

Census of Intant 2001

Series 17: Tripura

FINAL POPULATION TOTALS

(State, District, Development Block and Town)



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Agartala

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Preface

The final population data presented in this publication is based on the processing and tabulation of actual data captured from each and every 202 million household schedules. In the past censuses the final population totals and their basic characteristics at the lowest geographical levels popularly known as the village/town Primary Census Abstract was compiled manually. The generation of Primary Census Abstract for the Census 2001 is a fully computerized exercise starting from the automatic capture of data from the Household Schedule through scanning to the compilation of Primary Census Abstract.

This publication titled "Final Population Totals" is only a prelude to the Primary Census Abstract. The publication, which has only one table, presents data on the total population, the Scheduled Castes population and the Scheduled Tribes population by sex at the state, district, development block and town levels. The village-wise data is being made available in electronic format. It is expected to be a useful ready reference document for data users who are only interested to know the basic population totals.

This publication is brought out by Office of the Registrar General, India (ORGI) centrally. I am happy to acknowledge the dedicated efforts of Mr Krishnadhan Nath, Director of Census Operations, Tripura and his team and my colleagues in the RGI in bringing out this publication. Finally, I would like to acknowledge the active cooperation of the people of Tripura and support of the state government and all its officials, as without their assistance it was not possible to complete the mammoth exercise of Census 2001.

New Delhi December 2003 Jayant Kumar Banthia Registrar General & Census Commissioner of India

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Census of India 2001

Summary: Tripura State

Number of districts	4
Number of development block	38
Number of villages	870
Inhabited	858
Un-inhabited	12
Number of towns	23
Population	
Total Population:	
Persons	3,199,203
Males	1,642,225
Females	1,556,978
Total Scheduled Castes Population:	
Persons	555,724
Males	283,186
Females	272,538
Total Scheduled Tribes Population:	
Persons	993,426
Males	504,320
Females	489,106

Introduction

The first census of the third millennium and twenty first century the Census of India, 2001 was the 14th continuous and uninterrupted Indian census since 1872. Thus, 2001 Census will provide data on population and its characteristics marking transition from one century and millennium to another. This data will form the benchmark for framing of the welfare and development policies for billion plus human resources living in this country.

- 2. The Census Act, 1948, forms the basis for the conduct of population censuses in independent India. The Census of India, 2001 was conducted in two distinct but inter-related phases. The first phase, the Houselisting Operation was conducted between April - September, 2000 in different states and union territories as a prelude to the exercise of undertaking the decennial Population The houselisting exercise provided the basis for uniform and unambiguous frame to undertake the Population Enumeration with the ultimate objective of achieving as full a coverage as is humanly possible without any omission of an area or household. During this Houselisting Operation, data on housing conditions, amenities and assets available to the households were also The second phase of census i.e. Population Enumeration, was undertaken between February, 9-28 2001 (both days inclusive) with a revisional round from 1st to 5th March, 2001. The Census moment was **00.00 hours of 1st** March, 2001, the referral time at which the snapshot of the population of the country was taken. This was a departure from the earlier census tradition, as until the 1991 Census (except 1971), the sunrise of 1st March of the relevant Census year was the census moment. The enumeration of houseless population was carried out on the night of February 28th, 2001.
- 3. In certain inaccessible and snow bound areas of the country, population enumeration was preponed for administrative and technical convenience and carried out non- synchronously. Thus in Jammu & Kashmir and certain snow bound areas of Himachal Pradesh and Uttranchal the Population Enumeration was conducted during 11th to 30th September, 2000 with a revisional round from 1st to 5th October, 2000. In Kinnaur district of Himachal Pradesh, the Population Enumeration had to be deferred due to flash floods in August, 2000 and was conducted from 12th to 31st May, 2001 with reference date as 1st June, 2001. In Jammu and Kashmir, due to certain constraints, the enumeration period was extended from 1st October, 2000 to 15th November, 2000 with a reference date of 16th November, 2000 in the six districts viz., Srinagar, Badgam, Anantnag, Baramulla, Kupwara and Pulwama of Kashmir Valley and four blocks namely, Banihal, Ramso, Marwa and Wardwan of Doda district in Jammu Division. It was further extended in Srinagar town and Pulwama districts until 15th December, 2000 with reference date being 16th December, 2000.
- 4. Further, due to the devastating earthquake in Gujarat on 26th January, 2001 just two weeks prior to the commencement of the nation wide Population

Enumeration, this schedule in the affected areas of Gujarat had to be postponed. These areas included the entire district of Kachchh, Morvi, Maliya-Miana and Wankaner talukas of Rajkot district and Jodiya taluka of Jamnagar district. The Population Enumeration in these areas was undertaken during 9th-28th February, 2002 with 1st March, 2002 as the reference date. Although enumeration in certain areas of the country have been undertaken at different points of time and with different reference dates, no adjustments have been made to the enumerated population so as to bring all of them to the common reference date of 1st March, 2001. This, if at all, will have a very minor, almost negligible bearing on the population totals for the country or state or even the districts in most cases.

- 5. This gigantic operation (considered by many to be the single largest and complex peace time administrative exercise in the world) was made possible due to the door to door universal canvassing of the Household Schedule by about 2 million enumerators and supervisors covering 593 districts, 5,470 sub-districts, 5,161 towns and 638,588 villages. The comprehensive Household Schedule which replaced the individual slip had three parts and two sides A and B. Part I contained the Location Particulars; Part II related to the Individual Particulars and Part III contained questions for Household engaged in Cultivation/Plantation (Annexure-I). The part II of the Household Schedule had 39 columns and 23 questions all of which were universally canvassed and no sampling was resorted to during enumeration. To facilitate quick tabulation for bringing out Provisional Population Totals, provision for page totaling were made in the schedule itself for a few items namely population, males, females, population aged 0-6 years by sex, literates, illiterates and workers and their categories by sex. The Provisional Population Totals were put in the public domain on 26th March, 2001 within three weeks of the completion of the enumeration. Provisional Population Totals, Paper-1 of 2001 and Supplement to Provisional Population Totals of 2001 provided the basic statistics of the population, literates up to district level The Directorates of Census Operations also released classified by sex. provisional data at the district, sub-district and town levels for their respective States/Uts through the publication of Paper 1, 2 and 3 of Provisional Population Subsequently, the distribution of population by rural and urban areas and economic activity characteristics of the population by rural and urban areas at district/sub-district/town level were also released in electronic format at the national level and print form at the state level. All the provisional population also available website released so far are on census http://www.censusindia.net
- 6. In addition to the provisional population totals, the final results of the Houselisting Operations were released in April, 2003 which provided valuable information on the housing stock, amenities and assets available to the household. Houselisting data is available in the hard copy form in 'Tables on Houses, Household Amenities and Assets by India and States'. Similar publications are also available for the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes households separately. This data is also available in hard copy and electronic format for India and all the States/Union territories at district, sub-district and town level. The Houselisting data is immensely useful to the policy makers, planners and administrators to improve the quality of life for countrymen as well

to the corporate sector for formulating marketing strategies in reaching the rural masses.

