.07 | 26.94 | 3.13 |
| | Males | 48.91 | 46.96 | 1.95 |
| | Females | 10.20 | 5.84 | 4.36 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 28.16 | 27.40 | 0.76 |
| Males | 47.30 | 46.74 | 0.56 | |
| Females | 7.41 | 6.45 | 0.96 | |
| | | ----- | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 22. Hailakandi District | Persons | 35.87 | 28.64 | 7.23 |
| | Males | 52.66 | 47.68 | 4.98 |
| | Females | 17.84 | 8.20 | 9.64 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 36.40 | 28.75 | 7.65 |
| | Males | 53.13 | 47.82 | 5.31 |
| | Females | 18.42 | 8.25 | 10.17 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 29.41 | 27.27 | 2.14 |
| Males | 46.89 | 45.87 | 1.02 | |
| Females | 10.88 | 7.56 | 3.32 | |
| | | ----- | | |

TABLE - 3 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Percentage of Total Population | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main workers | Marginal workers |
| 1. | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Total | | |
| 23. Cachar District | Persons | 35.96 | 28.86 | 7.10 |
| | Males | 51.78 | 46.89 | 4.89 |
| | Females | 19.11 | 9.67 | 9.44 |
| | | | Rural | |
| | Persons | 36.67 | 28.91 | 7.76 |
| | Males | 52.09 | 46.81 | 5.28 |
| | Females | 20.27 | 9.89 | 10.38 |
| | | | Urban | |
| | Persons | 29.44 | 28.42 | 1.02 |
| Males | 48.95 | 47.59 | 1.36 | |
| Females | 8.22 | 7.58 | 0.64 | |
| | | ----- Urban | | |
| Silchar (MB) | Persons | 29.54 | 28.50 | 1.04 |
| | Males | 48.99 | 47.60 | 1.39 |
| | Females | 8.38 | 7.72 | 0.66 |

TABLE - 4

1991 CENSUS
(Provisional Figures)Percentage Distribution of Main Workers as Cultivators, Agricultural Labourers,
Workers in Household Industry and Other Workers

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Percentage to Total Main Workers | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|--|
| | | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in Household Industry | Other Workers | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | |
| Total | | | | | | |
| A S S A M | Persons | 51.24 | 12.89 | 2.51 | 33.36 | |
| | Males | 51.20 | 12.72 | 1.90 | 34.18 | |
| | Females | 51.41 | 13.49 | 4.66 | 30.44 | |
| | Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 56.86 | 14.18 | 2.29 | 26.67 | |
| | Males | 57.72 | 14.22 | 1.66 | 26.40 | |
| | Females | 54.02 | 14.07 | 4.36 | 27.55 | |
| | Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 4.09 | 2.08 | 4.30 | 89.53 | |
| Males | 3.85 | 1.90 | 3.59 | 90.66 | | |
| Females | 5.98 | 3.51 | 9.90 | 80.61 | | |
| ----- | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | |
| 1. Dhubri District | Persons | 51.01 | 22.30 | 2.55 | 24.14 | |
| | Males | 52.53 | 21.83 | 1.94 | 23.70 | |
| | Females | 33.10 | 27.89 | 9.72 | 29.29 | |
| | Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 56.85 | 24.84 | 2.07 | 16.24 | |
| | Males | 58.48 | 24.32 | 1.54 | 15.66 | |
| | Females | 37.54 | 31.04 | 8.32 | 23.10 | |
| | Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 6.86 | 3.10 | 6.17 | 83.87 | |
| Males | 7.35 | 2.90 | 4.96 | 84.79 | | |
| Females | 1.33 | 5.32 | 19.72 | 73.63 | | |
| ----- | | | | | | |

TABLE - 4 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Percentage to Total Main Workers | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| | | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in Household Industry | Other Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Total | | | | | |
| 2. Kokrajhar District | Persons | 66.06 | 16.13 | 2.06 | 15.75 |
| | Males | 64.87 | 15.49 | 1.00 | 18.64 |
| | Females | 69.34 | 17.88 | 4.96 | 7.82 |
| Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 69.43 | 16.78 | 2.06 | 11.73 |
| | Males | 69.01 | 16.29 | 0.95 | 13.75 |
| | Females | 70.55 | 18.05 | 4.97 | 6.43 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 5.50 | 4.52 | 1.96 | 88.02 |
| | Males | 5.39 | 4.07 | 1.70 | 88.84 |
| | Females | 6.59 | 8.79 | 4.32 | 80.30 |
| ----- | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | |
| 3. Bongaigaon District | Persons | 55.44 | 17.67 | 2.16 | 24.73 |
| | Males | 55.55 | 15.42 | 1.46 | 27.57 |
| | Females | 54.97 | 27.46 | 5.22 | 12.35 |
| Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 60.51 | 19.26 | 2.01 | 18.22 |
| | Males | 61.37 | 17.01 | 1.27 | 20.35 |
| | Females | 56.99 | 28.44 | 5.05 | 9.52 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 1.68 | 0.78 | 3.76 | 93.78 |
| | Males | 1.58 | 0.65 | 3.25 | 94.52 |
| | Females | 2.85 | 2.15 | 9.64 | 85.36 |
| ----- | | | | | |

TABLE - 4 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons | Percentage to Total Main Workers | | | |
|------------------------------|---------|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | Males | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in Household Industry |
| | Females | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| | | Total | | | |
| 4. Goalpara District | Persons | 54.97 | 19.70 | 3.14 | 22.19 |
| | Males | 57.11 | 17.24 | 1.90 | 23.75 |
| | Females | 44.84 | 31.31 | 9.00 | 14.85 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 57.97 | 20.76 | 3.15 | 18.12 |
| | Males | 60.49 | 18.22 | 1.86 | 19.43 |
| | Females | 46.42 | 32.40 | 9.06 | 12.12 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 9.77 | 3.76 | 3.03 | 83.44 |
| | Males | 10.11 | 3.57 | 2.43 | 83.89 |
| | Females | 7.19 | 5.21 | 7.70 | 79.90 |
| | | ----- | | | |
| | | Total | | | |
| 5. Barpeta District | Persons | 58.46 | 16.92 | 2.16 | 22.46 |
| | Males | 59.65 | 15.86 | 1.61 | 22.88 |
| | Females | 46.38 | 27.71 | 7.80 | 18.11 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 62.23 | 17.98 | 1.81 | 17.98 |
| | Males | 63.60 | 16.88 | 1.24 | 18.28 |
| | Females | 48.54 | 29.05 | 7.46 | 14.95 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 6.60 | 2.33 | 7.01 | 84.06 |
| | Males | 6.45 | 2.18 | 6.48 | 84.89 |
| | Females | 8.54 | 4.35 | 13.78 | 73.33 |
| | | ----- | | | |

TABLE - 4 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons | Percentage to Total Main Workers | | | |
|------------------------------|---------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| | | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in Household Industry | Other Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Total | | | | | |
| 6. Nalbari District | Persons | 47.34 | 19.94 | 4.22 | 28.50 |
| | Males | 50.14 | 17.70 | 2.66 | 29.50 |
| | Females | 33.93 | 30.65 | 11.71 | 23.71 |
| Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 48.48 | 20.36 | 4.20 | 26.96 |
| | Males | 51.42 | 18.10 | 2.59 | 27.89 |
| | Females | 34.49 | 31.10 | 11.86 | 22.55 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 1.55 | 2.77 | 4.97 | 90.71 |
| | Males | 1.68 | 2.60 | 5.23 | 90.49 |
| | Females | 0.61 | 4.02 | 3.04 | 92.33 |
| ----- | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | |
| 7. Kamrup District | Persons | 35.76 | 9.61 | 5.72 | 48.91 |
| | Males | 37.06 | 8.27 | 3.77 | 50.90 |
| | Females | 28.09 | 17.53 | 17.29 | 37.09 |
| Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 54.77 | 13.91 | 5.67 | 25.65 |
| | Males | 56.93 | 11.96 | 3.43 | 27.68 |
| | Females | 42.05 | 25.36 | 18.86 | 13.73 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 2.53 | 2.10 | 5.81 | 89.56 |
| | Males | 2.41 | 1.85 | 4.36 | 91.38 |
| | Females | 3.25 | 3.58 | 14.51 | 78.66 |

TABLE - 4 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons | Percentage to Total Main Workers | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | Males | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in Household Industry |
| | Females | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| Guwahati Municipal Corporation | Persons | 2.12 | 1.94 | 3.96 | 91.98 |
| | Males | 1.96 | 1.67 | 3.17 | 93.20 |
| | Females | 3.15 | 3.59 | 8.83 | 84.43 |
| ----- | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | |
| 8. Darrang District | Persons | 58.70 | 14.41 | 1.93 | 24.96 |
| | Males | 60.64 | 13.92 | 1.13 | 24.31 |
| | Females | 51.63 | 16.20 | 4.85 | 27.32 |
| Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 62.10 | 15.21 | 1.91 | 20.78 |
| | Males | 64.90 | 14.87 | 1.07 | 19.16 |
| | Females | 52.42 | 16.38 | 4.81 | 26.39 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 3.57 | 1.34 | 2.35 | 92.74 |
| | Males | 3.47 | 1.07 | 2.03 | 93.43 |
| | Females | 5.04 | 5.44 | 7.23 | 82.29 |
| ----- | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | |
| 9. Sonitpur District | Persons | 48.51 | 12.95 | 1.85 | 36.69 |
| | Males | 49.93 | 11.99 | 1.66 | 36.42 |
| | Females | 44.84 | 15.43 | 2.34 | 37.39 |
| Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 51.73 | 13.69 | 1.70 | 32.88 |
| | Males | 54.17 | 12.86 | 1.51 | 31.46 |
| | Females | 45.81 | 15.69 | 2.18 | 36.32 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 2.36 | 2.38 | 3.93 | 91.33 |
| | Males | 2.35 | 2.21 | 3.33 | 92.11 |
| | Females | 2.51 | 3.88 | 9.58 | 84.03 |
| ----- | | | | | |

TABLE - 4 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Percentage to Total Main Workers | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| | | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in Household Industry | Other Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| | | Total | | | |
| 10. Lakhimpur District | Persons | 70.54 | 6.46 | 1.15 | 21.85 |
| | Males | 65.34 | 7.10 | 1.05 | 26.51 |
| | Females | 81.07 | 5.16 | 1.33 | 12.44 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 74.26 | 6.67 | 1.03 | 18.04 |
| | Males | 70.00 | 7.48 | 0.89 | 21.63 |
| | Females | 82.41 | 5.13 | 1.29 | 11.17 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 8.18 | 2.81 | 3.14 | 85.87 |
| | Males | 6.74 | 2.33 | 3.10 | 87.83 |
| | Females | 18.41 | 6.19 | 3.48 | 71.92 |
| | | ----- | | | |
| | | Total | | | |
| 11. Dhemaji District | Persons | 80.59 | 5.29 | 1.03 | 13.09 |
| | Males | 75.45 | 5.85 | 0.96 | 17.74 |
| | Females | 89.86 | 4.29 | 1.16 | 4.69 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 81.77 | 5.35 | 0.97 | 11.91 |
| | Males | 76.89 | 5.93 | 0.93 | 16.25 |
| | Females | 90.51 | 4.31 | 1.04 | 4.14 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 21.97 | 2.36 | 4.24 | 71.43 |
| | Males | 12.57 | 2.34 | 2.34 | 82.75 |
| | Females | 47.27 | 2.41 | 9.35 | 40.97 |
| | | ----- | | | |