Data Processing

7. A quantum leap was made in the technology front while processing the Census 2001 data both for Houselisting and Population Enumeration. The Schedules for both the phases were scanned through high speed scanners in fifteen data centres across the country and hand-written data from the schedules were converted into digitized form through Intelligent Character Reading (ICR) software for creation of ASCII records for further processing. The designing and formatting of the Household Schedule had to be done very carefully using specialized software so as to ensure uniformity, which was an essential prerequisite for scanning. The selection of appropriate state-of-art technology in data processing has made it possible to produce all the Houselisting as well as Population Enumeration tables on full count basis for the first time in the history of Census. For Census 2001, about 202 million schedules consisting of about 1028 million records were scanned and processed within a span of only 10 months starting October, 2002.

Task Force on Quality Assurance

- 8. After the data is processed, it is expedient on the part of the data producing agency to satisfy itself about its quality before putting the same in This has to be done mainly through the process of internal consistency, comparison with similar data in the past and also through validation with likewise data if available, from external sources. Quite often the local knowledge and perception has to be brought into play to understand both the existing and the new emerging trends of population distribution and characteristics. The other very important aspect of the data quality is to ensure complete coverage of all geographical areas specially for the population enumeration phase where the data is disseminated right up to the village level in the rural areas and the ward level in the urban areas. Thus ensuring the complete coverage and correct geographical linkage of each enumeration block was one of the major planks of the quality control, specially for small area population statistics.
- 9. A very comprehensive check and edit mechanism was put in place to objectively examine the preliminary Census 2001 Population Enumeration results and finally clear them for use. The responsibility of the final clearance of data was with the Task Force on Quality Assurance (TFQA), headed by the Registrar General and Census Commissioner, India. The other members of the TFQA were the Heads and senior officers of the Census Division, Data Processing Division, Map Division, Demography Division and Social Studies Division. The Directors of Census Operations were co-opted as members whenever the TFQA discussed the data for their States/Union territories. The Directors and their senior officers were required to make detailed presentations of data for their own state both in respect to the quality and the coverage and only after the full possible satisfaction of the TFQA, the population data was cleared.

- 10. There has been a major departure in Census 2001 from the past in respect of the procedure followed for finalization of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes population. In the earlier censuses, the total Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes populations were finalized at the time of the manual compilation of the Primary Census Abstracts (PCA) at the Regional Tabulation Offices which were specially set up for this purpose. The individual Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes population for each state was finalized much later based on manual coding done by the coders. In 2001 Census, each individual Scheduled Caste and the Scheduled Tribe have been coded directly on the computers by the Data Entry Operators through a process known as Computer Assisted Coding (CAC) and taken up along with the processing of PCA data. The CAC process involves pulling down, from the relevant dictionary of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes, on the computer screen and coding from the dictionary by referring to the image of the specific individual entry in the Household Schedule appearing on the screen. The CAC of the response on Religion wherever required, was also undertaken along with the processing of This is because the Scheduled Castes status had to be determined in relation to the religion of an individual. Two Special Task Forces, one on Religion and the other on Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes were constituted for scrutiny and appropriate classification of these responses.
- 11. The main task of the Special Task Force on Religion was to appropriately merge or group the new responses encountered and code it into the appropriate religious community based on available literature and local knowledge. The Special Task Force on Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes examined the different Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes entries encountered and classified these into appropriate category of the Scheduled Castes or the Scheduled Tribes principally based on the Presidential Notification and the available literature. Thus a very systematic and scientific mechanism was operationalised to firm up the individual religion and the individual Scheduled Castes/Tribes returns. The Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes population in 2001 Census, is thus being finalized by aggregating the population data for individual Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes at appropriate geographical levels.
- 12. The entire work relating to the data validation and scrutiny was completed by all the States/Union territories under the overall supervision and monitoring of the Census Division of the Office of the Registrar General, India with active cooperation and support of the Social Studies Division, Data Processing Division, Data Dissemination Division and Map Division. In this volume the final population figures are being released as a precursor to the Primary Census Abstract which will be released subsequently. These final figures relating to the total population including the houseless and institutional population, the Scheduled Caste population and the Scheduled Tribe population for the Country/State/Union territory/District/Tahsil/Town by sex and residence will be of immense use to the data users. The data will be presented in the Table titled: Final Population Totals-1 (FPT-1) Total Population, Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe Population by sex and place of residence State/Union territory/District/Tahsil/Town: 2001. It may be noted that the total population includes the population of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes.

Basic Census Concepts and Definitions

It is important for the data users to familiarize themselves with the concepts and the definitions of the terms used for proper evaluation of the data contained in this publication. At the same time, it is all the more important to understand the implications of the terms used at the Census of India 2001, for making meaningful comparisons of the similar data generated by various other agencies within the country and with the data produced by other countries in the world. The concepts and definitions adopted at the Census of India, 2001 are as given below:

Rural-Urban Areas

- 2. The final population data are presented separately for rural and urban areas. The unit of classification in this regard is 'town' for urban areas and 'village' for rural areas. In the Census of India 2001, the definition of urban area adopted is as follows:
 - a) All places with a municipality, corporation, cantonment board or notified town area committee, etc.
 - b) A place satisfying the following three criteria simultaneously:
 - i) a minimum population of 5,000;
 - ii) at least 75 per cent of male working population engaged in nonagricultural pursuits; and
 - iii) a density of population of at least 400 per sq. km. (1,000 per sq. mile).
- 3. For identification of places which would qualify to be classified as 'urban' all villages, which, as per the 1991 Census had a population of 4,000 and above, a population density of 400 persons per sq. km. and having at least 75 per cent of male working population engaged in non-agricultural activity were considered. To work out the proportion of male working population referred to above against b)(ii), the data relating to main workers were taken into account.
- 4. Apart from these, the outgrowths (OGs) of cities and towns have also been treated as urban under 'Urban Agglomerations': Examples of out-growths are railway colonies, university campuses, port areas, military camps, etc. that may have come up near a statutory town or city but within the revenue limits of a village or villages contiguous to the town or city. Each such individual area by itself may not satisfy the demographic criteria laid down at (b) above to qualify it to be treated as an independent urban unit but may deserve to be clubbed with the towns as a continuous urban spread. Thus, the town level data, wherever presented, includes the data for outgrowths separately of such towns and also town plus outgrowth(s) population.

City

5. Towns with population of 1,00,000 and above are called cities

Household

6. A 'household' is usually a group of persons who normally live together and take their meals from a common kitchen unless the exigencies of work prevent any of them from doing so. Persons in a household may be related or unrelated or a mix of both. However, if a group of unrelated persons live in a census house but do not take their meals from the common kitchen, then they are not constituent of a common household. Each such person was to be treated as a separate household. The important link in finding out whether it was a household or not was a common kitchen. There may be one member households, two member households or multi-member households.

Institutional Household

7. A group of unrelated persons who live in an institution and take their meals from a common kitchen is called an Institutional Household. Examples of Institutional Households are boarding houses, messes, hostels, hotels, rescue homes, jails, ashrams, orphanages, etc. To make the definition more clearly perceptible to the enumerators at the Census 2001, it was specifically mentioned that this category of households would cover only those households where a group of unrelated persons live in an institution and share a common kitchen.

Houseless Households

8. Households who do not live in buildings or census houses but live in the open on roadside, pavements, in hume pipes, under fly-overs and staircases, or in the open in places of worship, mandaps, railway platforms, etc. were treated as Houseless households.

Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes

- 9. Article 341 of the Constitution provides that the President may, with respect to any State or Union territory, specify the castes, races or tribes or parts of or groups within castes, races or tribes which shall for the purposes of the Constitution be deemed to be Scheduled Castes in relation to that State or Union territory. Similarly, Article 342 provides for specification of tribes or tribal communities or parts of or groups within tribes or tribal communities which are deemed to be for the purposes of the Constitution the Scheduled Tribes in relation to that State or Union territory. In pursuance of these provisions, the list of Scheduled Castes and / or Scheduled Tribes are notified for each State and Union territory and are valid only within the jurisdiction of that State or Union territory and not outside.
- 10. It is important to mention here that under the Constitution (Scheduled Castes) Order, 1950, no person who professed a religion different from Hinduism was deemed to be a member of a Scheduled Caste in addition to every member of the Ramdasi, Kabirpanthi, Majhabi or Sikligar caste resident in Punjab or Patiala and East Punjab States Union were in relation to that State whether they

professed the Hindu or the Sikh religion. Subsequently, in September, 1956, by an amendment, the Presidential Order of 1950 and in all subsequent Presidential Orders relating to Scheduled Castes, the population professing the Hindu and the Sikh religions were placed on the same footing with regard to their inclusion as Scheduled Castes. Later on, as per the amendment made in the Constitution (Scheduled Castes) Order 1990, the Hindu, the Sikh and the Buddhist professing population were placed on the same footing with regard to the recognition of the Scheduled Castes.

- 11. For finalizing the list of Schedule Castes/Scheduled Tribes notified in each state/union territory, all the constitutional amendments that have taken place prior to the conduct of 2001 census were taken into account. Since there is no Scheduled Castes list for the state of Nagaland and the union territories of Andaman & Nicobar Islands and Lakshadweep; and no Scheduled Tribes list for the states of Delhi, Haryana and Punjab and the union territories of Chandigarh and Pondicherry, the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes population figures are furnished for only the relevant category in respect of these states and union territories.
- 12. The instructions to the enumerators for recording the individual responses on religion and the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled tribes were more or less the same as in the past censuses. Each enumerator was provided with a notified list of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in respect of his/her state/union territory. The religion for each individual was first of all determined. Then it was ascertained from the respondent for each individual whether she or he belonged to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe through Question No.8 and 9 of the Household Schedule. If in reply to either of this question, the answer was in the affirmative, the name of caste / tribe to which the individual belonged was ascertained. If the name of caste / tribe returned by the respondent appeared in the approved list for the state the enumerator was expected to treat the individual, as belonging to Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe and record the appropriate entry.

Location Code structure adopted in Census 2001

13. In the Census 2001, the following location code structure has been adopted:

Area	Number of digits
State/ Union territory	Two digits (within the country)
District	Two digits (within the state/ut)
Sub-district	Four digits (within the district)
Village	Eight digits (within the state/ut)
Town	Eight digits (within the district)
Ward	Four digits (within the town)

- 14. The general pattern followed in coding of any geographical unit was a serpentine one, beginning from the North-west corner and completing at the farthest South-east corner within the defined higher level of the geographical hierarchy. In so far as the state/union territory is concerned Jammu & Kashmir has code number 01 and code number 35 has been allotted to the union territory of Andaman & Nicobar Islands. Generally, the administrative jurisdiction below a district is a sub-district, for example Tahsil or Taluk. However, in certain states and union territories exceptions had to be made since the nomenclature for sub-districts is not uniform throughout the country. For example, in Orissa Police station is the sub-district, in West Bengal it is the Community Development Block and so on. The geographical units adopted as sub-districts in various states and union territories are listed in Annexure-II.
- 15. After the completion of house listing operation, three new states namely Uttaranchal, Chhattisgarh and Jharkhand were created in November 2000 barely three months before the commencement of Population Enumeration. These States were carved out of Uttar Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh and Bihar respectively. This resulted in redoing of the coding exercise in all the jurisdictional units of these six affected states
- 16. In Assam, Mizoram and Orissa there are a few sub-districts which cut across the district jurisdictions. In such situations the sub-districts have been provided a separate series of code numbers viz. 9000, 9001 etc.
- 17. One of the major initiatives taken in the Census 2001 was the allotment of Permanent Location Code Number (PLCN) to each and every village within the State and not within a tahsil as in the earlier censuses. PLCN was thus assigned as one continuous number from the first village in the first district to the last village in the last district. PLCN is an eight digit unique location code number with the first six digits representing the code number of the village and the last two digits depicting two zeros '00'. These zeros are reserved as buffer to be used for coding any new village(s) that may come up between two villages in future. For example, if a new village comes up between two villages with PLCNs 01254600 and 01254700, the new village will be allotted PLCN 01254601 and so on.
- 18. The location code number for a town is also an eight digit number starting with the digit 4 situated at the extreme left acting as the unique identifier. The next two digits depict the code number of the district in which the town falls followed by two digits representing the town serial number in the district. There are three zeros at the end as buffer, mainly to meet the requirement for bringing the number of digits to eight to match the number of digits in the PLCN for the villages. Thus a town location code number 40305000 represents the town serial number 5 of the district number 03 in a State.
- 19. The Out-Growths of towns have not been given any independent location code numbers. These have been given notional ward codes after the last ward code of the respective towns to which these OGs relate to.