TABLE - 4 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Percentage to Total Main Workers | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| | | Cultivators | Appricultural Labourers | Workers in Household Industry | Other Workers |
| | | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 1 | 2 | | | | |
| | | Total | | | |
| 12. Marigaon District | Persons | 68.87 | 12.49 | 1.23 | 17.41 |
| | Males | 69.11 | 12.38 | 0.89 | 17.62 |
| | Females | 66.94 | 13.43 | 3.96 | 15.67 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 72.12 | 13.10 | 1.20 | 13.58 |
| | Males | 72.50 | 13.02 | 0.86 | 13.62 |
| | Females | 69.03 | 13.75 | 3.99 | 13.23 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 17.53 | 2.90 | 1.63 | 77.94 |
| Males | 15.77 | 2.29 | 1.42 | 80.52 | |
| Females | 32.29 | 8.01 | 3.46 | 56.24 | |
| | | ----- | | | |
| | | Total | | | |
| 13. Nagaon District | Persons | 54.25 | 15.78 | 2.77 | 27.20 |
| | Males | 54.78 | 15.76 | 2.09 | 27.37 |
| | Females | 51.32 | 15.93 | 6.52 | 26.23 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 59.82 | 17.22 | 2.48 | 20.48 |
| | Males | 60.97 | 17.34 | 1.70 | 19.99 |
| | Females | 53.80 | 16.63 | 6.53 | 23.04 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 4.48 | 2.90 | 5.33 | 87.29 |
| Males | 4.54 | 2.94 | 5.25 | 87.27 | |
| Females | 3.71 | 2.44 | 6.27 | 87.58 | |

TABLE - 4 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons | Percentage to Total Main Workers | | | |
|------------------------------|---------|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | Males | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in Household Industry |
| | Females | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Total | | | | | |
| 14. Golaghat District | Persons | 54.66 | 8.73 | 1.36 | 35.25 |
| | Males | 54.01 | 8.43 | 1.33 | 36.23 |
| | Females | 56.13 | 9.39 | 1.43 | 33.05 |
| Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 57.64 | 9.20 | 1.30 | 31.86 |
| | Males | 57.96 | 9.06 | 1.30 | 31.68 |
| | Females | 56.93 | 9.52 | 1.31 | 32.24 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 4.16 | 0.62 | 2.42 | 92.80 |
| | Males | 3.65 | 0.49 | 1.75 | 94.11 |
| | Females | 9.10 | 1.96 | 8.90 | 80.04 |
| ----- | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | |
| 15. Jorhat District | Persons | 48.25 | 6.51 | 3.10 | 42.14 |
| | Males | 44.73 | 6.15 | 2.81 | 46.31 |
| | Females | 55.20 | 7.21 | 3.67 | 33.92 |
| Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 56.28 | 7.43 | 3.21 | 33.08 |
| | Males | 54.82 | 7.33 | 2.99 | 34.86 |
| | Females | 58.77 | 7.59 | 3.59 | 30.05 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 2.88 | 1.29 | 2.49 | 93.34 |
| | Males | 2.30 | 1.16 | 2.07 | 94.47 |
| | Females | 6.12 | 1.99 | 4.88 | 87.01 |
| ----- | | | | | |

TABLE - 4 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Percentage to Total Main Workers | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| | | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in Household Industry | Other Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| Jorhat U.A. | Persons | 3.36 | 1.49 | 2.71 | 92.44 |
| | Males | 2.71 | 1.37 | 2.22 | 93.70 |
| | Females | 6.62 | 2.11 | 5.15 | 86.12 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| (a) Jorhat (M.B.) | Persons | 0.50 | 0.51 | 1.81 | 97.18 |
| | Males | 0.46 | 0.47 | 1.64 | 97.43 |
| | Females | 0.81 | 0.81 | 3.31 | 95.07 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| (b) Outgrowth | Persons | 6.65 | 2.76 | 4.14 | 86.45 |
| | Males | 5.44 | 2.81 | 3.33 | 88.42 |
| | Females | 10.69 | 2.61 | 6.80 | 79.90 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| (c) Senchoagaon (C.T.) | Persons | 5.59 | 1.25 | 0.40 | 92.76 |
| | Males | 6.98 | 0.46 | 0.32 | 92.24 |
| | Females | 1.07 | 3.85 | 0.64 | 94.44 |
| | | Total | | | |
| 16. Sibsagar District | Persons | 45.96 | 6.78 | 2.71 | 44.55 |
| | Males | 42.91 | 7.06 | 2.41 | 47.62 |
| | Females | 51.60 | 6.25 | 3.26 | 38.89 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 48.88 | 7.12 | 2.31 | 41.69 |
| | Males | 46.74 | 7.59 | 1.97 | 43.70 |
| | Females | 52.57 | 6.32 | 2.88 | 38.23 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 2.80 | 1.69 | 8.61 | 86.90 |
| | Males | 2.69 | 1.57 | 6.96 | 88.78 |
| | Females | 3.71 | 2.67 | 21.86 | 71.76 |