Presentation of data

20. In this special publication the presentation has been made in the following format:

State	Total Rural Urban
District 1	Total Rural Urban
Sub-district 1	Total Rural Urban
Sub-district 2	Total Rural Urban
•	
Sub-district n	Total Rural Urban
Town 1	Urban
Town 2	Urban
Town 3	Urban
•	
•	
Town m	Urban

21. In case of towns having Out-Growth(s) the presentation style is as follows:

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Town (M+OG) (Here M is the abbreviation for Municipality)

Town (M)

OG 1

OG 2

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OG p
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22. There are ten cities /towns in India whose jurisdictions cut across district boundaries, for example, Delhi M.Corp (in Delhi), Dev Prayag NP (in Uttaranchal), Siliguri M. Corp (in West Bengal), Imphal, M.Cl (in Manipur), Hyderabad M.Corp (in Andhra Pradesh), Greater Mumbai M.Corp (in Maharashtra). In such cases the populations of parts of such towns have been included in the urban populations of the concerned districts.

Abbreviations of civic status of cities/towns

C.B.	-	Cantonment Board/Cantonment
C.M.C.	~	City Municipal Council
E.O	~	Estate Office
G.P.	~	Gram Panchayat
I.N.A.	-	Industrial Notified Area
I.T.S.	-	Industrial Township
М	~	Municipality
M.B.	~	Municipal Board
M.C.	~	Municipal Committee
M.CI.	-	Municipal Council
M.Corp.	-	Municipal Corporation/Corporation
N.A.	~	Notified Area
N.A.C.	-	Notified Area Committee/Notified Area Council
N.P.	-	Nagar Panchayat
N.T.	-	Notified Town
N.T.A.	-	Notified Town Area
S.T.C.	-	Small Town Committee
T.C.	-	Town Committee/Town Area Committee
T.M.C.	-	Town Municipal Council
T.P.	-	Town Panchayat
T.S.	-	Township
C.T.	-	Census Town
O.G.	-	Outgrowth

TABLE Total Population, Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe Population by Sex and Place of Residence

(State, District, Development Block and Town)

Location code number	State/District/Development	Place o	SAY	Total Population	Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes
1	2	3	4	5	6 .	7
16	TRIPURA	Total	Persons Males Females	3,199,203 1,642,225 1,556,978	555,724 283,186 272,538	993,426 504,320 489,106
		Rural	Persons Males Females	2,653,453 1,363,638 1,289,815	455,623 232,667 222,956	967,997 491,080 476,917
		Urban	Persons Males Females	545,750 278,587 267,163	100,101 50,519 49,582	25,429 13,240 12,189
01	WEST TRIPURA	Total	Persons Males Females	1,532,982 785,579 747,403	295,698 150,232 145,466	387,081 196,094 190,987
		Rural	Persons Males Females	1,122,915 577,1 8 2 545,733	218,433 111,368 107,065	367,167 186,117 181,050
		Urban	Persons Males Females	410,067 208,397 201,670	77,265 38,864 38,401	19,914 9,977 9,937
0001	Mohanpur	Total	Persons Maies Females	201,613 105,207 96,406	54,510 27,832 26,678	26,697 13,743 12,954
		Rural	Persons Males Females	158,974 82,408 76,566	44,855 22,864 21,991	26,186 13,472 12,714
		Urban	Persons Males Females	42,639 22,799 19,840	9,655 4,968 4,687	511 271 240
0002	Hezamara	Total	Persons Males Females	32,896 16,625 16,271	191 107 84	31,483 15,821 15,662
		Rural	Persons Males Females	32,896 16,625 16,271	191 107 84	31,483 15,821 15,662

Location code number	State/District/Development	Place o	Sav	Total Population	Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0002	Hezamara	Urban	Persons	0	0	0
****	· iozamara	0.54.	Males	Ö	Ŏ	ŏ
	•		Females	ŏ	ő	Õ
			1 emales	•		V
0003	Padmabil	Total	Persons	27,417	139	25,990
			Males	13,864	62	13,133
			Females	13,553	77	12,857
		Rural	Persons	27,417	139	25,990
			Males	13,864	62	13,133
			Females	13,553	77	12,857
			7 01114100	70,000	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	12,001
		Urban	Persons	0	0	0
			Males	. 0	0	0
			Females	0	0	0
0004	Khowai	Total	Persons	62,144	12,722	10,610
	1311471441		Males	31,746	6,318	5,402
			Females	30,398	6,404	5,208
		Rural	Persons	62,144	12,722	10,610
		rigidi	Males	31,746	6,318	5,402
			Females	30,398	6,404	5,208
		Urban	Doroone	0	^	0
		Ulbali	Persons Males	0	0	0
				0	0	0
			Females	0	0	U
0005	Tulashikhar	Total	Persons	45,039	3,328	36,038
			Males	22,831	1,697	18,107
			Females	22,208	1,631	17,931
		Rural	Persons	45,039	3,328	36,038
		· idiai	Males	22,831	1,697	18,107
			Females	22,208	1,631	17,931
			1 emaies	22,200	1,001	17,551
		Urban	Persons	0	0	0
			Males	0	0	0
			Females	0	0	0
0006	Kalyanpur	Total	Persons	42,972	12,353	13,102
	de an	'	Males	21,795	6,257	6,529
	,		Females	21,177	6,096	6,573
			. 51114100	-1,100	0,000	3,573

Location code number	State/District/Development Block/Town	Place of residence	NAY.	Total Population	Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0006	Kalyanpur	Rural	Persons Males Females	42,972 21,795 21,177	12,353 6,257 6,096	13,102 6,529 6,573
·		Urban	Persons Males Females	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
0007	Teliamura	Total	Persons Males Females	78,736 40,863 37,873	19,991 10,281 9,710	35,143 17,677 17,466
		Rural	Persons Males Females	78,736 40,863 37,873	19,991 10,281 9,710	35,143 17,677 17,466
		Urban	Persons Males Females	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
0008	Mandai	Total	Persons Males Females	43,876 22,233 21,643	1,104 541 563	36,134 18,178 17,956
		Rural	Persons Males Females	43,876 22,233 21,643	1,104 541 563	36,134 18,178 17,956
		Urban	Persons Males Females	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
0009	Jirania	Total	Persons Males Females	128,196 66,634 61,562	23,443 12,099 11,344	43,397 22,360 21,037
		Rural	Persons Males Females	128,196 66,634 61,562	23,443 12,099 11,344	43,397 22,360 21,037
		Urban	Persons Males Females	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0

Location code number	State/District/Development Block/Town	Place of residence	Sex	Total Population	Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0010	Dukli	Total	Persons Males	205,257 104,809	61,459 30,856	7,499 3,955
			Females	100,448	30,603	3,544
		Rural	Persons	95,857	28,420	6,031
			Males	49,205	14,274	3,184
			Females	46,652	14,146	2,847
		Urban	Persons	109,400	33,039	1,468
			Males	55,604	16,582	771
		Females	53,796	16,457	697	
0011	Jampuijala	Total	Persons	43,969	326	40,377
		•	Males	22,518	168	20,513
			Females	21,451	158	19,864
		Rural	Persons	43,969	326	40,377
			Males	22,518	168	20,513
			Females	21,451	158	19,864
		Urban	Persons	0	0	0
			Males	0	0	0
			Females	0	0	0
0012	Bishalgarh	Total	Persons	166,069	27,366	38,294
			Males	85,722	14,126	19,366
			Females	80,347	13,240	18,928
		Rural	Persons	156,410	25,332	37,696
			Males	80,331	13,061	19,039
			Females	76,079	12,271	18,657
		Urban	Persons	9,659	2,034	598
		•	Males	5,391	1,065	327
			Females	4,268	969	271
0013	Boxanagar	Total	Persons	44,064	9,823	3,019
			Males	22,760	5,027	1,531
			Females	21,304	4,796	1,488
		Rural	Persons	44,064	9,823	3,019
			Males	22,760	5,027	1,531
			Females	21,304	4,796	1,488

Location code number	State/District/Development Block/Town	Place of residence	Sex	Total Population	Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0013	Boxanagar	Urban	Persons Males Females	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
0014	Melaghar	Total	Persons Males Females	108,018 55,444 52,574	32,216 16,428 15,788	14,297 7,262 7,035
		Rural	Persons Males Females	108,018 55,444 52,574	32,216 16,428 15,788	14,297 7,262 7,035
	·	Urban	Persons Males Females	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
0015	Kathalia	Total	Persons Males Females	54,347 27,925 26,422	4,190 2,184 2,006	7,664 3,909 3,755
			Persons Males Females	54,347 27,925 26,422	4,190 2,184 2,006	7,664 3,909 3,755
	•		Persons Males Females	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
40101000	Khowai NP		Persons Males Females	17,689 8,969 8,720	1,743 856 887	1,443 743 700
40102000	Teliamura NP		Persons Males Females	19,605 10,008 9,597	4,808 2,453 2,355	118 59 59
40103000	Narsingarh CT		Persons Males Females	6,820 3,758 3,062	2,130 1,125 1,005	117 68 49
40104000	Gandhigram CT		Persons Males Females	10,669 5,665 5,004	2,789 1,426 1,363	93 41 52

TABLE FPT-1: TOTAL POPULATION: SCHEDULED CASTE AND SCHEDULED TRIBE
POPULATION BY SEX AND PLACE OF RESIDENCE - STATE/DISTRICT/DEVELOPMENT BLOCK/TOWN: 2001

Location code number	State/District/Development Block/Town	Place of residence	Sex	Total Population	Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes
1	2	3	4	⁻ 5	6	-7
40105000	Kunjaban(part) CT	Urban	Persons Males	7,343 4,314	2,166 1,111	236 125
			Females	3,029	1,055	111
40106000	Indranagar(part) CT	Urban	Persons	17,807	2,570	65
			Males Females	9,062 8,745	1,306 1,264	37 28
40107000	Agartala MCI	Urban	Persons	189,998	22,185	15,616
			Males Females	94,742 95,256	10,965 11, 2 20	7,686 7,930
40108000	Jogendranagar CT	Urban	Persons	34,850	10,800	57
			Males Females	17,743 17,107	5,416 5,3 8 4	30 27
40109000	Pratapgarh CT	Urban	Persons	26,837	8,240	275
			Males Females	13,642 13,195	4,112 4,128	138 137
40110000	Badharghat CT	Urban	Persons	47,713	13,999	1,136
•	-		Males Females	24,219 23,494	7,054 6,945	603 533
40111000	Ranirbazar NP	Urban	Persons	11,003	1,966	6
			Males Females	5,65 8 5,345	1,029 937	1 5
40112000	Gakulnagar CT	Urban	Persons	9,659	2,034	598
			Males Females	5,391 4,268	1,065 969	327 271
40113000	Sonamura NP	Urban	Persons	10,074	1,835	154
			Males Females	5,226 4,848	946 889	119 35
02	SOUTH TRIPURA		Persons	767,440	127,307	289,519
- -	oo marking one		Males Females	394,605 372,835	65,243 62,064	146,051 143,468
						4
			Persons Males	713,293 366,333	116,870 59,877	287,815 144,940
		I	Females	346,960	56,993	142,875

Location code number	State/District/Development Block/Town	Place of residence	Sex	Total Population	Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		l lab a a	Darsons	54,147	10,437°	1,704
02	SOUTH TRIPURA	Urban	Persons	28,272	5,366	1,111
V.			Males		5,071	593
			Females	25,875	5,071	593
0001	Killa	Total	Persons	31,065	53	30,372
000.	Tilla		Males	15,589	48	15,102
			Females	15,476	5	15,270
	,	Rural	Persons	31,065	53	30,372
1		riulai	Maies	15,589	48	15,102
			Females	15,476	5	15,270
			Females	13,470	3	10,270
		Urban	Persons	0	0	0
		•	Males	0	0	0
	•		Females	0	0	0
0002	Amenin	Total	Persons	81,698	11,312	56,179
0002	Amarpur	TOTAL	Males	41,822	5,864	28,183
			Females	39,876	5,448	27,996
		D	D	91 600	44 240	₹56,179
	*	Rural	Persons	81,698	11,312	
	•		Males	41,822	5,864	28,183
			Females	39,876	5,448	27,996
		Urban	Persons	0	0	0
			Males	0	0	0
			Females	0	0	0
0002	A fatach and	Total	Persons	124,529	27,170	21,404
0003	Matarbari	Total	Males	64,522	13,920	10,753
			Females	60,007	13,250	10,651
		D(0	5 104 E00	07 170	21 404
		Rural	Persons	124,529	27,170	21,404
			Males	64,522	13,920	10,753
			Females	60,007	13,250	10,651
		Urban	Persons	0	0	0
			Males	0	0	0
			Females	0	0	0
0004	Kakraban	Total	Persons	66,045	19,756	10,474
0004	Naniauan	, , , ,	Males	33,621	10,005	5,146
			Females	32,424	9,751	5,328
				,	-,	