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TABLE - 4 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons | Percentage to Total Main Workers | | | | |
|--|---------|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| | | Males | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in Household Industry | Other Workers |
| | Females | | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | |
| Total | | | | | | |
| 17. Dibrugarh District | Persons | 33.18 | 6.93 | 1.70 | 58.19 | |
| | Males | 30.68 | 6.53 | 1.67 | 61.12 | |
| | Females | 38.47 | 7.77 | 1.76 | 52.00 | |
| | Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 38.65 | 7.93 | 1.54 | 51.88 | |
| | Males | 37.77 | 7.87 | 1.49 | 52.87 | |
| | Females | 40.25 | 8.05 | 1.61 | 50.09 | |
| | Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 1.16 | 1.06 | 2.63 | 95.15 | |
| Males | 0.99 | 0.95 | 2.39 | 95.67 | | |
| Females | 2.59 | 2.02 | 4.71 | 90.68 | | |
| ----- | | | | | | |
| Urban | | | | | | |
| Dibrugarh U.A. | Persons | 0.97 | 1.19 | 2.91 | 94.93 | |
| | Males | 0.86 | 1.06 | 2.83 | 95.25 | |
| | Females | 1.85 | 2.22 | 3.58 | 92.35 | |
| ----- | | | | | | |
| Urban | | | | | | |
| (a) Dibrugarh (M.B.) | Persons | 0.86 | 1.15 | 3.01 | 94.98 | |
| | Males | 0.75 | 1.01 | 2.89 | 95.35 | |
| | Females | 1.86 | 2.44 | 4.12 | 91.58 | |
| ----- | | | | | | |
| Urban | | | | | | |
| (b) Barbari Assam Medical College area (C.T.) | Persons | 3.28 | 1.97 | 0.89 | 93.86 | |
| | Males | 4.00 | 2.49 | 1.24 | 92.27 | |
| | Females | 1.81 | 0.91 | 0.18 | 97.10 | |
| ----- | | | | | | |

TABLE - 4 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons | Percentage to Total Main Workers | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| | | Males | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in Household Industry | Other Workers |
| | Females | | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | |
| Total | | | | | | |
| 18. Tinsukia District | Persons | 35.50 | 6.46 | 1.57 | 56.47 | |
| | Males | 33.41 | 5.93 | 1.63 | 59.03 | |
| | Females | 40.18 | 7.64 | 1.44 | 50.74 | |
| | Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 40.99 | 7.25 | 1.42 | 50.34 | |
| | Males | 40.79 | 6.96 | 1.52 | 50.73 | |
| | Females | 41.35 | 7.80 | 1.24 | 49.61 | |
| | Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 2.34 | 1.71 | 2.47 | 93.48 | |
| Males | 1.90 | 1.58 | 2.10 | 94.42 | | |
| Females | 7.65 | 3.29 | 7.02 | 82.04 | | |
| ----- | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | |
| 19. Karbi Anglong District | Persons | 72.41 | 9.05 | 2.17 | 16.37 | |
| | Males | 69.99 | 7.92 | 1.39 | 20.70 | |
| | Females | 77.39 | 11.39 | 3.77 | 7.45 | |
| | Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 77.49 | 9.48 | 2.19 | 10.84 | |
| | Males | 76.65 | 8.45 | 1.36 | 13.54 | |
| | Females | 79.08 | 11.42 | 3.76 | 5.74 | |
| | Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 17.55 | 4.49 | 1.92 | 76.04 | |
| Males | 16.37 | 3.66 | 1.63 | 78.34 | | |
| Females | 26.05 | 10.46 | 3.98 | 59.51 | | |
| ----- | | | | | | |

TABLE - 4 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons | Percentage to Total Main Workers | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | Males | Cultivators | Apprcultural Labourers | Workers in Household Industry |
| | Females | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| | | Total | | | |
| 20. North Cachar Hills District | Persons | 58.17 | 2.69 | 1.07 | 38.07 |
| | Males | 49.66 | 2.90 | 0.89 | 46.55 |
| | Females | 79.53 | 2.17 | 1.53 | 16.77 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 69.61 | 3.03 | 0.95 | 26.41 |
| | Males | 62.01 | 3.35 | 0.64 | 34.00 |
| | Females | 86.15 | 2.33 | 1.63 | 9.89 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 7.50 | 1.21 | 1.59 | 89.70 |
| | Males | 5.46 | 1.31 | 1.76 | 91.47 |
| | Females | 18.83 | 0.71 | 0.64 | 79.82 |
| | | ----- | | | |
| | | Total | | | |
| 21. Karimganj District | Persons | 43.07 | 17.07 | 3.14 | 36.72 |
| | Males | 45.65 | 17.61 | 2.09 | 34.65 |
| | Females | 21.26 | 12.59 | 11.97 | 54.18 |
| | | Rural | | | |
| | Persons | 46.36 | 18.36 | 3.24 | 32.04 |
| | Males | 49.11 | 18.92 | 2.11 | 29.86 |
| | Females | 23.07 | 13.61 | 12.80 | 50.52 |
| | | Urban | | | |
| | Persons | 1.81 | 0.95 | 1.87 | 95.37 |
| | Males | 2.02 | 1.00 | 1.83 | 95.15 |
| | Females | 0.16 | 0.59 | 2.21 | 97.04 |
| | | ----- | | | |