Location code number	State/District/Development Block/Town	Place of residence	SAY	Total Population	Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0004	Kakraban	Rural	Persons Males Females	66,045 33,621 32,424	19,756 10,005 9,751	10,474 5,146 5,328
,		Urban	Persons Males Females	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
0005	Rajnagar	Total	Persons Males Females	83,198 42,900 40,298	18,684 9,610 9,074	14,362 7,214 7,148
		Rural	Persons Males Females	83,198 42,900 40,298	18,684 9,610 9,074	14,362 7,214 7,148
		Urban	Persons Males Females	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
0006	Hrishyamukh	Total	Persons Males Females	48,214 24,907 23,307	6,180 3,149 3,031	10,982 5,582 5,400
		Rural	Persons Males Females	48,214 24,907 23,307	6,180 3,149 3,031	10,982 5,582 5,400
		Urban	Persons Males Females	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
0007	Bagafa	Total	Persons Males Females	121,451 62,335 59,116	14,971 7,658 7,313	52,254 26,370 25,884
		Rural	Persons Males Females	121,451 62,335 59,116	14,971 7,658 7,313	52,254 26,370 25,884
		Urban	Persons Males Females	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0

Location code number	State/District/Development Block/Town	Place of residence	Sex	Total Population	Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8000	Karbuk	Total	Persons Males Females	39,643 20,322 19,321	2,427 1,275 1,152	32,583 16,513 16,070
		Rural	Persons Males Females	39,643 20,322 19,321	2,427 1,275 1,152	32,583 16,513 16,070
			Persons Males Females	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
0009	Rupaichhari		Persons Males Females	39,346 20,257 19,089	1,438 753 685	32,343 16,399 15,944
			Persons Males Females	39,346 20,257 19,089	1,438 753 685	32,343 16,399 15,944
			Persons Males Females	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
0010	Satchand		Persons Males Females	78,104 40,058 38,046	14,879 7,595 7,284	26,862 13,678 13,184
			Persons Males Females	78,104 40,058 38,046	14,879 7,595 7,284	26,862 13,678 13,184
			Persons Males Females	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
40201000	Udaipur NP		Persons Males Females	21,758 11,266 10,492	4,078 2,033 2,045	528 385 143
40202000	Amarpur NP		Persons Males Females	10,861 5,828 5,033	2,866 1,503 1,363	503 315 188

TABLE FPT-1: TOTAL POPULATION, SCHEDULED CASTE AND SCHEDULED TRIBE
POPULATION BY SEX AND PLACE OF RESIDENCE - STATE/DISTRICT/DEVELOPMENT BLOCK/TOWN: 2001

Location code	State/District/Development Block/Town	Place of residence	Sex	Total Population	Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes
number 1	2	3	4	5	6	7
40203000		Urban	Persons	15,760	.2,406	202
			Males Females	8,176 7,584	1,285 1,121	132 70
40204000	Sabroom NP	Urban	Persons Males	5,768 3,002	1,087 545	471 279
			Females	2,766	542	192
03	DHALAI	Total	Persons Males	307,868 159,095	49,817 25,457	166,326 85,099
			Females	148,773	24,360	81,227
		Rural	Persons Males	289,001 149,128	46,379 23,702	164,170 83,899
			Females	139,873	22,677	80,271
		Urban	Persons	18,867	3,438	2,156
			Males Females	9,967 8,900	1,755 1,683	1,200 956
0001	Salema		Persons	109,324	33,911	29,122
			Males Females	55,712 53,612	17,261 16,650	14,718 14,404
			Persons	109,324	33,911	29,122
			Males Females	55,712 53,612	17,261 16,650	14,718 14,404
			Persons	0	0	0
			Males Females	0 0	. 0	0
0002	Manu		Persons	65,861	5,907	44,063
			Males Females	34,268 31,593	3,007 2,900	22,579 21,484
	•		Persons	65,861	5,907	44,063
			Males Females	34,268 31,593	3,007 2,900	22,579 21,484
			Persons	0	0	0
			Males Females	0	0	0 .

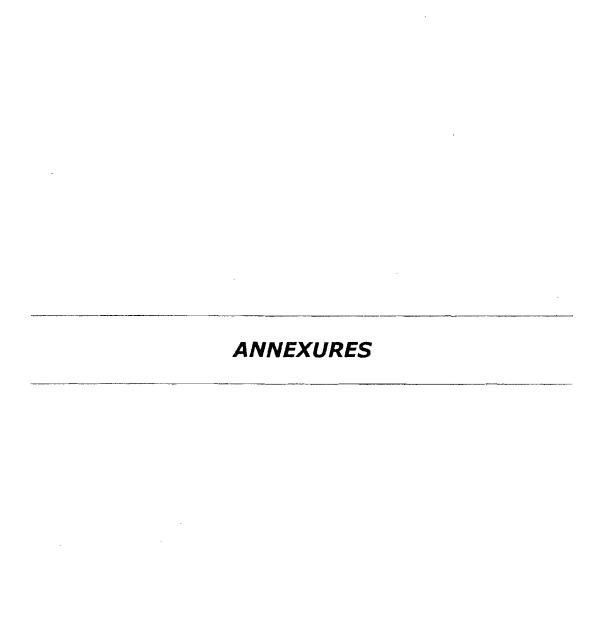
TABLE FPT-1: TOTAL POPULATION, SCHEDULED CASTE AND SCHEDULED TRIBE POPULATION BY SEX AND PLACE OF RESIDENCE - STATE/DISTRICT/DEVELOPMENT BLOCK/TOWN: 2001

Location code number	State/District/Development Block/Town	Place of residence	Sex	Total Population	Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0003	Ambassa	Total	Persons Males Females	57,321 29,742 27,579	5,058 2,603 2,455	33,383 17,040 16,343
·		Rural	Persons Males Females	43,597 22,482 21,115	2,273 1,191 1,082	31,656 16,135 15,521
		Urban	Persons Males Females	13,724 7,260 6,464	2,785 1,412 1,373	1,727 905 822
0004	Chhamanu	Total	Persons Males Females	28,097 14,767 13,330	154 98 56	26,078 13,390 12,688
		Rural	Persons Males Females	28,097 14,767 13,330	154 98 56	26,078 13,390 12,688
			Persons Males Females	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
0005	Dumburnagar		Persons Males Females	42,122 21,899 20,223	4,134 2,145 1,989	33,251 17,077 16,174
			Persons Males Females	42,122 21,899 20,223	4,134 2,145 1,989	33,251 17,077 16,174
			Persons Males Females	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
40301000	Kamalpur NP		Persons Males Females	5,143 2,707 2,436	653 343 310	429 295 134
40302000	Kanchanpur CT	ı	Persons Males Females	7,679 4,018 3,661	1,233 643 590	965 508 457