TABLE - 4 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons Males Females | Percentage to Total Main Workers | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|--|
| | | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in Household Industry | Other Workers | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | |
| Total | | | | | | |
| 22. Hailakandi District | Persons | 45.87 | 17.50 | 2.15 | 34.48 | |
| | Males | 49.44 | 17.94 | 1.58 | 31.04 | |
| | Females | 23.56 | 14.78 | 5.73 | 55.93 | |
| | Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 48.74 | 18.68 | 1.99 | 30.59 | |
| | Males | 52.60 | 19.13 | 1.41 | 26.86 | |
| | Females | 24.74 | 15.85 | 5.56 | 53.85 | |
| | Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 9.04 | 2.48 | 4.25 | 84.23 | |
| Males | 9.20 | 2.76 | 3.66 | 84.38 | | |
| Females | 7.99 | 0.72 | 7.99 | 83.30 | | |
| ----- | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | |
| 23. Cachar District | Persons | 37.04 | 18.52 | 2.28 | 42.16 | |
| | Males | 40.07 | 18.05 | 1.85 | 40.03 | |
| | Females | 21.35 | 20.99 | 4.47 | 53.19 | |
| | Rural | | | | | |
| | Persons | 40.90 | 20.38 | 2.19 | 36.53 | |
| | Males | 44.44 | 19.95 | 1.71 | 33.90 | |
| | Females | 23.05 | 22.59 | 4.59 | 49.77 | |
| | Urban | | | | | |
| | Persons | 0.76 | 1.06 | 3.11 | 95.07 | |
| Males | 0.78 | 1.01 | 3.12 | 95.09 | | |
| Females | 0.60 | 1.44 | 2.99 | 94.97 | | |
| ----- | | | | | | |

TABLE - 4 (Contd.)

| State/District/U.A./ City | Persons | Percentage to Total Main Workers | | | |
|------------------------------|---------|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | Males | Cultivators | Agricultural Labourers | Workers in Household Industry |
| | Females | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Urban | | | | | |
| Silchar (M.B.) | Persons | 0.66 | 0.88 | 3.07 | 95.39 |
| | Males | 0.68 | 0.81 | 3.08 | 95.43 |
| | Females | 0.54 | 1.37 | 2.96 | 95.13 |

Note: U.A. stands for Urban Agglomeration

M.B. stands for Municipal Board

C.T. stands for Census Town

1991 CENSUS
(Provisional Figures)

TABLE - 5

Proportion of Total Workers, Main Workers and Marginal Workers to Total Population in States and Union Territories by Residence and Sex, 1991.

| India/State or Union Territory | Persons Males Females | Percentage of total population | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Total | | | | |
| I N D I A * | Persons | 37.64 | 34.12 | 3.52 |
| | Males | 51.52 | 50.54 | 0.98 |
| | Females | 22.69 | 16.43 | 6.26 |
| Rural | | | | |
| | Persons | 40.13 | 35.67 | 4.46 |
| | Males | 52.43 | 51.29 | 1.14 |
| | Females | 27.06 | 19.07 | 7.99 |
| Urban | | | | |
| | Persons | 30.45 | 29.64 | 0.81 |
| | Males | 48.96 | 48.43 | 0.53 |
| | Females | 9.73 | 8.62 | 1.11 |
| ----- | | | | |
| STATES | | | | |
| Total | | | | |
| 1. Andhra Pradesh | Persons | 45.27 | 42.79 | 2.48 |
| | Males | 55.44 | 54.80 | 0.64 |
| | Females | 34.81 | 30.44 | 4.37 |
| Rural | | | | |
| | Persons | 50.55 | 47.41 | 3.14 |
| | Males | 58.01 | 57.31 | 0.70 |
| | Females | 42.92 | 37.30 | 5.62 |
| Urban | | | | |
| | Persons | 30.89 | 30.19 | 0.70 |
| | Males | 48.49 | 48.02 | 0.47 |
| | Females | 12.49 | 11.57 | 0.92 |

Jammu & Kashmir where the 1991 Census has not been held.

TABLE - 5 (Contd.)

| India/State or Union Territory | Persons Males Females | Percentage of total population | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. Arunachal Pradesh | | Total | | |
| | Persons | 47.46 | 45.39 | 2.07 |
| | Males | 54.21 | 53.35 | 0.86 |
| | Females | 39.61 | 36.14 | 3.47 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 48.61 | 46.36 | 2.25 |
| | Males | 53.64 | 52.80 | 0.84 |
| | Females | 42.88 | 39.03 | 3.85 |
| | | Urban | | |
| Persons | 39.16 | 38.38 | 0.78 | |
| Males | 58.08 | 57.12 | 0.96 | |
| Females | 14.03 | 13.49 | 0.54 | |
| | | ----- | | |
| 3. Assam | | Total | | |
| | Persons | 36.37 | 31.70 | 4.67 |
| | Males | 50.32 | 47.55 | 2.77 |
| | Females | 21.29 | 14.57 | 6.72 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 37.00 | 31.86 | 5.14 |
| | Males | 50.33 | 47.28 | 3.05 |
| | Females | 22.76 | 15.40 | 7.36 |
| | | Urban | | |
| Persons | 31.34 | 30.43 | 0.91 | |
| Males | 50.23 | 49.64 | 0.59 | |
| Females | 8.82 | 7.54 | 1.28 | |
| | | ----- | | |

TABLE - 5 (Contd.)

| India/State or Union Territory | Persons Males Females | Percentage of total population | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Total | | |
| 4. Bihar | Persons | 32.56 | 29.71 | 2.85 |
| | Males | 47.95 | 47.27 | 0.68 |
| | Females | 15.69 | 10.47 | 5.22 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 33.62 | 30.44 | 3.18 |
| | Males | 48.86 | 48.13 | 0.73 |
| | Females | 17.10 | 11.26 | 5.84 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 25.57 | 24.94 | 0.63 |
| | Males | 42.21 | 41.84 | 0.37 |
| | Females | 5.91 | 4.96 | 0.95 |
| | | ----- | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 5. Goa. | Persons | 35.22 | 32.72 | 2.50 |
| | Males | 49.51 | 48.21 | 1.30 |
| | Females | 20.48 | 16.73 | 3.75 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 36.34 | 32.82 | 3.52 |
| | Males | 48.77 | 47.05 | 1.72 |
| | Females | 23.84 | 18.51 | 5.33 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 33.62 | 32.57 | 1.05 |
| | Males | 50.54 | 49.82 | 0.72 |
| | Females | 15.49 | 14.09 | 1.40 |
| | | ----- | | |

TABLE - 5 (Contd.)

| India/State or Union Territory | Persons Males Females | Percentage of total population | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Total | | |
| 6. Gujarat | Persons | 41.17 | 34.27 | 6.90 |
| | Males | 54.35 | 53.06 | 1.29 |
| | Females | 27.08 | 14.19 | 12.89 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 46.36 | 36.77 | 9.59 |
| | Males | 55.77 | 54.36 | 1.41 |
| | Females | 36.46 | 18.25 | 18.21 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 31.26 | 29.50 | 1.76 |
| | Males | 51.70 | 50.62 | 1.08 |
| | Females | 8.77 | 6.25 | 2.52 |
| | | ----- | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 7. Haryana | Persons | 30.83 | 28.12 | 2.71 |
| | Males | 47.92 | 47.07 | 0.85 |
| | Females | 11.29 | 6.45 | 4.84 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 31.61 | 28.13 | 3.48 |
| | Males | 47.74 | 46.68 | 1.06 |
| | Females | 13.21 | 6.97 | 6.24 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 28.48 | 28.09 | 0.39 |
| | Males | 48.49 | 48.25 | 0.24 |
| | Females | 5.42 | 4.86 | 0.56 |

TABLE - 5 (Contd.)

| India/State or Union Territory | Persons Males Females | Percentage of total population | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Total | | |
| 8. Himachal Pradesh | Persons | 42.27 | 33.83 | 8.44 |
| | Males | 49.72 | 47.89 | 1.83 |
| | Females | 34.79 | 19.71 | 15.08 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 42.96 | 33.89 | 9.07 |
| | Males | 49.44 | 47.53 | 1.91 |
| | Females | 36.57 | 20.43 | 16.14 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 35.01 | 33.20 | 1.81 |
| Males | 52.34 | 51.33 | 1.01 | |
| Females | 14.08 | 11.31 | 2.77 | |
| | ----- | | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 9. Karnataka | Persons | 41.83 | 38.48 | 3.35 |
| | Males | 53.91 | 53.34 | 0.57 |
| | Females | 29.27 | 23.03 | 6.24 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 46.24 | 41.63 | 4.61 |
| | Males | 55.91 | 55.20 | 0.71 |
| | Females | 36.33 | 27.71 | 8.62 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 31.98 | 31.46 | 0.52 |
| Males | 49.53 | 49.27 | 0.26 | |
| Females | 13.11 | 12.32 | 0.79 | |
| | ----- | | | |

TABLE - 5 (Contd.)

| India/State or Union Territory | Persons Males Females | Percentage of total population | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Total | | |
| 10. Kerala | Persons | 32.05 | 28.23 | 3.82 |
| | Males | 47.81 | 44.24 | 3.57 |
| | Females | 16.90 | 12.85 | 4.05 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 32.67 | 28.49 | 4.18 |
| | Males | 48.02 | 44.20 | 3.82 |
| | Females | 17.94 | 13.42 | 4.52 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 30.34 | 27.52 | 2.82 |
| Males | 47.22 | 44.32 | 2.90 | |
| Females | 14.00 | 11.25 | 2.75 | |
| | | ----- | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 11. Madhya Pradesh | Persons | 42.70 | 37.74 | 4.96 |
| | Males | 52.17 | 51.40 | 0.77 |
| | Females | 32.53 | 23.08 | 9.45 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 46.69 | 40.47 | 6.22 |
| | Males | 53.89 | 52.98 | 0.91 |
| | Females | 39.07 | 27.21 | 11.86 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 29.49 | 28.72 | 0.77 |
| Males | 46.64 | 46.32 | 0.32 | |
| Females | 10.28 | 9.00 | 1.28 | |
| | | ----- | | |

-: 100 :-

TABLE - 5 (Contd.)

| India/State or Union Territory | Persons Males Females | Percentage of total population | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Total | | |
| 12. Maharashtra | Persons | 42.84 | 39.22 | 3.62 |
| | Males | 52.03 | 50.98 | 1.05 |
| | Females | 33.02 | 26.66 | 6.36 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 49.47 | 44.07 | 5.40 |
| | Males | 53.02 | 51.65 | 1.37 |
| | Females | 45.83 | 36.30 | 9.53 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 32.35 | 31.54 | 0.81 |
| Males | 50.53 | 49.95 | 0.58 | |
| Females | 11.58 | 10.51 | 1.07 | |
| | | ----- | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 13. Manipur | Persons | 41.51 | 37.36 | 4.15 |
| | Males | 45.36 | 42.93 | 2.43 |
| | Females | 37.50 | 31.57 | 5.93 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 44.47 | 39.90 | 4.57 |
| | Males | 47.42 | 44.58 | 2.84 |
| | Females | 41.40 | 35.02 | 6.38 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 33.76 | 30.72 | 3.04 |
| Males | 39.93 | 38.57 | 1.36 | |
| Females | 27.40 | 22.63 | 4.77 | |
| | | ----- | | |

TABLE - 5 (Contd.)