Location code number	State/District/Development Block/Town	Place of residence	Sex	Total Population	Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
40303000	Ambassa CT	Urban	Persons Males Females	6,045 3,242 2,803	1,552 769 783	762 397 365
04	NORTH TRIPURA	Total	Persons Males Females	590,913 302,946 287,967	82,902 42,254 40,648	150,500 77,076 73,424
		Rural	Persons Males Females	528,244 270,995 257,249	73,941 37,720 36,221	148,845 76,124 72,721
			Persons Males Females	62,669 31,951 30,718	8,961 4,534 4,427	1,655 952 703
0001	Gournagar		Persons Males Females	92,426 47,088 45,338	12,832 6,499 6,333	13,433 6,863 6,570
			Persons Males Females	92,426 47,088 45,338	12,832 6,499 6,333	13,433 6,863 6,570
			Persons Males Females	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
0002	Kadamtala		Persons Males Females	105,282 53,280 52,002	17,853 9,115 8,738	2,622 1,366 1,256
	·		Persons Males Females	105,282 53,280 52,002	17,853 9,115 8,738	2,622 1,366 1,256
			Persons Males Females	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
0003	Panisagar	!	Persons Males Females	97,927 50,939 46,988	16,220 8,303 7,917	7,686 3,935 3,751

Location code number	State/District/Development Block/Town	Place of residence	Sex	Total Population	Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes
1		3	4	5	6	7
0003	Panisagar	Rural	Persons Males	97,927 50,939	16,220 8,303	7,686 3,9 3 5
			Females	46,988	7,917	3,751
		Urban	Persons	0	0	0
			Males	0	0	0
			Females	0	0	0
0004	Damchhara	Total	Persons	20,854	279	17,522
			Males	10,735	147	8,934
		Females	10,119	132	8,588	
	Rural	Persons	20,854	279	17,522	
		Males	10,735	147	8,934	
		Females	10,119	132	8,588	
		Urban	Persons	0	0	0
			Males	0	0	0
			Females	0	0	0
0005	Pencharthal	Total	Persons	32,208	1,798	17,624
			Males	16,598	903	9,118
			Females	15,610	895	8,506
		Rural	Persons	32,208	1,798	17,624
			Males	16,598	903	9,118
	,		Females	15,610	895	8,506
		Urban	Persons	0	0	0
			Males	0	0	0
			Females	0	0	0
0006	Kumarghat	Total	Persons	75,256	18,122	14,911
			Males	38,484	9,228	7,539
			Females	36,772	8,894	7,372
		Rural	Persons	75,256	18,122	14,911
			Males	38,484	9,228	7,539
			Females	36,772	8,894	7,372
		Urban	Persons	0	0	0
			Males Females	0	0	0

Location code number	State/District/Development Block/Town	Place of residence	Sex	Total Population	Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0007	Dasda	Total	Persons	94,661	6,820	65,640
0007	Dasua	iotai	Males	48,878	3,508	33,574
			Females	45,783	3,312	32,066
		Rural	Persons	94,661	6,820	65,640
			Males	48,878	3,508	33,574
			Females	45,783	3,312	32,066
	Urban	Persons	0	0	0	
			Males	0	0	0
			Females	0	0	0
8000	Jampuii hills	Total	Persons	9,630	17	9,407
	•	•	Males	4,993	17	4,795
	,		Females	4,637	0	4,612
		Rural	Persons	9,630	17	9,407
			Males	4, 99 3	17	4,795
			Females	4,6 37	0	4,612
	••	Urban	Persons	0	0	0
	3		Males	0	0	0
			Females	0	0	0
40401000	Dharmanagar NP		Persons	30,790	2,185	232
	-		Males	15,563	1,135	127
	%		Females	15,227	1,050	105
40402000	Kailasahar NP		Persons	20,286	3,994	845
			Males	10,320	1,983	5 06
			Females	9,966	2,011	339
40403000	Kumarghat NP		Persons	11,593	2,782	578
			Males	6,068	1,416	319
		*	Females	5,525	1,366	259





Annexure I

Q 15 ff the person is mentally disabled gr. e appropriate Code number from the hist below Code numbers for Q.15 Type of household:

(give appropriate Code manher)
Normal-1/Intilutional 2/feagehes-3 la Seeing la Speech la Heacing Comfidential above filled In Movement...... ٥ 11.yhest educational fer el for depleme or degrees widers also restly ž Z Z O 12 Literaty visits 1 Hillerate 2 Literates (Total of 1s) & ITER-4 | Illiterates (Total of 2's) & ITER-6 tenter upto two languages in order of praffavings i Q. 11 Other languages known Serial number of household to be copied from column to of the Abridged Houselitt = Q to Mother tongue CENSUS OF INDIA 2001: HOUSEHOLD SCHEDULE Il Schoduled Tithe,
wite name of the Scheduled wite name of the Scheduled wite name of the Scheduled wite name of the Scheduled
Caste from the ties supplied. Tribe from the ties supplied GENERAL AND SOCIO-CULTURAL CHARACTERISTICS (Scheduled Tribes can be from any religion) 9 Dated signature or thumb impression of the Respondent Dated signature of the Enumerator Dated signature of the Supervitor Code No. ... Code No. Name of the Respondent For following religions also | Keheduled Corner can be give Code number in box only among findess. Sikks: Hindu Relationship to head Cade numbers for Q. 5 (Harital status) Never manied..... Religion

| Invite name of the religion
| Invite name of the religion
| Invite name of the religions
| Invite name of the religions Widowed..... Currently married..... 2 For other religions, write name of the religion in [uit] but do not give any Code number Enumeration Block Number History Name of Town/Village. Divorced or Separated..... Name of District... Meles Males (0-4) For Herm-3, refer to lumn 4 refer to lumn 4 refer to lumn 4 refer to lumn 4 refer to lumn 5 for an and 7 sensites Frenches Frenches (0-4) follows 10 refer to lumn 5 for the lumn 5 for the refer to lumn 5 for the refer to lumn 5 Age at startings (in comparied words), if Code T or T or H in columns Notes for striking Page Testis:

1. Count by Ambres of persons from solumn 2 and give total in the box provided for linen-1.

2. Salter Pract Touts for terms 2 to 12 to respect of males and females and sensite appearably below ...

Questions 3, 9, 15, 16, and 11(1). Q 4 Age Isst burhday lin completed vears) Code Na. Code No Code No.[C stansart 11 noi. E.D. Total of Pa Total of 2's . frecord the relationship in fully Q. 2 Relationship to head Name of Tahsiv Tahus, P.S./ Dev. Block Creek Mandal etc. Part II - Individual perticulars Q / Name of the person Number and or Name of Ward., ITEM-\$ ____ TOTAL INSTITUTE

CENSUS OF INDIA 2001; HOUSEHOLD SCHEDULE

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Confidential when filled

(S)vog everently FERTILITY PARTICULARY For ever married women naly (Currently Married, it Widowed, Divarced or JE LATE St. un påre 111 - For Household angaged in cultivalbus/plantation : Schedule number veus carbifich to take (i) £ £ § (2)% shedon; selos heacare 26 describes transfamb care 2000 to 100 miles and 200 miles publish to expense confidence 1 (iii) Tenur status of Isrd under cultivation(plantation. Owaed-1/ Resteb-2/ Owaed and Resteb-3 (i) Total not area of land under cultivation/plantation 41st the person came to this village, lown from elecuture ? 17 No., put dash (-) against (3. 2 2(1) to 2 2(v) ar w 0.22 (iv) Resean for ign Code (ii) Not area of impated land If "Yes, give following particulars: Q. 20() Stue County
(I) force of (I)
(I) force of (I)

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precent was of the store
of I) have of lest
replace of lest
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the county; [if place of least rotations of which in the same of the district the district of the district or the place of last establishes over the consider that of put dask (.)] MIGRATION CHARACTERISTICS Place of last residence : Serial number of household (so be capied from column) of the Abridged Housellity Q. 2 2(11) District (11)26 (11) (1)02.0 (H)cE.D 0.22(0) 0.22(11) Q.22(11) (1)66.0 (3)25(1) Code mambers for Q. 2 3 [17]
(Reason for migration from place of last residence) 3.22(11) (1)26.5 9 (1)ccb 0,33(1) (i)ce-b (1)ct.D 0.22(1) Martisge Moved stirt birth Moved with household. Any other reason. Q 2 | Birth Place
Is the person born fin this
village (uwn?
If Yea put than 1, against
Qs, 2 kij and Q. 2 kij or
If Yeo', enter parkleulses: 2 (3.2 K) State/County
if birth ploce within
if disting his one of the state or
hame of the state or
folich place anitie
frida. write the present
man is of the county) (1) birth place within India, write the present name of the district or V birth place outside India, put dash (-)] World Employment... 6.2 Q. 2 (ii) District Blith place : (lke b (11) = ? (ill) C.D (I)Xc b (i) (i) (1),00 (H) & (H) Q 2 Kill (H)C D (II) C (IX C & (1)(2) 3 dake 02((B)(C) (13.0) 0.2(3) (II) ac Code "4'(O'W) in Cravel to place ch Q. 30 (B) Mode of staves to pic w (give Code sumber in Code sembers for Q 39 (ff)
On four (floot of reavil)
On four (floot of reavil)
On four (floot of reavil)
Mapadiscontent/doc ryele. 3
Cariforpi'ss.
Tempo/AntochischawiTsal. 5
Bus Train Water Barsport Any other No Travel able for w **Control of Worker: Employee-1/Employee-1/ Employee-1/ Employee-1/ Founds Worker-1/ Founds Worker-1/ Founds Worker-1/ Founds Worker-1/ Founds Worker-1/ Founds Worker-1/ Mohanner & W. Stronger Code of connectoration extering from a Control Code of Mohanner-1/ Mohanner-1 Abbrartettens ened in Q. 17 (1) Economic attirity of the Main or Marginal Worker

If Cods Y (1181) of Cods W (OW) in column 20 or 2 f

O 17 (11)

Overpation

of the person

of the person Hill.......Worker in Household Industry. Agricultural Labourer Other Weeker Cultivator ************ 2 CHARACTERISTICS OF WORKERS AND NON-WORKERS TEM-10
TEM-10
TEM-10
TEM-11
TEM-11
TEM-11
TOW (TOM 0 V's) 23 Ç C-11 VT-31 HIRE-31 GAN-H ١. DZ C × Old the person work any time fast person work any time fast year of time help or virgated work on form, family onetrapts or in any other teconomic settings). Year if worked for If worked for less
than a months
(Marphas Worker),
write '7' and proceed
to Q. 17 6 months or more (Male Worker), write ? and proceed to Q.17 or if not worked at all (Non-Worker), write '9' and proceed to Q9. 18. A 19 I Part II .. Individual particulars ... concluded (Total of Fr.) + (Total of 27) (Total of 7s) Hame of the person Mile Workers (1)
17ERE-4
Murginal Workers (1)
17ER-7
Non-Workers (1)
17ER-8 ١. -4 ENGINEER PATES 6

Annexure II Census of India 2001 Nomenclature of sub districts in states and union territories of India

S No.	Name of State / UT*	Sub-district status
1	2	3
1	Jammu & Kashmir	Tehsil
2	Himachal Pradesh	Tehsil/Sub-Tehsil
3	Punjab	Tehsil
4	Chandigarh *	Tehsil
5	Uttaranchal**	Tehsil
6	Haryana	Tehsil
7	Delhi *	Tehsil
8	Rajasthan	Tehsil
9	Uttar Pradesh	Tehsil
10	Bihar	Community Development Block
11	Sikkim	Sub-Division
12	Arunachal Pradesh	Circle
13	Nagaland	Circle
14	Manipur	Sub-Division
15	Mizoram	Rural Development Block
16	Tripura	Development Block
17	Meghalaya	Community Development Block
18	Assam	Circle .
19	West Bengal	Community Development Block
20	Jharkhand**	Community Development Block
21	Orissa	Police Station
22	Chhattisgarh**	Tehsil
23	Madhya Pradesh	Tehsil
24	Gujarat	Taluk
25	Daman & Diu *	Taluk
26	Dadra & Nagar Haveli *	Taluk
27	Maharashtra	Tehsil

S No.	Name of State / UT*	Sub-district status		
1	2	3		
28	Andhra Pradesh	Mandal		
29	Karnataka	Taluk		
30	Goa	Taluk		
31	Lakshadweep *	Sub-Division		
32	Kerala	Taluk		
33	Tamil Nadu	Taluk		
34	Pondicherry *	Commune Panchayat		
35	Andaman & Nicobar Islands *	Tehsil		
Note:	*: Signifies union territories			
	**: Signifies new states formed during 2001 Census			