| India/State or Union Territory | Persons Males Females | Percentage of total population | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Total | | |
| 14. Meghalaya | Persons | 43.06 | 40.85 | 2.21 |
| | Males | 49.09 | 47.98 | 1.11 |
| | Females | 36.69 | 33.31 | 3.38 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 45.95 | 43.35 | 2.60 |
| | Males | 50.63 | 49.37 | 1.26 |
| | Females | 41.07 | 37.06 | 4.01 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 30.47 | 29.98 | 0.49 |
| Males | 42.59 | 42.13 | 0.46 | |
| Females | 17.06 | 16.54 | 0.52 | |
| | | ----- | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 15. Mizoram | Persons | 49.36 | 42.29 | 7.07 |
| | Males | 54.37 | 49.56 | 4.81 |
| | Females | 43.94 | 34.43 | 9.51 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 51.80 | 45.84 | 5.96 |
| | Males | 55.56 | 51.23 | 4.33 |
| | Females | 47.68 | 39.94 | 7.74 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 46.52 | 38.16 | 8.36 |
| Males | 52.96 | 47.59 | 5.37 | |
| Females | 39.63 | 28.07 | 11.56 | |
| | | ----- | | |

TABLE - 5 (Contd.)

| India/State or Union Territory | Persons Males Females | Percentage of total population | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Total | | |
| 16. Nagaland | Persons | 44.20 | 41.56 | 2.64 |
| | Males | 48.61 | 45.87 | 2.74 |
| | Females | 39.25 | 36.71 | 2.54 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 45.58 | 42.67 | 2.91 |
| | Males | 48.28 | 45.17 | 3.11 |
| | Females | 42.63 | 39.93 | 2.70 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 37.60 | 36.26 | 1.34 |
| Males | 50.08 | 49.03 | 1.05 | |
| Females | 21.78 | 20.06 | 1.72 | |
| | | ----- | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 17. Orissa | Persons | 37.53 | 32.70 | 4.83 |
| | Males | 53.74 | 52.53 | 1.21 |
| | Females | 20.85 | 12.31 | 8.54 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 38.74 | 33.30 | 5.44 |
| | Males | 54.63 | 53.32 | 1.31 |
| | Females | 22.67 | 13.06 | 9.61 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 29.77 | 28.90 | 0.87 |
| Males | 48.38 | 47.77 | 0.61 | |
| Females | 8.28 | 7.12 | 1.16 | |
| | | ----- | | |

TABLE - 5 (Contd.)

| India/State or Union Territory | Persons Males Females | Percentage of total population | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Total | | |
| 18. Punjab | Persons | 31.44 | 29.89 | 1.55 |
| | Males | 53.34 | 52.74 | 0.60 |
| | Females | 6.78 | 4.17 | 2.61 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 31.82 | 29.75 | 2.07 |
| | Males | 54.03 | 53.25 | 0.78 |
| | Females | 7.02 | 3.51 | 3.51 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 30.55 | 30.24 | 0.31 |
| | Males | 51.73 | 51.56 | 0.17 |
| | Females | 6.20 | 5.74 | 0.46 |
| | | ----- | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 19. Rajasthan | Persons | 38.54 | 31.59 | 6.95 |
| | Males | 49.07 | 48.26 | 0.81 |
| | Females | 27.01 | 13.34 | 13.67 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 41.67 | 32.92 | 8.75 |
| | Males | 49.88 | 48.91 | 0.97 |
| | Females | 32.77 | 15.59 | 17.18 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 27.99 | 27.12 | 0.87 |
| | Males | 46.38 | 46.11 | 0.27 |
| | Females | 7.13 | 5.57 | 1.56 |
| | | ----- | | |

TABLE - 5 (Contd.)

| India/State or Union Territory | Persons Males Females | Percentage of total population | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Total | | |
| 20. Sikkim | Persons | 53.20 | 40.89 | 12.31 |
| | Males | 53.60 | 50.36 | 3.24 |
| | Females | 52.74 | 30.10 | 22.64 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 54.58 | 41.26 | 13.32 |
| | Males | 53.48 | 50.21 | 3.27 |
| | Females | 55.81 | 31.24 | 24.57 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 39.51 | 37.17 | 2.34 |
| Males | 54.77 | 51.78 | 2.99 | |
| Females | 19.09 | 17.62 | 1.47 | |
| | ----- | | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 21. Tamil Nadu | Persons | 44.13 | 41.29 | 2.84 |
| | Males | 57.01 | 55.84 | 1.17 |
| | Females | 30.88 | 26.31 | 4.57 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 49.06 | 45.13 | 3.93 |
| | Males | 58.71 | 57.16 | 1.55 |
| | Females | 39.23 | 32.88 | 6.35 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 34.66 | 33.89 | 0.77 |
| Males | 53.79 | 53.33 | 0.46 | |
| Females | 14.55 | 13.45 | 1.10 | |
| | ----- | | | |

TABLE - 5 (Contd.)

| India/State or Union Territory | Persons Males Females | Percentage of total population | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Total | | |
| 22. Tripura | Persons | 31.36 | 28.91 | 2.45 |
| | Males | 47.48 | 46.50 | 0.98 |
| | Females | 14.31 | 10.31 | 4.00 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 31.80 | 29.01 | 2.79 |
| | Males | 47.45 | 46.37 | 1.08 |
| | Females | 15.21 | 10.61 | 4.60 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 28.93 | 28.36 | 0.57 |
| | Males | 47.66 | 47.22 | 0.44 |
| | Females | 9.38 | 8.66 | 0.72 |
| | | ----- | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 23. Uttar Pradesh | Persons | 32.27 | 29.74 | 2.53 |
| | Males | 49.37 | 48.68 | 0.69 |
| | Females | 12.87 | 8.24 | 4.63 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 33.50 | 30.47 | 3.03 |
| | Males | 50.15 | 49.38 | 0.77 |
| | Females | 14.72 | 9.14 | 5.58 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 27.31 | 26.79 | 0.52 |
| | Males | 46.27 | 45.92 | 0.35 |
| | Females | 5.30 | 4.57 | 0.73 |
| | | ----- | | |

TABLE - 5 (Contd.)

| India/State or Union Territory | Persons Males Females | Percentage of total population | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Total | | |
| 24. West Bengal | Persons | 32.37 | 30.20 | 2.17 |
| | Males | 51.36 | 50.50 | 0.86 |
| | Females | 11.67 | 8.07 | 3.60 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 33.40 | 30.58 | 2.82 |
| | Males | 52.09 | 51.04 | 1.05 |
| | Females | 13.54 | 8.83 | 4.71 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 29.66 | 29.20 | 0.46 |
| Males | 49.52 | 49.12 | 0.40 | |
| Females | 6.46 | 5.93 | 0.53 | |
| ----- | | | | |
| UNION TERRITORIES | | | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 1. Andaman & Nicobar Islands | Persons | 34.88 | 31.97 | 2.91 |
| | Males | 52.95 | 51.45 | 1.50 |
| | Females | 12.86 | 8.22 | 4.64 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 35.05 | 31.24 | 3.81 |
| | Males | 52.71 | 50.88 | 1.83 |
| | Females | 14.01 | 7.86 | 6.15 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 34.43 | 33.95 | 0.48 |
| Males | 53.57 | 52.94 | 0.63 | |
| Females | 9.56 | 9.27 | 0.29 | |
| ----- | | | | |

TABLE - 5 (Contd.)

| India/State or Union Territory | Persons Males Females | Percentage of total population | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Total | | |
| 2. Chandigarh | Persons | 34.78 | 34.64 | 0.14 |
| | Males | 54.01 | 53.84 | 0.17 |
| | Females | 10.52 | 10.42 | 0.10 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 41.37 | 41.28 | 0.09 |
| | Males | 64.30 | 64.23 | 0.07 |
| | Females | 5.14 | 5.02 | 0.12 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 34.02 | 33.88 | 0.14 |
| Males | 52.70 | 52.51 | 0.19 | |
| Females | 11.06 | 10.96 | 0.10 | |
| | ----- | | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 3. Dadra & Nagar Haveli | Persons | 53.38 | 43.89 | 9.49 |
| | Males | 57.66 | 55.94 | 1.72 |
| | Females | 48.88 | 31.25 | 17.63 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 54.33 | 44.36 | 9.97 |
| | Males | 57.60 | 55.77 | 1.83 |
| | Females | 50.96 | 32.56 | 18.40 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 43.04 | 38.81 | 4.23 |
| Males | 58.33 | 57.69 | 0.64 | |
| Females | 24.37 | 15.75 | 8.62 | |
| | ----- | | | |

TABLE - 5 (Contd.)

| India/State or Union Territory | Persons Males Females | Percentage of total population | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Total | | |
| 4. Daman & Diu | Persons | 37.09 | 31.23 | 5.86 |
| | Males | 50.72 | 49.78 | 0.94 |
| | Females | 23.06 | 12.12 | 10.94 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 41.21 | 32.89 | 8.32 |
| | Males | 52.14 | 51.13 | 1.01 |
| | Females | 29.42 | 13.21 | 16.21 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 32.41 | 29.34 | 3.07 |
| Males | 49.02 | 48.18 | 0.84 | |
| Females | 16.20 | 10.94 | 5.26 | |
| | ----- | | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 5. Delhi | Persons | 31.64 | 31.39 | 0.25 |
| | Males | 51.53 | 51.32 | 0.21 |
| | Females | 7.67 | 7.37 | 0.30 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 29.00 | 28.19 | 0.81 |
| | Males | 47.60 | 47.14 | 0.46 |
| | Females | 6.35 | 5.11 | 1.24 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 31.94 | 31.75 | 0.19 |
| Males | 51.97 | 51.79 | 0.18 | |
| Females | 7.82 | 7.63 | 0.19 | |
| | ----- | | | |

TABLE - 5 (Contd.)

| India/State or Union Territory | Persons Males Females | Percentage of total population | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | Total Workers | Main Workers | Marginal Workers |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Total | | |
| 6. Lakshadweep | Persons | 26.19 | 23.76 | 2.43 |
| | Males | 43.86 | 40.62 | 3.24 |
| | Females | 7.48 | 5.91 | 1.57 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 25.14 | 21.70 | 3.44 |
| | Males | 42.63 | 37.35 | 5.28 |
| | Females | 6.94 | 5.41 | 1.53 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 27.01 | 25.36 | 1.65 |
| Males | 44.79 | 43.10 | 1.69 | |
| Females | 7.91 | 6.31 | 1.60 | |
| | | ----- | | |
| | | Total | | |
| 7. Pondicherry | Persons | 33.16 | 32.35 | 0.81 |
| | Males | 50.47 | 49.88 | 0.59 |
| | Females | 15.48 | 14.44 | 1.04 |
| | | Rural | | |
| | Persons | 38.45 | 37.12 | 1.33 |
| | Males | 53.33 | 52.62 | 0.71 |
| | Females | 23.11 | 21.14 | 1.97 |
| | | Urban | | |
| | Persons | 30.19 | 29.67 | 0.52 |
| Males | 48.86 | 48.34 | 0.52 | |
| Females | 11.23 | 10.71 | 0.52 | |
| | | ----- | | |